STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:			
	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	201339793 1038 May 8, 2013 Macomb 20	
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne	E. Harris		
HEARING I	DECISION		
This matter is before the undersigned Admin and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's req telephone hearing was held on May 8, 2013 behalf of Claimant included Human Services (Department) included Case	uest for a hearing. B, from Lansing, Michi . Participants on beh	After due notice, a gan. Participants or	
ISSI	<u>UE</u>		
Did the Department properly \square deny Claim for:	ant's application 🛛 c	lose Claimant's case	
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)?☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)?☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?	State Disability A	ssistance (AMP)? Assistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?	
FINDINGS	OF FACT		
The Administrative Law Judge, based on evidence on the whole record, finds as mater	•	erial, and substantia	
1. Claimant ☐ applied for benefits ☒ receiv	ved benefits for:		
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP).☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP).☐ Medical Assistance (MA).	State Disability	ssistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA). ent and Care (CDC).	
2. On , the Department ☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ due to non-compliance with employment i	closed Claimant's FIP or related activities.	case	

3.	On February 25, 2013, the Department sent Claimant Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the denial. case closure.
4.	On April 8, 2013, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ case closure.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	epartment policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the idges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Re 42 Ag thr	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal esponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Jency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 rough Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program sective October 1, 1996.
pro im Re Ag	The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) ogram] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is plemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal egulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Jency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3001 rough Rule 400.3015.
Se Th Ag	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social ecurity Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Jency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 0.105.
	The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is ministered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq.
for Se pro	The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human ervices (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA ogram pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and 2000 AACS, R 400.3151 through Rule 0.3180.
an 19 Th an	The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE d XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 90, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 d 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 0.14(1) and 1999 AC. R 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

In this case, the Claimant did not contest that she received the DHS-4785, PATH Appointment Notice sent on February 5, 2013, scheduling an appointment for February 19, 2013. The Claimant did not contest that she did not attend the appointment, but rather she asserted good cause as she had no transportation and she did telephone and ask her local DHS office for bus passes. The Department's Case Manager did not contest that testimony and she testified that reasonably priced transportation was available to the Claimant and the Claimant had already been receiving her FIP benefits. Furthermore, the Michigan Works office is just down the street from the DHS office. The Claimant testified that it costs \$ to catch the bus and that for her, this is not reasonable as she has bills and very little money. The Claimant was asked how it is that she came to attend the hearing and she replied that she caught the bus.

Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 233A (2013) pp. 4, 5 provides that lack of transportation can constitute good cause if the Claimant requested transportation services from the Department before the case closed **and** reasonably priced transportation is not available to the Claimant. It does not address whether or not the Claimant can afford the reasonably priced transportation. In this case, the Administrative Law Judge determines that a bus ticket is reasonably priced transportation. Furthermore, the Claimant had almost two weeks notice of her appointment and she did attend the instant hearing by taking the bus. BEM 233A p. 6, provides that the penalty for noncompliance without good cause is FIP case closure. The Administrative Law Judge therefore concludes that when the Department took action to close the Claimant's FIP case, the Department was acting in accordance with its policy.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department ☐ properly denied Claimant's application ☐ improperly denied Claimant's application ☐ properly closed Claimant's case ☐ improperly closed Claimant's case ☐ AMP ☑ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ MA ☐ SDA ☐ CDC.
DECISION AND ORDER
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department \boxtimes did act properly. \square did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's \square AMP \boxtimes FIP \square FAP \square MA \square SDA \square CDC decision is \boxtimes AFFIRMED \square REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.

Susanne E. Harris Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

/s/

Date Signed: <u>5/13/13</u> Date Mailed: <u>5/13/13</u> **NOTICE**: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- · misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SEH/tb

CC:

