STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

DEPARTMENT OF F	IUMAN SERVICES	
IN THE MATTER OF:		
	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	201327552 1038 March 14, 2013 Ogemaw
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne	E. Harris	
HEARING D	DECISION	
	uest for a hearing. 013, from Lansing, Mi nd his Authorized Hea behalf of Depart <u>men</u>	After due notice, a chigan. Participants aring Representative,
<u>ISSI</u>	<u>JE</u>	
Did the Department properly $\hfill \Box$ deny Claim for:	ant's application ⊠ c	lose Claimant's case
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)?☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)?☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?	State Disability A	sistance (AMP)? Assistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?
FINDINGS	OF FACT	
The Administrative Law Judge, based on evidence on the whole record, finds as mater	•	rial, and substantial
Claimant ☐ applied for benefits ☒ receiv	ed benefits for:	
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP).☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP).	=	ssistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA).

2. On March 1, 2013, the Department

Medical Assistance (MA).

☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ closed Claimant's case due to his non-compliance with employment related activities.

Child Development and Care (CDC).

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 On January 25, 2013, the Department sent ☐ Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the ☐ denial. ☐ closure.
 On February 4, 2013, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ closure of the case.
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
∑ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.
☐ The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and 1999 AC, R 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.
☐ The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and MCL 400.105.
☐ The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is administered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq.
☐ The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance for disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 2000 AACS, R 400.3151 through Rule 400.3180.
☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and 1999 AC, R 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

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The Department testimony was that the Claimant was to participate in employment related activities 35 hours per week and that he has failed to do this since being enrolled in the Michigan Works program. Essentially, the Department testified that the Claimant has been non-compliant since the onset of his participation. The Department testified that the Claimant was sent a non-compliance warning on January 5, 2013, scheduling a meeting for January 9, 2013 at 9:00 a.m. The Department testified that the Claimant's AHR telephoned to say that they received notice of that meeting, the day of the meeting. The Claimant and his AHR agreed to come into the local office for this meeting on January 14, 2013. The Department testified that good cause may or may not have been determined at this "pre-triage meeting," but that on January 14, 2013, the Claimant's AHR emailed to inform the Department they had been sick all weekend long and would not be attending.

Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 233A (2013), pp. 8, 9, provides that the DHS-2444 Notice of Non-compliance state the date/dates of the Claimant's non-compliance and the reason why the Claimant was determined to be non-compliant. In this case, the DHS-2444, Notice of Non-compliance sent January 25, 2013 gives the Claimant notice that he was noncompliant on January 25, 2013 because of "no participation in required activity." That notice scheduled a triage meeting for January 31, 2013. The Claimant testified that this notice was not received until January 31, 2013, after the meeting was to have occurred. The Claimant's testimony in this regard was found to be credible and persuasive, as it was logical and not contested. The Claimant's AHR, she had no statements verifying that she and the Claimant were sick with the as she only knew of the triage on the date of the triage.

The Department did not contest that the computer only gives six days for mailing such notices and the Department's workers testified that they could not alter this. Similarly, the Department workers testified that they also could not in-put the date/dates of non-compliance in the computer when promulgating the DHS-2444, Notice of Non-Compliance. The Administrative Law Judge concludes that the DHS-2444, Notice of Non-compliance is insufficient in this case because it does not list the date/dates of non-compliance as BEM 233A pp. 8, 9, requires and is therefore simply not in accordance with departmental policy. Furthermore, it does not comport with due process to simply state at the hearing that the Claimant has failed to participate the required number of hours since the onset of his participation with the program, when the DHS-2444, Notice of Non-compliance indicates something completely different. It is also problematic that the Claimant receives notice of an appointment the date the appointment is to occur. The Department bears the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence that its actions are in accordance with departmental policy.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Judge concludes that the Department	d Conclusions of Law, the Administrative Law
properly denied Claimant's application properly closed Claimant's case	☐ improperly denied Claimant's application ☐ improperly closed Claimant's case
for: 🗌 AMP 🛭 FIP 🗌 FAP 🗌 MA 🗌 SD	DA ☐ CDC.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Departmen \square did act properly. \square did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's \square AMP \boxtimes FIP \square FAP \square MA \square SDA \square CDC decision is \square AFFIRMED \boxtimes REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.
oxtimes THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

- 1. Initiate action to reinstate the Claimant's benefits back to the closure date, and
- 2. Initiate action to issue the Claimant any supplements he may thereafter be due,
- 3. If the Claimant is again found to be in non-compliance with employment related activities, identify the date/dates of the actions or failure to act, as well as the actions or failure to act, which would constitute the Claimant's non-compliance in accordance with BEM 233A, pp. 8, 9.

/s/ Susanne E. Harris Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: March 20, 2013

Date Mailed: March 22, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing MAY be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

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Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SEH/tb

