STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.:	2013-12492
Issue No.:	3055
Case No.:	
Hearing Date:	May 7, 2013
County:	Lapeer

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Vicki L. Armstrong

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on May 7, 2013, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department w as represent ed by **Mathematical Mathematical Services** of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did appear at the hearing.

ISSUES

- 1. Did Respondent receive an ov erissuance (OI) of Food Assistance Program (FAP) and Child Development and Care (CDC) benefits that the D epartment is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be dis qualified from receiving Food Assistance Program (FAP) and Child Development and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on November 20, 2012 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG h as requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FAP from June 17, 2012 through September 22, 2012 and CDC from July 1, 2012 through September 30, 2012.
- 4. Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report all changes within 10 days.

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- 5. Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is June 17, 2012 through September 30, 2012.
- 7. During the alleged fraud period, Res pondent was issued \$ in CDC and \$ in FAP benefits from the State of Michigan.
- 8. Respondent was entitled to \$0 in CDC and FAP during this time period.
- 9. Respondent did receive an OI in the amount of \$ under the CDC pr ogram and \$ under the FAP program.
- 10. The Department has established that Respondent committed an IPV.
- 11. This was Respondent's first CDC and FAP IPV.
- 12. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respond ent at the I ast known address an d was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amend ed, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Feder al Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Fam ily Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

The Child Development and Car e (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Sec urity Act, the Child Ca re and Development Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implement ed by Title 45 of the Code of F ederal Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Department provides services to adults and childr en pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and 1999 AC, Rule 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

• The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and

- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidenc e that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for t he purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduc tion of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuanc es are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previ ous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance,
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving certain program benefits. A disqualified reci pient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a diffe rent period, or except when the overissuance relates to MA. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwis e eligible. BAM 710. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the th ird IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, claimant testified that s he receive the FAP and CDC benefits to which she was not entitled. In this case, the department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent intentionally failed to report that she was receiving earned and unearned income. Respondent's signature on this application certifies that she was aware that fraudulent participation in FAP and CDC could result in criminal or civil or administrative claims. Because of Respondent's failure to report her earned and unearned income, she received an overis suance of \$ and the department is entitled to recoup.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

- 1. Respondent did commit an IPV.
- 2. Respondent did receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$ from the CDC program and \$ from the FAP program.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the total amount of in accordance with Department policy.

It is FURT HER ORDERED that Respon dent be disqualified from FAP and CDC for a period of 1 year.

Juli Z.

Vicki L. Armstrong Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 17, 2013

Date Mailed: May 17, 2013

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

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