STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

and hea	MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Hurring. After due notice, a telephone hearing	trative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 man Servic es' (Department) request for a g was held on d by of t he Office of
purs		and it was he ld in Respondent's a bsence de R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R
	ISSUE	<u>s</u>
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance	e (OI) of
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)	☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)☐ Child Development and Care (CDC)
	benefits that the Department is entitled to	recoup?
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Pr	rogram Violation (IPV)?
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from	receiving
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)	 ⊠ Food Assistance Program (FAP) □ Child Development and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2. T	he OIG $oxtimes$ has $oxtimes$ has not requested that Res $oxtimes$ pondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of FIP FAP SDA CDC benefits during the period of through through control to the period of the period
4. R	respondent $\ igtimes$ was $igcirc$ was not aware of the responsibility to report any change of residency to the Department.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is through
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ in ☐ FIP ☒ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC benefits from the State of Michigan.
8.	Respondent was entitled to \$ \blacksquare in $\ \square$ FIP $\ \boxtimes$ FAP $\ \square$ SDA $\ \square$ CDC durin g this time period.
9. R	espondent
10.	The Department \boxtimes has \square has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.
11.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third IPV.
12.	A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last k nown address and \square was \square was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established purs uant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly k nown as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3101 hrough Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.
The Food Assistanc e Program (FAP) [fo rmerly known as the Food Sta mp (FS) program] is establis hed by the Food St amp Act of 1977, as amend ed, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.
The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance or disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 20 00 AACS, Rule 400.3151 through Rule 400.3180.
The Child Development and Ca re (CDC) p rogram is established by T itles IVA, IVE and XX of the Soc ial Security Act, the Child Care and Developm ent Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Feder al Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Depart ment provides servic es to adults and children pursuant to MCL 1400.14(1) and 1999 AC, Rule 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing.

maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuanc es are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previ ous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance.
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:					
1. Respondent	☑ did ☐ did not commit an IPV.				

		an OI of prog r ☐ FIP ⊠ FAP			ount of
 - '	RDERED to	recoupment p	rocedures	for the am	ount of

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It is F URTHER ORDERED that Re SDA ☐ CDC for a period of:	spondent be disqualified f rom L FIP	⊠ FA	Р

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: <u>04/10/2013</u>

Date Mailed: 04/10/2013

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

KS/kl

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