STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.:

Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County: 2012-77334 2013-19063 RECON 1038

November 28, 2012 Oakland (04)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Vicki L. Armstrong

DECISION AND ORDER OF RECONSIDERATION

This matter is before the undersigned Ad ministrative Law J udge pursuant to Department's timely Request for Reheari ng/Reconsideration of the Hearing Decision generated by the assigned Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) at the conclusion of the hearing conduct ed on November 28, 2012, in the above-captioned matter.

The Rehearing and Recons ideration process is governed by the Michigan Administrative Code, Rule 400.919, *et seq.*, and applic able policy provisions articulated in the Bridges Administrati ve Manual (BAM), specifically BAM 600, which provide that a rehearing or reconsideration must be filed in a timely manner consistent with the statutor y requirements of the particular program that is the basis for the claimant's benefits application, and **may** be granted so long as the reasons for which the request is made c omply with the policy and statu tory requirements.

This matter having been reviewed, an Order Granting Reconsideration was issued on July 15, 2013.

ISSUE

Whether the Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ") erred in reversing the Department's determination which terminated the Claim ant's cash assistance ("FIP") based on non-compliance with the Work First/Jobs , Education, and Training ("WF/JET") program?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, bas ed upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Claim ant was a FIP re cipient and a mandatory WF/JET participant.
- 2. The Claim ant, as part of her required participation in the WF/JET program, agreed to attend al I r equired assignments and appointment.
- 3. The Claimant did not have any WF/JET approved reduced participation requirements.
- 4. On August 29, 2012, Michigan Works! mailed Cla imant a Noncompliance Warning Letter schedul ing her Triage appointment for September 4, 2012 at 1:00p.m.
- 5. On this same date, the Departm ent mailed a Notice of Case Ac tion to the Claimant informing her t hat her FIP benefits would close effective October 1, 2012 bas ed on the failure "to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities or you quit a job, were fired, or reduced y our hours of employment without good cause." (emphasis added).
- 6. On September 5, 2012, the Department received the Claimant's timely written request for hearing protesting the closure of FIP benefits.
- 7. On November 28, 2012, a hear ing was c onducted r esulting in a Hearing Decision that reversed t he Department's actions ordering the Department to remove the sanction from Claimant's case, initiate reinstatement of Cla imant's FIP and FAP case effective October 1, 2012 and issue FIP and FAP supplements in accordance with department policy.
- 8. The Hearing Decision was mailed on December 7, 2012.
- 9. On, December 26, 2012 a timely Request for Reconsideration was received from the Department.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

In the inst ant case, the Depart ment's Request for Rehearing/Recons ideration alleges that the ALJ mis applied Department of H uman Services Polic y as it pertains to the adher ence to BEM 233A. S pecifically, the Department contends the ALJ failed to adhere to BEM 233A as it relates to triage and the processing of the FIP closure.

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BEM 233A provides that program participants will not be terminated from the work participation program without first scheduling a triage m eeting with the c lient to jointly disc uss non-compliance and good c ause. BEM 233A (May 2012), p. 7. Good cause is based on the best information available during the triage and prior to the negative action date. B EM 233A, p. 8. Good cause must be considered even if the client d oes not attend the triage. BEM 2 33A, p. 8. Good cause e must be verified and provided prior to the end of the negative action period. BEM 233A, p. 9.

As noted, policy prov ides that a tri age must be held within the negative action period (thus a Notice of Case Action issued) and a good cause determination must be made prior to the negative ac tion date (i.e. closure of benefits). Good cause is determined **during** triage. BEM 233A, p. 7. Purs uant to BAM 220, A Notice of Case Action must provide the reason(s) for the action. BAM 220 (July 2012), p. 9.

In the record presented, on August 29, 2012, the Department s ent a Notice of Non-compliance and a Notice of Case Ac tion to the Claimant. The Department scheduled a triage within the negative action period; however, the Notice of Case Action provided, in relevant part, that the FIP "...benefit has been cancelled..." for the reason that "[y]ou or a group member failed to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities or you guit a j ob, were fired, or reduced you hours of employ ment without good cause." (emphasis added). Based on the Notice of Case Action, the Department made a finding that good cause did not exist **prior** to the triage date. This contradic ts BEM 233A which allows for a good cause determination during triage, not be fore, and prior to t he negative action date. In light of the foregoi ng, it is found that the Depar tment failed to establish it acted in accordance with Department poli cy when it issued a Notice of Case eason for FIP cl osure was non-complianc e Action specifically providing the r without good cause **prior** to holding a triage. Accord ingly, the ALJ's reversal is AFFIRMED.

DECISION AND ORDER

Based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, the Administrative Law Judge did not err in reversing the Depa rtment's actions finding no good cause prior to the triage.

Accordingly, it is ORDERED:

- 1. The Hearing Decis ion of the ALJ mailed on Dec ember 7, 2012 is AFFIRMED relating to the finding of no good cause on the Not ice of Case Action issued prior to the scheduled triage.
- 2. The Department shall initiate re-i nstatement of FIP and FAP benefits from the date of closure (if not previously done) in accordanc e with Department policy.

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3. The Department shall supplement the Claimant for lost FIP and FAP benefits (if any) that the Cl aimant was entitled to rec eive, if otherwise eligible and qualified.

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Vicki L. Armstrong Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: July 18, 2013

Date Mailed: July 19, 2013

VLA/las

CC: