## STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

	02.111.020	
IN THE MATTER OF:		
	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	201346855 1038;3029 June 18, 2013 Kent
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne E. H	arris	
HEARING DEC	ISION	
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on June 18, 2013, from Lansing, Michigan. Participants or behalf of Claimant included Participants on behalf of Department of Human Services (Department) included Family Independence Manager (FIM) and PATH Case Manager (PATH/CM)		
<u>ISSUE</u>		
Did the Department properly  deny Claimant's for:	s application 🛚 cl	ose Claimant's case
<ul><li>☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)?</li><li>☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)?</li><li>☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?</li></ul>		sistance (AMP)? ssistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?
FINDINGS OF	FACT	
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the evidence on the whole record, finds as material fa		rial, and substantia
Claimant ☐ applied for benefits ☒ received by	enefits for:	
<ul><li>☐ Family Independence Program (FIP).</li><li>☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP).</li><li>☐ Medical Assistance (MA).</li></ul>	State Disability A	ssistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA). ent and Care (CDC).

the Claimant's FAP case due to non-compliance with employment related activities.

□ closed Claimant's FIP case and sanctioned

2. On June 1, 2013, the Department denied Claimant's application

3.	On May 3, 2013, the Department sent  Claimant Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR)  notice of the denial. FIP closure and FAP sanction.
4.	On May 8, 2013, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ FIP closure and FAP sanction.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	epartment policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the dges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Re 42 Ag thr	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal esponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence ency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 ough Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program ective October 1, 1996.
pro imp Re Ag	The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) ogram] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is plemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal egulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence ency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3001 ough Rule 400.3015.
Se Th	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social curity Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). e Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence ency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 0.105.
	The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is ministered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq.
for Se pro	The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human rvices (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA ogram pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and 2000 AACS, R 400.3151 through Rule 0.3180.
and 199 The and	The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE d XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 90, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. e program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 d 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 0.14(1) and 1999 AC, R 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

At the onset of the hearing, the Department's FIM conceded that the Claimant's FAP should be re-instated back to May 1, 2013, as those benefits were never properly restored. In this case, the Claimant did not contest that she was fired from her job. The Claimant testified that she was wrongly fired, yet she admitted on the record that she falsify her supervisors initials thereby opening the cash drawer. She further did not contest that the drawer had been short of cash recently and that she violated the established procedure which was to put her own initials on the account sheet when opening the drawer. The Administrative Law Judge determines that the Claimant was therefore fired for misconduct.

Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 233A (2013) pp. 1, 2 provides that being fired from a job for misconduct constitutes refusing suitable employment, which constitutes non-compliance with employment related activity. At triage, the Department determined that Claimant had no good cause for being fired and at the hearing the Claimant testified that she was not feeling well and that is why she falsified her supervisor's initials on the cash drawer account. The Administrative Law Judge concludes that being ill does not constitute good cause for being fired for misconduct, per BEM 233A. BEM 233A p. 6, provides that the penalty for noncompliance without good cause is FIP case closure. The Administrative Law Judge therefore concludes that when the Department took action to close the Claimant's FIP case, the Department was acting in accordance with its policy.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law the Administrative Law

Judge concludes that the Department
<ul> <li>□ properly denied Claimant's application</li> <li>□ improperly denied Claimant's application</li> <li>□ properly closed Claimant's case</li> <li>□ improperly closed Claimant's case for:</li> <li>□ AMP □ FAP □ MA □ SDA □ CDC.</li> </ul>
Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department
☐ properly denied Claimant's application ☐ improperly denied Claimant's application ☐ properly closed Claimant's case ☐ improperly sanctioned Claimant's case for: ☐ AMP ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ MA ☐ SDA ☐ CDC.
DECISION AND ORDER
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law finds that the Department $\boxtimes$ did act properly. $\square$ did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's $\square$ AMP $\boxtimes$ FIP $\square$ FAP $\square$ MA $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC decision is $\boxtimes$ <b>AFFIRMED</b> $\square$ REVERSED.

of Law finds that the Department $\square$ did act properly. $\square$ did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's $\square$ AMP $\square$ FIP $\boxtimes$ FAP $\square$ MA $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC decision is $\square$ AFFIRMED $\boxtimes$ <b>REVERSED</b> .
☐ THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

- 1. Initiate action to redetermine the Claimant's eligibility for FAP back to May 1, 2013, and
- 2. Initiate action to issue the Claimant any supplements she may thereafter be due.

<u>/s/</u>

Susanne E. Harris Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: June 20, 2013

Date Mailed: June 20, 2013

**NOTICE**: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

## 201346855/SEH

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

## SEH/tb



