MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF: Reg. No: 2013-41639

Issue No:

Case No:

Hearing Date: May 16, 2013

1038

Kent County DHS



ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Carmen G. Fahie

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administ rative Law Judge by authority of MC L 400.9 and MCL 400.37. Claimant's Request for a Hearing was received on April 3, 2013. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on Thursday, May 16, 2013. The claimant personally appeared and testified on her own behalf. The department was represented by

<u>ISSUE</u>

Whether the Department of H uman Servic es (Department) properly san ctioned the Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) case for noncompliance wit h the Jobs, Education, and Training (JET) program?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Claimant was a recipient of FIP benefits, which required her to participate in the PATH program.
- 2. On March 1, 2013, the claimant was sent a PAT H Appointment Notice, DHS 4785, to attend Path on March 11, 2013. Department Exhibit 2.
- 3. On March 20, 2013, the claimant was sent a Notice on Noncompliance (DHS-2444) requesting a triage meeting on March 27, 2013. Department Exhibit 3-4.
- 4. The Depar tment conducted a t riage m eeting on March 27, 2013 wh ere the determination was made that the clai mant did not have good cause for not complying with the PATH requirements.
- 5. On March 20, 2013, the Department notified the Claimant that it would close the claimant's FIP benefits as of May 1, 2013. Department Exhibit 5-9.

6. The Department received the Claimant's request for a hearing on April 9, 2013, protesting the closing of the claimant's FIP benefits.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, et seq. The Department of Human Services (DHS or Department) administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Ai d to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. De partment policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Elig ibility Manual (BEM), Refe rence Table Manual (RF T), and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

Department policy states that clients must be made aware that public as sistance is limited to 48 months to meet their fam ily's needs and they must take personal responsibility to achieve self-sufficiency. This message, along with information on ways to achieve independence, direct support services, non-compliance penalties, and good cause reasons, is initially shared by DHS when the client applies for cash assistance. The Partnership. Accountability T raining. Hope. (PATH) program requirements, education and training opportunities, and ass essments will be cover ed by PATH when a mandatory PATH participant is referred at application. BEM 229, page 1.

Federal and state laws require each work e liqible individual (WEI) in the FIP group to participate in Partnership. Accountability. Training. Hope. (PATH) or other employmentrelated activity unless temporarily defe rred or engaged in activities that meet participation requirements. These clients must participate in employment and/or selfsufficiency related activities to increas e their employability and obtain employment. PATH is administer ed by the Workforce De velopment Agency, State of Michigan enters. PATH serves employer s and job through the Michigan one-stop service c seekers for employers to have skilled wor kers and job seekers to obtain jobs that provide economic self-sufficiency. PATH case managers us e the One-Stop Management Information System (OSMIS) to record the client s' assigned activities and participation. WEIs not referr ed to PATH will participat e in other activities to overcome barriers so they may eventually be referred to PAT H or other employ ment service provider. DHS must monitor these activities and record the client's participation in the Family Self-Sufficiency Plan (F SSP). A WE I who refuses, without good participate in ass igned employ ment and/or other self-sufficiency related activities is subject to penalties. For more about pena lities; see BEM 233A. See BEM 230B and BEM 233B for FAP employment requirements. BEM 230A, page 1.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH EMPLOYMENT AND/OR SELF-SUFFICIENCY-RELATED ACTIVITIES

As a condition of eligibility, all WEIs and non-WEIs must work or engage in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities. N oncompliance of applicant s, reci pients, or member adds means doing any of the following without good cause:

Failing or refusing to:

Appear and participate with PATH or other employment service provider.

Complete a Family Automated Screening Tool (FAST), as assigned as the first step in the Family Self-Sufficiency Plan (FSSP) process.

The specialist should clear any alerts in Bridges relating to rejected PATH referrals and any FAST confir mation information the client has obtained before considering a client noncompliant for FAST completion.

Develop a FSSP.

A FSSP c ompletion appointment with the client must have been schedule d and the client failed to attend before c onsidering a client noncompliant for FSSP completion.

Comply with activities assigned on the FSSP.

Provide legitimate documentation of work participation.

Appear for a scheduled appointment or meeting related to assigned activities.

Participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities.

Participate in required activity.

Accept a job referral.

Complete a job application.

Appear for a job interview (see the exception below).

Stating orally or in writing a definite intent not to comply with program requirements.

Threatening, physically abusing or otherwis e behaving disruptively toward anyone conducting or partici pating in an employ ment and/ or self-sufficiency-related activity.

Refusing employment support services if the refusal prevents participation in an employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activity. BEM 233A, pages 1-2.

