STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No:20138471Issue No:2009; 4031Case No:1000Hearing Date:February 19, 2013St Clair County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: William A. Sundquist

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Claimant 's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on Tuesday, February 19, 2013. Claimant appeared and provided testimony on his behalf. Particip ants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included

ISSUE

Was disability, as defined below, medically established?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant's MA-P/SDA applicat ion on May 30, 2012, was denied on September 17, 2012 per BEM 260/ 261, with a hearing request on October 25, 2012.
- 2. Vocational factors: Age high school education, and past 15-year work experience as a semi-skilled welder.
- 3. Last employment ended February, 2012.
- 4. Cla imant's disabling symptoms are chronic, phy sical disabling pain throughout his whole body on said date of January, 2011.
- 5. Medical reports of record state the Claimant on:

- a. August 3, 2011: Has a *normal* sensory; that his strength is 5/5 *normal* muscle strength; that he has *normal* refluxes; that he has no impairment of walking on toes or impairment of wa lking on heels; that gait is *normal*. (DHS Exhibit A, Pg. 19).
- August 25, 2012: Had no difficulty getting on or off the exam table, b. heel to toe walking, squatting, or hopping; that he has a *mild* limp; that he does not us e an assistance device for ambulation; that he has a *full* range of motion of all joints; that straight leg raise is *negative* bilaterally; that there is no tenderness or erythema or effusion of any joints; that there is *mild* bilateral grip st rength; that his hands have a full dexterity bilate rally; that he has a 5/5 strength in his right and left lower extremities and a 4/5 strength in his upper extremities; that the motor Rhomberg test is *negative*; that cranial nerves II-XII are grossly *intact*; that reflexes are present and symmetrical; that range of motion testing was *normal*; that he states that he can lift less than thirty pounds; that he had *mild* decreased grip strength bilaterally; and that there was normal range of motion testing on exam today. (DHS Exhibit A, Pgs. 15, 17, 59).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The State Disability A ssistance (SDA) program which provides financial assistance for disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human Service s (DHS or department) admin isters the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3151-400.3180. Department polic ies ar e found in the Bridg es Administrative Manua I (BAM), the Bridges Elig ibility Manual (B EM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is estab lished by Title XIX of the Social Sec urity Act and is implemented by T itle 42 of the C ode of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by Title XXI of the Social Security Act; (1115)(a)(1) of the Social Se curity Act, and is administered by the Department of Human Services (DHS or departm ent) pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*. Department policies are containe d in the Bridges Administrati ve Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

Facts above are undisputed.

"Disability" is:

...the inability to do any substant ial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.... 20 CFR 416.905.

...We follow a set order to determine whether y ou are disabled. We review any current work activity, the severity of your impairment(s), your resi dual functional capacity, your past work, and your age, educati on and work experience. If we can find that you are disabled or not disabled at any point in the review, we do not review your claim further.... 20 CFR 416.920.

The burden of proof is on the claimant to establish disability in accordanc e with the 5 step process below. ...20 CFR 416.912(a).

The burden of proof shifts to the DHS at step 5.... 20 CFR 416.912 (b) .

Acceptable medical sources about your impai rments are an M.D. or D.O. or fully licensed psychologist. Medical reports would include:

Your ability to do work-re lated activities such as sitting, standing, moving ab out, lifting, carrying, handling objects, hearing, speaking, and traveling.
In cases of mental impairment s, your ability to reason or make occupational, personal, or social adjustments. ...20 CFR 416.913(a)(c)(1) and (2).

When determining disability, the federal regulations are used as a guideline and require that several considerations be analyzed in sequentia I order. If dis ability can be ruled out at any step, analysis of the next step is <u>not</u> required. These steps are:

- 1. Does the client perf orm S ubstantial Gainful Activity (SGA)? If yes, the client is ineligible for MA. If no, the analysis continues to Step 2. 20 CFR 416.920(b).
- Does the client have a severe impairment that has lasted or is expected to last 12 months or more or result in death? If no, the cli ent is ineligible for MA. If yes, the analysis c ontinues to Step 3. 20 CF R 416.920(c).
- 3. Does the impairment appear on a spec ial listing of impairments or are the cli ent's symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings at least eq uivalent in s everity to

the set of medical findings specified for the listed impairment? If no, the analys is continues to Step 4. If yes, MA is approved. 20 CFR 416.290(d).

- 4. Can the client do the former work that he/she performed within the last 15 years? If yes, the client is ineligible for MA. If no, the analysis continues to Step 5. 20 CFR 416.920(e).
- Does the client have the Residual Functional Capacity (RFC) to perform other work according to the guidelines set forth at 20 CFR 404, Subpart P, Appendix 2, Sections 200. 00-204.00? If yes, the analysis ends and the client is ineligible for MA. If no, MA is approved. 20 CFR 416.920(f).

Step 1, dis ability is not denied. The ev idence of rec ord established the Claimant has not engaged in substantial gainful activit ies since February, 2012. Therefore the sequential evaluation is required to continue to the next step.

Step 2, disability is denied. T he objective medical evidence of record, on date of application, does not establish the Claimant's significant functional incapacity, based on the de minimus standard, to perform basic work activities due to a severe physical impairment, in combination, for the required one year continuous duration, as defined below.

Severe/Non-Severe Impairment

...If you do not have any impairment or combination of impairments which significantly limits your physical or mental ability to do basic work activities, we will find that you do not have a severe impairment and are, therefore, not di sabled. We will not consider your age, education, and work experience. 20 CFR 416.920(c).

Non-severe impairment(s). An impairment or combination of impairments is not severe if it does not signific antly limit your physical or mental ability to do bas ic work activities. 20 CFR 416.921(a).

Basic w ork activities. When we talk about basic work activities, we mean the abilities and aptitudes neces sary to do most jobs. Examples of these include:

- 1. Physical functions such as walk ing, standing, sitting, lifting, pushing, pulling, reaching, carrying, or handling;
- 2. Capacities for seeing, hearing, and speaking;
- 3. Understanding, carrying out, and remembering simple instructions;
- 4. Use of judgment;
- 5. Responding appropriately to supervision, co-workers and usual work situations; and
- 6. Dealing with changes in a routine work setting. 20 CFR 416.921(b).

The medic al reports of record are mostly examination, diagnostic, treatment and progress reports. They do not provide medi limitations. Stated differently, how do the significantly incapacit ate her functional ab ility to perform basic work activities for the required duration? Do the dis orders impair the Claimant's ability s lightly, mild ly, moderately (non-severe impairment, as defined above) or severely, as defined above?

The medic al ev idence of record (Finding of Fact #5) do not support the cla imant's disabling s ymptoms (Findings of Fact #4) . The medical ev idence shows that the claimant's examinatio ns were normal and unremarkable; that his impairt ments were considered *mild* (not severe); and that there wa s no evidenc e that his condition wa s deteriorating.

The department's Bridges Eligibility Manual contains the following policy statements and instructions for caseworkers regarding the State Disability As sistance program: to receive State Disability Assist ance, a person must be dis abled, caring for a disable d person or age 65 or older. BEM , Item 261, p. 1. Because the claimant does not meet the definition of disabled u nder the MA-P program and becaus e the evidence of record does not establish that claimant is unable t o work for a period exceeding 90 days, the claimant does not meet the disability criteria for Stat e Disability Assistanc e benefits either.

Therefore, the sequential evaluation is required to stop at Step 2.

The claim ant has not sustained his burden of proof to est ablish d isability by the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he above findings of fact and conclusion s of law, decides disability was not medically established.

Accordingly, MA-P denial is **UPHELD**.

William A Sundquest

William A. Śundquist Administrative Law Judge For Maura D. Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: April 5, 2013

Date Mailed: April 5, 2013

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may or der a re hearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at t he request of a party wit hin 30 days of the ma iling date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hear ings will not orde r a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

WAS/hj

CC:

