STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2013 35824 2026 June 20, 2013 Oakland (02)		
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Lynn M. Ferris				
HEARING DECIS	<u>sion</u>			
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request of telephone hearing was held on June 20, 2013, from the behalf of Claimant included the Claimant and Representative and Interpreter. Participants on Services (Department)	for a hearing. A om Detroit, Michig his	After due notice, a gan. Participants on Authorized Hearing		
Due to excess income, did the Department properly \square deny the Claimant's application \square close Claimant's case \boxtimes impose a medical deductible amount for Claimant's benefits for:				
Food Assistance Program (FAP)?	•	sistance (AMP)? ssistance (SDA)? nt and Care (CDC)?		
FINDINGS OF FA	<u>ACT</u>			
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:				
1. Claimant ☐ applied for benefits for: ⊠ red	ceived benefits for	r:		
 ☐ Family Independence Program (FIP). ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP). ☐ Medical Assistance (MA). 	_	sistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA). ent and Care (CDC).		

2.	On March 1, 2013, the Department denied Claimant's application denied Claimant's case educed Claimant's benefits due to excess income and based on self-employment income, imposed a deductible amount of \$902.
3.	On March 5, 2013, the Department sent Claimant Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the denial. closure. reduction and imposition of a medical deductible.
	The Claimant's spouse is self-employed and provided earnings and expense records to the Department so benefits could be calculated. Exhibit 1 The Claimant's son is 21 years of age.
4.	On March 12, 2013, Claimant or Claimant's AHR filed a hearing request, protesting
the	the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ closure of the case. ☒ reduction of benefits and imposition of a deductible.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	partment policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the dges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Se Th	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social curity Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). e Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the A program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 400.105.

Additionally, in this case issues arose when the Claimant's family's low income family medical benefits ended due to earned income received from the Claimant's spouse's employment. The Claimant's spouse is self-employed and receives income and submits reimbursement for expenses. The Claimant currently has a spend down medical deductible of \$902 based upon fluctuating earnings of the Claimant's spouse. Additionally, the Claimant's son is 21 and the Department's position at the hearing was that DHS policy required the son to apply on his own behalf for medical assistance. As regards whether the Claimant's son who is 21 should be included in the Claimant's group, the Department is correct as the Claimant's son is no longer considered a child as he is over 18 years of age and is thus an adult and is not eligible to continue to be included in the Claimant's medical group. BEM 211, pp1, (11/1/12). The Claimant acknowledged that the issue about medical coverage for her son has been resolved and that her son will apply separately.

During the hearing the income calculation based upon the Claimant's spouse's selfemployment income was at issue. The Claimant's Low Income Family medical assistance ended when her spouse began earning income. The Department conducted an in-person interview to go over the income and expenses supplied by the Claimant for the months of October, November and December 2012 and went through each expense used to calculate the income and put the information in the Bridges system. Exhibit 1.

After a thorough review of the income and expense receipts provided by the Claimant to the Department, it is determined that the Department did not properly calculate earned income from self-employment. The Department determined that the monthly income budgeted amount is \$2542. If all the gross income for the 3 months is added together, and then a flat 25% is deducted for expenses, the monthly income for the period is \$1906. (\$1492 + \$4767 + \$1366 = \$7625 total gross income. If a flat 25% is deducted for expenses the income is reduced to \$5719. This amount is then divided by 3 months to give monthly income of \$1906 which is less than the \$2542 used by the Department as the self-employment budgeted income amount.) Looking at it based on actual expenses for October 2012, the income is \$1492 and the actual receipts total more than the income, so there is no income for that month, thus the Claimant's income for the month would be \$0. Lastly, the Claimant at the hearing asserted that transportation costs while on job, (not costs to and from work) are also expenses and were shown as a line item on the DHS 431 Self Employment and income and Expense Statement but no receipts were provided. It could not be determined if these claimed expenses were included by the Department when calculating expenses, but if they were not the Department should have sought further verification of the expense.

The policy found in BEM 502 sets forth the method to follow to determine monthly income, it provides:

The amount of self-employment income before any deductions is called total proceeds. Countable income from self-employment equals the total proceeds minus allowable expenses of producing the income. If allowable expenses exceed the total proceeds, the amount of the loss cannot offset any other income except for farm loss amounts.

Allowable expenses are the higher of 25 percent of the total proceeds, or actual expenses if the client chooses to claim and verify the expenses.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that, due to excess income, the Department $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
 ☐ denied Claimant's application ☒ calculated the Claimant's medical deductible amount. ☐ closed Claimant's case
for: AMP FIP FAP MA SDA CDC.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department did act properly did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's \square AMP \square FIP \square FAP \square MA \square SDA \square CDC decision is \square AFFIRMED \boxtimes REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.
oxtimes THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

- 1. The Department shall recalculate the Claimant's self-employment income and shall review the matter with the Claimant.
- 2. The Department shall specifically determine whether the flat 25% expense allowance, or actual expenses should be used to determine expenses for <u>each</u> income month considered.
- 3. The Department shall re-compute the MA deductible amount and retroactively adjust the deductible accordingly.
- 4. The Department shall seek further verifications from the Claimant for any expense claimed by the Claimant, but not adequately documented by the Claimant to allow the Claimant to further document the expense.

Lynn M. Ferris

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: July 10, 2013

Date Mailed: July 10, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or

reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that affect the substantial rights of the claimant,
 - failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

LMF/cl