The Department is required to send a DHS -2444, Notice of Employment and/or Self Sufficiency Related Noncompliance within three days after learnin gof the noncompliance which must in clude the date of noncompliance, the reason the client was determined to be noncompliant, the penalty that will be imposed and the triage date within the negative action period. BEM 233A.

Good cause is a valid reason for nonc ompliance wit h employ ment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities that are based on factors that are beyond the control of the noncompliant per son. A claim of good c ause must be verified and doc umented for member adds and recipients. If it is determined at triage that the client has good cause,

and good cause issues have been resolved, the client should be sent back to JET. BEM 233A.

Good cause should be determined based on the besit information available during the triage and prior to the negative action date. Good cause may be verified by information already on file with DHS or PAT. H. Good cause must be considered even if the client does not attend, with particular attention to possible disabilities (including disabilities that have not been diagnosed or ident ified by the client) and unmet needs for accommodation. BEM 233A.

The penalty for noncompliance without good caus e is FIP closure. Effective October 1, 2011, the following minimum penalties apply:

NONCOMPLIANCE PENALTIE S FOR ACTIVE FIP INDI VIDUALS AND MEMBER ADDS

The penalty for noncompliance without good cause is FIP EDG closure. Effective October 1, 2011, the following minimum penalties apply:

For the individual's fir st occurrence of nonc ompliance, Bridges closes the FIP EDG for not less than three calendar months.

For the individual's second occurrence of noncompliance, Bridges closes the FIP EDG for not less than six calendar months.

For the individual's third occu rrence of noncompliance, Bridges closes the FIP EDG for a lifetime sanction. BEM, Item 233A.

The individual penalty counter begins April 1, 2007. Individual penalties se rved after October 1, 2011 will be added to the individual's existing penalty count.

Noncompliance, without good cause, with employment r equirements for FIP/RAP(SEE BEM 233A) may affect FAP if both progr ams were active on the date of the FIP noncompliance. BEM 233b. The FAP group member should be disqualified for noncompliance when all the following exist:

- The client was active bot h FIP and FAP on the date of the FIP noncompliance, and
- The client did not comply wit h FIP/RAP employment requirements, and
- The client is s ubject to a penalty on the FIP/RA P program, and
- The client is not deferred from FAP work requirements, and

 The c lient did not have good c ause for the noncompliance. BEM 233B.

The Department should budget the Last FIP grant amount on the FAP budget for the number of months that corresponds with the FIP penalty (either three months for the 1 st noncompliance, 6 months for 2 noncompliance, and a lifetime for the third noncompliance) after the FIP case closes for employment and/or self sufficiency-related noncompliance. The Last FIP grant amount is the grant amount the client received immediately before the FIP case closed. BEM 233B.

The Claimant was an ongoing Family Independenc e Program (FIP) recipient. The Department had referred the claimant to the PATH program as a condition of receiving FIP benefits. The Claimant was noncompliant with the PATH program on March 11, 2013 because she failed to engage in PATH . The Department conducted a triage meeting on March 27, 2013 and it was determined that the clai mant did not have good cause for noncompliance with the PATH program.

During the hearing, the claimant stated that she was disabled and could not work. She stated that had a note fr om her doctor. However, the information was not presented to the department when she was referred back to PATH. The claim ant had a baby in December 2012, which gave a 3 month deferral from PATH. After the deferral time period, the claimant was referred back to PATH and she was required to participate. The claimant did not submit medical documentation to be submitted to the Medical Review Team (MRT) for a PATH deferral. Since the claimant was not deferred by MRT, she had to attend PATH.

Based on t he evidence and testimony available during the hearing, the Department's determination that the Claim ant did not have good cause for PATH noncompliance with the PATH program is reasonable. The Department has established that it acted properly when it closed the Claimant's FIP benefits for noncompliance with the PATH program. This is the claimant's 1st sanction where her FIP benefits will be cancelled for 3 months, but the claimant can reapply during the last month of her sanction. BEM 209, 210, 218, 228, 229, 230a-c, 233a-c. BAM 105 and 220.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusion sof law, decides that the Diepartment acted in accordance with policy when it sanctioned the Claimant's FIP case for noncompliance with the PATH program. This is the claimant's 1st sanction where her FIP benefits will be cancelled for 3 months, but the claimant can reapply during the last month of her sanction.

The	Department's	FIP	sanction	i۹	AFFIRMED
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/s/	<u></u>
	Carmen G. Fahie
	Administrative Law Judge
	for Maura D. Corrigan, Director
	Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 28, 2013

Date Mailed: May 28, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases).

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail to:

Michigan Administrative hearings

Re consideration/Rehearing Request

P. O. Box 30639

Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CGF/hj

CC:

