STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

		Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2013-6554 3052 March 27, 2013 Wayne (43)		
ΑC	OMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susan C. E	Burke			
	HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION				
an he De Ag Du	This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Department of Human Services' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on March 27, 2013, from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).				
	ISSUE	<u>:s</u>			
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of			
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA) ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)	∑ Food Assistance ☐ Child Developme ☐ Child Developme	Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)		
	benefits that the Department is entitled to re	ecoup?			
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Prog	gram Violation (IPV)?			

3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving				
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)☐ Child Development and Care (CDC)?				
FINDINGS OF FACT					
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:					
1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on October 25, 2012 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.				
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.				
3.	Respondent was a recipient of \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits during the alleged fraud period of December 1, 2010 through January 31, 2011.				
4.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ in FAP benefits from the State of Michigan.				
5.	Respondent was entitled to \$104.00 in FAP during this time period.				
6.	Respondent did did not receive an OI in the amount of under the FIP FAP SDA CDC MA program.				
7.	The Department \boxtimes has $\ \square$ has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.				
8.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third IPV.				
9.	A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \boxtimes was \square was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.				
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW					
Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).					
☐ The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.					

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700. FAP IPV occurs when a client trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving certain program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the overissuance relates to MA. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

In the present case, the Department presented clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent trafficked FAP benefits, for the reasons stated on and within the record.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

1.	Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not commit an IPV.		
2.	Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$296.00 from the following program(s) \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA.		
\bowtie	The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.		
☑ It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from			
	☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC for a period of ☐ 12 months. ☐ 24 months. ☐ lifetime.		
	Susa C. Bruke		

Susan C. Burke
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: March 27, 2013

Date Mailed: March 27, 2013

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Respondent may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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