STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:

2013-23309 3055; 2055

May 8, 2013 Genesee County DHS #2

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Landis Y. Lain

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Admini strative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Services (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by **Example 1** Regulation Agent, of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held i n Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273. 16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

Whether Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) and received an over-issuance Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the department is entitled to recoup?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV
- 2. The OIG h as requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent filed an assistance application with the department on 9/03/09, acknowledging that s/he under stood her/his rights and responsibilities t o report changes in household circumstances.

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- 4. Respondent used her/his Michigan EBT card out of state exclusively from 10/01/11-4/30/12.
- 5. Per Lexis-Nexis respondent established an out of state residency during the relevant period of time.
- 6. On the Assistance Applic ations signed by Respondent on 9/03/09, Respondent reported that she/he intended to stay in Michigan.
- 7. Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report changes in her/his residence to the Department.
- 8. Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 9. Respondent received a FAP ov er-issuance in the amount of \$ for the time period of 10/01/11-4/30/12.
- 10. This was Respondent's first IPV.
- 11. A notice of hearing was mailed to Res pondent at the I ast known address, and was returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is estab lished by Title XIX of the Social Sec urity Act and is implemented by T itle 42 of the C ode of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Feder al Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Fam ily Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, DHS must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidenc e that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for t he purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduc tion of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit over-issuanc e are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total over-issuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total over-issuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previ ous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance,
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV di squalifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient r emains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible gr oup members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the over-issuance relates to MA. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwis e eligible. BAM 710. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the th ird IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

In the instant case, the department OIG has established that the Respondent received an over is suance of FAP benefits in t he amount of \$ for the time period of 10/01/11-3/01/12. Evidence on t he record indicates that respondent was no longer a resident of the State of Michigan during t he relevant time period. The department OIG has established by the necessar y competent, s ubstantial and material evidence on the record that claimant committed an Intentional Program Violation for the Food Assistance Program for which respondent must be disqualified.

OIG requests IPV hearings when no signed DHS-826 or DHScorrespondence to the client is not retur ned as undeliver able, or a new address is located. For FAP only, OIG will pursue an I PV hearing when corre spondence was sent using first class mail and is r eturned as undeliverable. BAM 720, page 10. The department's request for recoupment for Medical Assistanc e benefits must be dismissed without prejudice because the notice returned as undeliverable.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, determines that clear and convincing evidence establishes, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

- 1. Respondent did commit an IPV.
- 2. Respondent did receive an OI of program benefits in t he amount of \$ from the Food Assistance Program.

The Department is ORDERED t o initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of for Food Assistance Program in accordance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be personally disqualified from participation in the Food Assistance Program and the Family Independenc e Program for 1 year. This disqualification period shall begin <u>immediately</u> as of the date of this Order.

/s/

Landis Y. Lain Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 14, 2013

Date Mailed: May 15, 2013

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NOTICE: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

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