STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

Reg. No.: 20136652

IN THE MATTER OF:

		Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	January 17, 2013 Genesee County DHS #6			
ΑI	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Christopher S. Saunders					
	HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION					
an he La	This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Department of Human Services' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 17, 2013 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Ms. Inspector General (OIG).					
Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).						
	ISSUES					
Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of						
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA) ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)	☐ Child Developme	Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)			
	benefits that the Department is entitled to r					
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?					
Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving						
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)	☐ Food Assistance	Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)?			

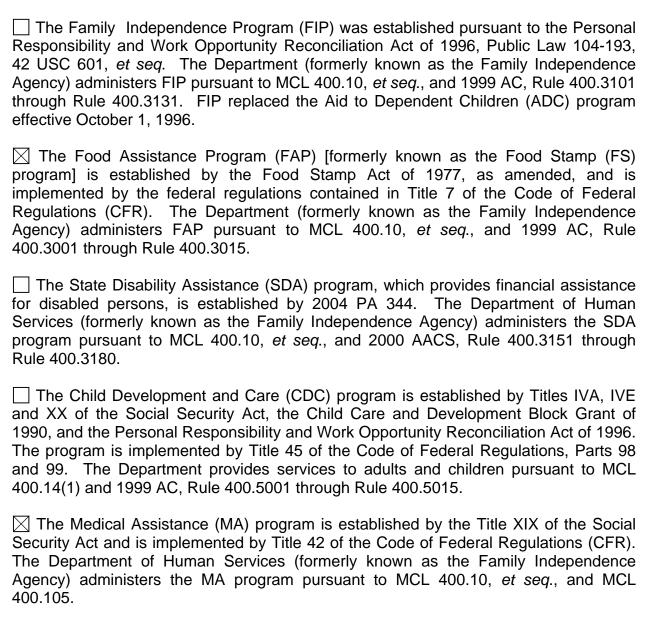
FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \boxtimes MA benefits during the period of September 1, 2010 through July 31, 2011.
4.	Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibility to report changes in her group composition to the department within 10 days of the date of change.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is September 1, 2010 through July 31, 2011 for FAP and October 1, 2010 through July 31, 2011 for MA.
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ in \boxtimes FAP and in \boxtimes MA benefits from the State of Michigan.
8.	Respondent was entitled to \$ in \boxtimes FAP and \$ in \boxtimes MA during this time period.
9.	Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not receive an OI in the amount of \$\Bigsim \text{under the } \Bigsim FAP and \boxtimes MA programs.
10.	.The Department $oxtimes$ has $oxtimes$ has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.
11.	.This was Respondent's ☐ first ⊠ second ☐ third IPV.
12.	.A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).



When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and

 The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is suspected when there is clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

1.	Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not commit an IPV
	Respondent did did not receive an overissuance of program benefits in the amount of from the following program(s) FIP FAP SDA CDC MA.
<u>\$</u>	The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.

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☑ It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqu	ualified from	
☐ FIP ☒ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC for a period of ☐ 12 months. ☒ 24 months. ☐ lifetime.		
<u>/s/</u>	Christopher S. Saunders Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services	

Date Signed: January 17, 2013

Date Mailed: January 18, 2013

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

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