STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No: Issue No: Case No: Hearing Date: County:



May 7, 2013 Macomb (12)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: C. Adam Purnell

## HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon Claimant's request for a hearing received on April 5, 2013. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on May 7, 2013. Claimant personally appeared and provided testimony. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services ("Department") included (Family Independence Specialist/Case Manager).

## <u>ISSUE</u>

Whether the Department properly reduced Claimant's monthly Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits?

## FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant was active for FAP benefits with a monthly allotment of \$908.00 and a group size of 6.
- 2. On or about March 25, 2013, the Department received a Verification of Employment (DHS-38) which indicated that Claimant started new employment in January, 2013.
- 3. On March 26, 2013, the Department mailed Claimant a Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) which reduced Claimant's monthly FAP to \$603.00 effective May 1, 2013 due to a change in her net earned and unearned income.
- 4. Claimant requested a hearing on April 5, 2013 to challenge the FAP reduction.

### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The client has the right to request a hearing for any action, failure to act or undue delay by the department. BAM 105. The department provides an administrative hearing to review the decision and determine its appropriateness. BAM 600.

The regulations that govern the hearing and appeal process for applicants and recipients of public assistance in Michigan are contained in the Michigan Administrative Code (Mich Admin Code) Rules 400.901 through 400.951. An opportunity for a hearing shall be granted to a recipient who is aggrieved by an agency action resulting in suspension, reduction, discontinuance, or termination of assistance. Mich Admin Code 400.903(1).

The application forms and each written notice of case action inform clients of their right to a hearing. BAM 600. These include an explanation of how and where to file a hearing request, and the right to be assisted by and represented by anyone the client chooses. BAM 600. The client must receive a written notice of all case actions affecting eligibility or amount of benefits. When a case action is completed it must specify: (1) the action being taken by the department; (2) the reason(s) for the action; (3) the specific manual item(s) that cites the legal base for an action, or the regulation, or law itself. BAM 220.

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may grant a hearing about any of the following: (1) denial of an application and/or supplemental payments; (2) reduction in the amount of program benefits or service; (3) suspension or termination of program benefits or service; (4) restrictions under which benefits or services are provided; (5) delay of any action beyond standards of promptness and (6) for FAP only, the current level of benefits or denial of expedited service. BAM 600.

Policy requires the Department resolve disagreements and misunderstandings quickly at the lowest possible level to avoid unnecessary hearings. BAM 600. Upon receipt of a hearing request, the Department should schedule a prehearing conference with the client or authorized hearing representative and conduct a supervisory review. BAM 600 at page 12. The client or authorized hearing representative is not required to phone or meet with any Department staff in order to have a hearing and any notice of prehearing conference must explain this. See BAM 600 page 12.

Department policy further discusses the importance of conducting a prehearing conference. See BAM 600 pages 12 and 13. The policy provides that the Department must assure that clients receive the services and assistance to which they are entitled. BAM 600. Concerns expressed in the hearing request should be resolved whenever possible through a conference with the client or authorized hearing representative rather than through a hearing. BAM 600.

A formal prehearing conference must take place as soon as possible after the local office receives the request unless: (1) the client or authorized hearing representative chooses not to attend the prehearing conference; or (2) a

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conference was held prior to receipt of the hearing request, and the issue in dispute is clear, and DHS staff fully understand the positions of both the department and the AHR or, if none, the client. BAM 600 p 13. All appropriate staff (for example, first-line supervisor, child support specialist, PATH representative, FIS/ES or OIG) must be consulted before the prehearing conference and should attend, as necessary. BAM 600 p 13.

When the Department conducts a prehearing conference, the Department must do all of the following: (1) determine why the client or authorized hearing representative is disputing the DHS action; (2) review any documentation the client or authorized hearing representative has to support his allegation; (3) explain the department's position and identify and discuss the differences; (4) determine whether the dispute can be resolved locally or requires MAHS to resolve; (5) mention to clients the availability of reimbursement for child care or transportation costs incurred in order to attend the hearing. BAM 600 p 13.

For each hearing not resolved at a prehearing conference, the Department is required to complete a Hearing Summary (DHS-3050). BAM 600. In the hearing summary, all case identifiers and notations on case status must be complete; see RFF 3050. BAM 600. The DHS-3050 narrative must include <u>all</u> of the following: (1) clear statement of the case action, including all programs involved in the case action; (2) facts which led to the action; (3) policy which supported the action; (4) correct address of the AHR or, if none, the client; and (4) description of the documents the local office intends to offer as exhibits at the hearing. BAM 600.

Clients and AHRs have the right to review the case record and obtain copies of needed documents and materials relevant to the hearing. BAM 600. The Department must send a copy of the DHS-3050 and all documents and records to be used by the department at the hearing to the client and AHR. BAM 600.

Department workers who attend the hearings, are instructed to <u>always</u> include the following in planning the case presentation: (1) an explanation of the action(s) taken; (2) a summary of the policy or laws used to determine that the action taken was correct; (3) any clarifications by central office staff of the policy or laws used; (4) the facts which led to the conclusion that the policy is relevant to the disputed case action; (5) the DHS procedures ensuring that the client received adequate or timely notice of the proposed action and affording all other rights. BEM 600.

Both the local office and the client or AHR must have adequate opportunity to present the case, bring witnesses, establish all pertinent facts, argue the case, refute any evidence, cross examine adverse witnesses, and cross-examine the author of a document offered in evidence. BAM 600.

The ALJ determines the facts based only on evidence introduced at the hearing, draws a conclusion of law, and determines whether DHS policy was appropriately applied. BAM 600. The ALJ issues a final decision unless the ALJ believes that the applicable law does not support DHS policy or DHS policy is

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silent on the issue being considered. BAM 600. In that case, the ALJ recommends a decision and the policy hearing authority makes the final decision. BAM 600.

Claimant's request for a hearing in the instant matter concerns the Food Assistance Program (FAP). The Food Assistance Program (FAP) (formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program) is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (BRM).

In the instant matter, the Department's hearing summary indicates the following "Client [sic] is employed earnings were budgeted [sic] resulted in FAP being reduced. Exhibit 1 Verification of Employment Exhibit 2 Notice of Case Action." During the hearing, the Department representative testified that Claimant's FAP reduction was based on increased earned income from employment and also from unearned income in the form of Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits. Claimant contends that she did not receive FIP benefits during the time period in question as she had been placed on FIP sanctions due to noncompliance with work related activities.

Testimony and other evidence must be weighed and considered according to its reasonableness. *Gardiner v Courtright*, 165 Mich 54, 62; 130 NW 322 (1911); *Dep't of Community Health v Risch*, 274 Mich App 365, 372; 733 NW2d 403 (2007). The weight and credibility of this evidence is generally for the fact-finder to determine. *Dep't of Community Health*, 274 Mich App at 372; *People v Terry*, 224 Mich App 447, 452; 569 NW2d 641 (1997). Moreover, it is for the fact-finder to gauge the demeanor and veracity of the witnesses who appear before him, as best he is able. See, e.g., *Caldwell v Fox*, 394 Mich 401, 407; 231 NW2d 46 (1975); *Zeeland Farm Services, Inc v JBL Enterprises, Inc*, 219 Mich App 190, 195; 555 NW2d 733 (1996).

This Administrative Law Judge has carefully considered and weighed the testimony and other evidence in the record, including Verification of Employment, the Notice of Case Action and the Bridges Case Search/Summary. It should be noted at the outset that the Department's Hearing Summary (DHS-3050) does not comply with the requirements set forth in BAM 600 as it does not contain a clear statement of the case action or facts which led to the action. BAM 600. There is no mention of Claimant's FIP benefits anywhere in the summary. Moreover, the Department's exhibits also do not include any documents to support a FAP reduction based on any unearned FIP income.

With regard to the Department's reduction of FAP based on earned income, the Department did not include a budget to show how the Department calculated the reduction. The Notice of Case Action is insufficient evidence to support the Department's decision to reduce Claimant's monthly FAP in this matter.

Based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence presented during the hearing, this Administrative Law Judge finds that the Department has failed to meet the burden of proof necessary to be upheld.

# DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that the Department has failed to support its decision to reduce Claimant's FAP benefits.

Therefore, the Department's FAP determination is **REVERSED**.

THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

The Department shall initiate a redetermination of Claimant's FAP benefits back to the date of reduction (May 1, 2013).

The Department shall issue any supplemental and/or retroactive benefits that Claimant is entitled to receive if required to do so by policy.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

<u>/s/</u>\_\_\_\_

C. Adam Purnell Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 13, 2013

Date Mailed: May 14, 2013

**NOTICE:** Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

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The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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