STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:		
	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	201328416 1038 March 6, 2013 Washtenaw
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne E	E. Harris	
HEARING D	ECISION	
This matter is before the undersigned Administration and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's required telephone hearing was held on March 6, 2013 behalf of Claimant included Human Services (Department) included Far and PATH Co-ordinator,	lest for a hearing. B, from Lansing, Mich . Participants on be	After due notice, a igan. Participants on half of Departm <u>ent of</u>
<u>ISSU</u>	<u> E</u>	
Did the Department properly \square deny Claima for:	ant's application 🛛 c	lose Claimant's case
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)?☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)?☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?	State Disability A	ssistance (AMP)? Assistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?
FINDINGS O	OF FACT	
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the evidence on the whole record, finds as material	•	erial, and substantial
1. Claimant ☐ applied for benefits ☒ receive	ed benefits for:	
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP).☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP).☐ Medical Assistance (MA).	State Disability	ssistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA). ent and Care (CDC).
2. On February 1, 2013, the Department ☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ claim to her non-compliance with employme	osed Claimant's case ent related activities.	

3.	On January 8, 2013, the Department sent Claimant Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the denial. Closure.
4.	On February 5, 2013, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ closure of the case.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	epartment policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the idges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Re 42 Ag thr	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal esponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence lency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 rough Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program ective October 1, 1996.
pro im Re Ag	The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) ogram] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is plemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal egulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence lency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3001 rough Rule 400.3015.
Se Th Ag	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social curity Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). e Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence lency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 0.105.
☐ ad	The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is ministered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq.
for Se pro	The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human ervices (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA ogram pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and 2000 AACS, R 400.3151 through Rule 0.3180.
an 19 Th an	The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE d XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 90, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. e program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 d 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 0.14(1) and 1999 AC, R 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

In this case, the Claimant did not contest that she missed the appointment scheduled for January 2, 2013 and that she also did not attend the triage appointment scheduled for January 14, 2013. Indeed, the Claimant, during most of the hearing, kept questioning the Department staff and Administrative Law Judge as to why she should attend when she had submitted a DHS 54-E indicating "no work for now," and that this was expected to last beyond 90 days. (This document was faxed directly after the hearing and admitted as Claimant's Exhibit A) The Claimant stated that she would be approved for SSA Disability any day now.

The Claimant also testified that she could not get one of her case workers on the telephone and that sometimes she had to drive to her local office just to speak with her because she would sometimes get notices that her case was going to close. The Claimant testified that she takes per month and, as she could not tolerate she is on a formula to the per month and, as she could not tolerate of the January 2, 2013 appointment. The Claimant confirmed that, at all times relevant to this case, her address has remained the same.

The proper mailing and addressing of a letter creates a presumption of receipt. That presumption may be rebutted by evidence. *Stacey v Sankovich*, 19 Mich App 638 (1969); *Good v Detroit Automobile Inter-Insurance Exchange*, 67 Mich App 270 (1976). Furthermore, the Claimant's testimony that she did not receive the notices is found to be less than credible, as she never raised that claim until after she had testified repeatedly that she did not think she had to attend the appointments that the notices referenced. The evidence does not at all rebut the presumption that the Claimant received the notices the Department sent.

Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 233A (2013) p. 2 provides that failing to appear for a scheduled appointment constitutes non-compliance with employment related activities. It is not contested that the Claimant did not appear at the January 2, 2013 appointment. BEM 233A p. 7 provides that the Department shall not terminate the Claimant's case without providing an opportunity for the Claimant to establish good cause and the Department in this case did send the Claimant notice of her good cause/triage appointment on the DHS, 2444, Notice of Non-compliance which scheduled that meeting for January 14, 2013. It is not contested that the Claimant also failed to appear or even telephone for that meeting. The policy instructs that the Department make the good cause determination in the Claimant's absence if she fails to appear. Therefore, the Department determined that the Claimant had no good cause for her non-compliance. It is not contested that this is the Claimant's second instance of non-compliance and as such, BEM 233A p. 6 provides that the Claimant's FIP case be closed for not less than six months.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department

properly denied Claimant's application improperly denied Claimant's application properly closed Claimant's case improperly closed Claimant's case

for: AMP FIP FAP MA SDA CDC.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department ✓ did act properly. ☐ did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's AMP FIP FAP MA SDA CDC decision S AFFIRMED REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.
THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:
/ <u>s/</u> Susanne E. Harris
Administrative Law Judge
For Maura Corrigan, Director

Date Signed: March 18, 2013

Date Mailed: March 20, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

Department of Human Services

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

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Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at

Michigan Administrative hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SEH/tb

