STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

	TER OF:	Reg. No: 2009, 4031	
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Aaron McClintic			
	DECISION AND ORDE	<u>R</u>	
and MCL 40	s before the undersigned Administrative La 0.37 upon the Claimant 's request for a hearing was held on , and both testified. The Department, and	nearing. After due notice, a laimant appeared alon <u>g with a</u>	
	ISSUE		
Did the De p applications?	artment properly de ny Cla imant's Medic al	Assistan ce and Sta te Disability	
	FINDINGS OF FACT		
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon — the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:			
1.	Claimant applied for MA-P and SDA on		
2.	The Medical Review Team denied the app	olication on	
3.	Claimant filed a request for hearing on and SDA denials.	, regarding the MA	
4.	A telephone hearing was held on		
5.	On the State Hearing	ng Rev iew Team denied the	

Claimant is 6' 2" tall and weighs 200 pounds.

6.

- 7. Claimant is 32 years of age.
- 8. Claimant's impairments have been medically diagnosed as bipolar disorder, seizures, depression and fibromyalgia
- 9. Claimant has the follo wing symptoms: pain, fa tigue, anxiety attacks, insomnia, concentration problems, soci al isolation, memory problems, migraines and seizures.
- 10. Claimant completed 9th grade.
- 11. Claimant is not able to read, write, and perform basic math skills.
- 12. Claimant is not working. Claimant last worked in 2000 as a concrete worker.
- 13. Claimant lives with a friend.
- 14. Claimant testified that he cannot perform some household chores.
- 15. Claimant takes the following prescribed medications:



16. Claimant testified to the following physical limitations:

i. Sitting: 25 minutesii. Standing: 1 minutesiii. Walking: 100 feetiv. Bend/stoop: difficulty

v. Lifting: 10 lbs.

vi. Grip/grasp: no limitations

17. In a consultative psychological examination completed in Claimant was found to have a GAF score of 40 to 45 with diagnosis of cognitive disorder, major depressive disorder, recurrent, moderately severe with psychotic features. Fo r prognosis the report states, "The potential for the patient becoming gainfully employed in a simple, unskilled work situation on a sustained and competitive basis is guarded to poor."



18. In a mental residual functional capacity assessment, Claimant was found markedly limited in 9 of 20 categories many of which are work related.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The regulations governing the hearing and appeal process for applicants and recipients of public assistance in Michigan are found in the Michigan Administrative Code, MAC R 400.901-400.951. An oppor tunity for a hearing shall be granted to an applicant who requests a hearing because his or her claim for assistance has been denied. MAC R 400.903(1). Clients have the right to contest a department decision affecting eligibility or benefit levels whenever it is believed that the decision is incorrect. The department will provide an administrative hearing to review the decision and determine the appropriateness of that decision. BAM 600.

The Medic al Assistance (MA-P) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department administers the MA-P program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

The State Disability A ssistance (SDA) program which provides financial assistance for disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MAC R 400.3151-400.3180. Department polic ies are found in the Bridges Administra tive Manual (BAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (PRM).

The Department conforms to state statute in administering the SDA program. 2000 PA 294, Sec. 604, of the statute states:

- (1) The department shall operat e a state disability as sistance program. Except as provided in subsection
- (3), persons eligible for this program shall include needy citizens of the United States or aliens exempted from the supplemental security income citizenship requirement who are at least 18 years of age or emancipated minors meeting 1 or more of the following requirements:
 - (a) A recipient of supplemental security income, social security, or medical assistance due to disability or 65 years of age or older.
 - (b) A person with a phy sical or mental impairment which meets federal supplemental se curity income disability standards, exc ept that the minimum duration of the disability shall be 90 days. Substance abuse alone is not defined as a basis for eligibility.



Pursuant to Federal Rule 42 CFR 435.540, the Department uses the Feder al Supplemental Security Income (SSI) policy in determining el igibility for disability under the MA-P program. Under SSI, disability is defined as:

...the inability to do any substant ial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.... 20 CFR 416.905.

Federal regulations r equire that the department use the same operative definition for "disabled" as used for Supplemental Security Income (SSI) under Title XVI of the Social Security Act. 42 CFR 435.540(a).

"Disability" is:

...the inability to do any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months ... 20 CFR 416.905.

In determining whether an indiv idual is disabled, 20 CFR 4 16.920 requires the trier of fact to follow a sequential evaluation process by which current work activity, the severity of the impairment(s), residual f unctional c apacity, and vocational factors (i.e., age, education, and work experience) are assessed in that order. When a determination that an individual is or is not disabled can be made at any step in the sequential evaluation, evaluation under a subsequent step is not necessary.

First, the trier of fact must determine if t he individual is working and if the work is substantial gainful activity. 20 CFR 416.920(b). In this case, the Claimant is not working. Therefore, the Claimant is not disqualified a this step in the evaluation.

The second step to be determined in consi dering whether the Clai mant is considered disabled is whether the severity of the impairment. In order to qualify the impairment must be considered severe which is defined as an impairment which significantly limits an individual's physical or mental ability to perform basic work activities. Examples of these include:

- 1. Physical functions s uch as walkin g, standing, sitting, lifting, pushing, reaching carrying or handling;
- 2. Capacities for seeing, hearing, and speaking;
- 3. Understanding, carrying out, and remembering simple instructions;
- 4. Use of judgment;



- 5. Responding appropriately to supervision, co-workers and usual work situations; and
- 6. Dealing with changes in a routine work setting. 20 CFR 416.921(b).

In this case, the Claimant's medical ev idence of record supports a finding t hat Claimant has significant physical and mental limitati ons upon Claimant's abili ty to perform basic work activities such as walk ing, standing, sitting, lifting, pushing, pulling, reaching, carrying, or handling; Medical evidence has clearly established that the Claimant has an impairment (or combination of impairments) that has more than a minimal effect on the Claimant's work activities. See Social Security Rulings: 85-28, 88-13, and 82-63.

In this case, this Administrative Law J udge finds that Claima nt may be considered presently disabled at the third step. Claimant meets listing 12.04 or its equivalent. The testimony of Claimant's treating therapist supports this position. This Administrative Law Judge will not continue through the remaining steps of the assessment. Claimant's testimony and the medical documentation support the finding that Claimant meets the requirements of the listing. Claimant has other significant health problems that were not fully addressed in this decision because Claimant is found to meet a listing for a different impairment.

Therefore, Claimant is found to be disabled.

DECISION AND ORDER

	Law Judge, based upon the above Claimant is medically disabled as c	
ORDERED to initiat	partm ent's decision is hereby RE t e a review of the application f not done previously, to determine the land of the determine the land of the determine the land of the determinent of the determinent of the land of the	on for MA and SDA dated Claimant's non-medical eligibility
	Aaron Administrative for Department	Am Michigan, McClintic Law Judge Maura Corrigan, Director of Human Services

Date Signed: 02/21/2013

Date Mailed: 02/22/2013



NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsider ation on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decis ion and O rder. Administrative Hearings will not or der a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing **MAY** be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant.
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

AM/kl

CC:

