STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:			
	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	201330278 1038 March 20, 2013 Monroe	
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne E	E. Harris		
HEARING D	<u>ECISION</u>		
This matter is before the undersigned Administration and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's required telephone hearing was held on March 20, 20 on behalf of Claimant included Human Services (Department) included Fandaman Services (Department)	lest for a hearing. 013, from Lansing, Mi . Participants on bel	After due notice, a ichigan. Participants nalf of Department of	
<u>ISSU</u>	<u>E</u>		
Did the Department properly \square deny Claima for:	ant's application 🛛 c	lose Claimant's case	
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)?☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)?☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?	State Disability A	ssistance (AMP)? Assistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?	
FINDINGS O	OF FACT		
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the evidence on the whole record, finds as material	•	erial, and substantial	
Claimant □ applied for benefits □ received benefits for:			
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP).☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP).☐ Medical Assistance (MA).	State Disability	ssistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA). ent and Care (CDC).	
2. On February 1, 2013 , the Department ☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ claim due to her non-compliance with employme	osed Claimant's case ent related activities.		

3.	On December 27, 2012, the Department sent Claimant Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the denial. Closure.
4.	On February 11, 2013, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ closure of the case.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	epartment policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the idges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Re 42 Ag thr	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal esponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence gency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 rough Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program fective October 1, 1996.
pro im Re Ag	The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) ogram] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is plemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal egulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence gency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3001 rough Rule 400.3015.
Se Th Ag	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social ecurity Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence gency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 0.105.
	The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is ministered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq.
for Se pro	The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human ervices (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA ogram pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and 2000 AACS, R 400.3151 through Rule 0.3180.
an 19 Th an	The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE d XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 90, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 d 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 0.14(1) and 1999 AC, R 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

In this case, the Claimant was sent an appointment notice to report to Michigan Works Orientation on December 17, 2012. As it was to be her initial contact with Michigan Works, the Department testified that she had until December 25, 2012 to actually report which is why the DHS-2444, Notice of Non-compliance lists the date of her non-compliance as December 26, 2012. On December 26, 2012 she had exhausted the time period in which she could report and she had failed to report.

The Claimant confirmed that her address remained the same at all times relevant to this hearing. The Claimant contested receiving the DHS-4785, Work Participation Appointment Notice sent to her on December 4, 2012, scheduling the December 17, 2012 appointment for orientation. The Claimant also testified that she did not receive the DHS-2444, Notice of Non-compliance sent to her on December 27, 2012. That notice scheduled a triage appointment for January 3, 2013 at 9:00 a.m. The Claimant did not attend the triage. The Claimant testified that she was in a from January 1, 2013 until January 5, 2013, as her

When asked about why it is that she was not receiving the mail, the Claimant testified that there are other apartments with the same address but they have different letters and that she is in apartment E. She suggested perhaps the Department's mail was delivered to another apartment. The Claimant admitted receiving the DHS-1605, Notice of Case Action informing her that her FIP case would close and receiving the DHS-26A Notice of Hearing. The proper mailing and addressing of a letter creates a presumption of receipt. That presumption may be rebutted by evidence. Stacey v Sankovich, 19 Mich App 638 (1969); Good v Detroit Automobile Inter-Insurance Exchange, 67 Mich App 270 (1976). Here the evidence is insufficient to rebut the presumption that the Claimant received the DHS-4785, Work Participation Appointment Notice and the DHS-2444, Notice of Non-compliance. Furthermore, it is consistent with the Claimant's testimony during the hearing that she was actually expecting to be deferred from having to participate in employment related activities, though there is no evidence of any deferral.

The Administrative Law Judge concludes that when the Claimant did not report to Michigan Works Orientation before December 25, 2012, she was in non-compliance with employment related activities. As she was absent from the triage, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department properly determined that the Claimant had no good cause for her non-compliance. Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 233A (2012) p. 6 provides that the penalty for non-compliance with employment related activities without good cause is the case closure. Therefore, when the Department took action to close the Claimant's FIP case, the Department is found to have been acting in accordance with its policy.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department

	properly denied Claimant's application		improperly denied Claimant's application
X	properly closed Claimant's case		improperly closed Claimant's case for:
	I AMP ⊠ FIP 🗌 FAP 🗌 MA 🗌 SDA 🔲 🤇	CD	OC.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department \infty \text{did act properly.} \text{did not act properly.}
Accordingly, the Department's ☐ AMP ☒ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ MA ☐ SDA ☐ CDC decision is ☒ AFFIRMED ☐ REVERSED.
☐ THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:
/s/
Susanne E. Harris
Administrative Law Judge
For Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 3/26/13

Date Mailed: 3/26/13

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

201330278/SEH

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SEH/tb

