STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Reg. No: 201327084 Issue No: 2009; 4031

Case No:

Hearing Date: May 15, 2013 Grand Traverse County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: William A. Sundquist

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a t elephone hearing was held on Wednesday; May 15, 2013. Claimant appeared and provided testimony on his behalf. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included

ISSUE

Was disability, as defined below, medically established?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, bas ed upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- Claimant's MA-P/SDA application August 31, 2012 was denied on January 11, 2013 per BEM 260/261, wit h a hearing request on January 24, 2013.
- Vocational factors: Age 52, with a 12th grade education, and skilled work experience.
- 3. Claimant was last employed in 2008 due to a layoff with unemployment compensation benefits ending in 2011.
- Claimant alleged disa bling medical dis order(s) are canal stenos is and arthritis.
- 5. Claimant's disabling symptoms are chronic low/upper back, legs, and arm pain.
- 6. Medical reports of exams state the claimant on:

- a. March 17, 2012: Walks with a very mild limp on the right; that an assistive dev ice is not used; that he has no joint instability, enlargem ent, or ef fusion; that grip strength remains intact; that dex terity is unimpaired; that he could pick up a coin, button clothing, and open a door; that he had no difficult v getting on and off the exam ination table, no difficulty heel and toe walking and, mild to moderate difficulty squatting; that range of motion was normal in the joints for the cervical spine, dorsal lumbar spine, knees; that motor strength and function are normal; that there is no shoulder gildle atrophy or spasm; that Rhomberg testing is negative; maintained: that he had modest that grip strength is well difficulty squatting sec ondary to back and knee discomfort; that orthopedic maneuvers were performed without difficulty; that he had mild degenerative c hanges in the knees. (DHS Exhibit A, Pgs. 135-137).
- 7. State Hearing Review Team decision dated March 26, 2013 states the Claimant's impair ments do not meet/equal a Social Security listing for the required duration. (DHS Exhibit A, Pg. 164).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The State Disability Assistanc e (SDA) program which provides fin ancial assistance for disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MAC R 400.3151-400.3180. Department policies are found in the Bridges Ad ministrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Elig ibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is es tablished by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of F ederal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 400. 105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administra tive Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

Facts above are undisputed.

"Disability" is:

...the inability to do any subs tantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.... 20 CFR 416.905.

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...We follow a set order to determine whether you are disabled. We review any current work activity, the severity of your impairment(s), your residual functional capacity, your past work, and your age, education and work experience. If we can find that you are disabled or not disabled at any point in the review, we do not review yo ur claim further.... 20 CFR 416.920.

When determining disability, the federal regulations are used as a guideline and require that several considerations be analyzed in sequential or der. If disability can be ruled out at any step, analys is of the next step is not required. These steps are:

- 1. Does the client perf orm Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA)? If yes, the client is ineligible for MA. If no, the analys is continues to Step 2. 20 CFR 416.920(b).
- 2. Does the client have a severe impairment that has lasted or is expected to last 12 months or more or result in death? If no, the cli ent is ineligible for MA. If yes, the analysis continues to Step 3. 20 CF R 416.920(c).
- 3. Does the impairment appear on a special listing of impairments or ar et he client's symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings at least equivalent in severity to the set of medical findings specified for the listed impairment? If no, the analysis continues to Step 4. If yes, MA is approved. 20 CFR 416.290(d).
- 4. Can the client do the former work that he/she performed within the last 15 years? If yes, the client is ineligible for MA. If no, the analysis continues to Step 5. 20 CFR 416.920(e).
- 5. Does the client have the Residual Functional Capacity (RFC) to perform other work ac cording to the guidelines set forth at 20 CFR 404, Subpart P, Appendix 2, Sections 200.00-204.00? If yes, the analysis ends and the client is ineligible for MA. If no, MA is approved. 20 CFR 416.920(f).

The claimant had the burden of proof to es tablish disability in a ccordance with steps 1-4 above... 20CFR 416. 912 (a). The burden of proof shifts to the DHS at Step 5... 20CFR 416.960 (c)(2).

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[In reviewing your impairment]...We need reports about your impairments from acceptable medical sources.... 20 CFR 416.913(a).

Acceptable medical v erification sources are licensed physicians, osteopaths, or certified psychologists ... 20CFR 416.913(a)

...The me dical evidence...mus t be complete an d detailed enough to allow us to make a d etermination about whether you are disabled or blind. 20 CFR 416.913(d).

It must allow us to determine --

- (1) The nature and limiting effects of your impairment(s) for any period in question;
- (2) The probable duration of your impairment; and
- (3) Your residual functional capac ity to do w ork-related physical and mental activities. 20 CFR 416.913(d).

Step 1

...If you are working and t he work you ar e doing is substantial gainful activity, we will find that you are not disabled regardless of your medical condition or your age, educ ation, and work experience. 20 CF R 416.920(b).

The evidence of record established that the claim ant has not engaged in substantial gainful ac tivity since 2011. Therefore, the sequential evaluation is required to continue to the next step.

Step 2

... [The record must show a sever e impairment] which significantly limits your physical or mental ability to do basic work activities.... 20 CFR 416.920(c).

Basic w ork activities. When we talk about basic work activities, we mean the abilities and aptitudes necessary to do most jobs. Examples of these include:

1. Physical functions such as walk ing, standing, sitting, lifting, pushing, pulling, reaching, carrying, or handling;

- 2. Capacities for seeing, hearing, and speaking;
- 3. Understanding, carrying out, and remembering simple instructions;
- 4. Use of judgment;
- 5. Responding appropriately to supervision, coworkers and usual work situations; and
- 6. Dealing with changes in a routine work setting. 20 CFR 416.921(b).

Non-severe impairment(s) . An impairment or combination of impairments is not severe if it does not significantly limit your physica I or mental ability to do basic work activities. 20 CFR 416.921(a).

...If you do not have any impairment or combination of impairments which significantly limits your physical or mental ability to do basic work activities, we will find that you do not hav e a se vere impairment and are, therefore, not disabled. We will not cons ider your age, educ ation, and work experience. 20 CF R 416.920(c).

The medical reports of record are mostly examination, diagnostic, treatment and progress reports. They do not provide me dical assessments of Claimant's basic work limitations for the r equired duration. St ated differently, the medical reports do not establis h whether t he Claimant is impaired slightly, mildly, moderately (non-severe impairment, as defined above) or severely, as defined above.

The claimants disabling symptoms (Findings of Fact #5) are inconsistent with the objective medical evidence of record (Findings of Fact #6).

...Your symptoms, including pain, will be determined to diminish your capacity for basic work activities...to the extent that your alleg ed functional limitations and restrictions due to s ymptoms, such as pain, can reasonably be accepted as consistent with the objective medical ev idence and other evidence. 20 CFR 416.929(c)(4).

...Statements about your pai n or other symptoms will not alone establish t hat you are disabled; there must be medical signs and laboratory findings which sho w that you have a m edical imp airment.... 20 CFR 416.929(a).

The medical reports (Findings of Fact #6) state the Claimant had normal range of motion examinations; that his impairment s were minimal to moderate (not severe).

The Claim ant has not sustained his bu rden of proof to establis h a s evere physical impairment, instead of a non-severe im pairment, for the required duration.

Therefore, the sequential evaluation is required to stop at Step 2.

The department's Bridges Eligibility Manual contains the following policy statements and instructions for casewo rkers regarding the State Disability Assistance program: to receive State Disability Assistance, a person must be disabled, caring for a disabled person or age 65 or older. BEM, Item 261, p. 1. Because the claimant does not meet the definition of disabled under the MA-P program and because the evidence of record does not establish that claimant is unable to work for a period excluding 90 days, the claimant does not meet the disability criteria for State Disability Assistance benefits either.

Therefore, medical disab ility h as not be en established at Step 2 by competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides disability was not medically established.

Accordingly, MA-P/SDA denial is **UPHELD** and so ORDERED.

William A. Sundquist Administrative Law Judge For Maura D. Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 23, 2013

Date Mailed: May 24, 2013

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may or der a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party wit hin 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Admi nistrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely r equest for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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