## STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN	THE MATTER OF:		
		Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2013-6273 3055 June 13, 2013 St. Clair DHS
Αľ	MINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scu	lly	
	HEARING DECISION FOR INTENT	IONAL PROGRAM V	<u>IOLATION</u>
an he La	is matter is before the undersigned Adminis d MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Hu aring. After due notice, a telephone hea nsing, Michigan. The Depart ment was rep spector General (OIG).	man Servic es' (Depa ring was held on June	rtment) request for a
	Participants on behalf of Respondent in	ncluded:	
$\boxtimes$	Respondent did not appear at the hear absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Admin Code R 400.3187(5).  ISSUI	Mich Admin Code R	
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (	(OI) of	
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA) ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)	⊠ Food Assistance ☐ Child Developme	Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)
	benefits that the Department is entitled to	ecoup?	
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Pro	gram Violation (IPV)?	
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from re	eceiving	
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA) ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?	∑ Food Assistance       ☐ Child Developme       ☐ Child Developme	Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)

## **FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on October 11, 2012, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2. The	e OIG $\boxtimes$ has $\square$ has not reques ted that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\square$ FIP $\boxtimes$ FAP $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC $\square$ MA benefits during the period of January 1, 2010, through February 29, 2012.
4. Res	spondent $\boxtimes$ was $\square$ was not aware of the responsibility to properly use her Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits and not engage in trafficking of food assistance benefits.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental im pairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is January 1, 2010, through February 29, 2012.
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was is sued \$ ☐ in ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA benefits from the State of Michigan.
8. The	Department $\square$ has $\boxtimes$ has not established that Respond ent committed an IPV.
9.	A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and $\boxtimes$ was $\square$ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the bility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Perso Law 1 Family and 19	amily Independence Pr ogram (FIP) was established pursuant to the nal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public 04-193, 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., 999 AC, Rule 400.3101 th rough Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to ndent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

<b>X</b>	program] is established by the Food Stam p Act of 1 977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Depart ment (formerly known as the F amily Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.
	The State Disability Assistanc e (SDA ) program, which pro vides financial assistance for disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 2000 AACS, Rule 400.3151 through Rule 400.3180.
	The Child Developme nt and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MC L 400.14(1) and 1999 AC, Rule 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.
	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of F ederal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Serverices (DHS or Department) administer is the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 400. 105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Reference Table Manual (RFT), and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidenc e that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction on of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuanc es are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
  - the group has a previ ous intentional program violation, or
  - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
  - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance.
  - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

The Department's represent ative argued that Food A ssistance Progr am (FAP) trafficking was suspected because the Claim ant reported numerous lost or stolen benefit cards, and transactions the Department considered to be suspic ious. The Department considers numerous transactions within a short period of time to be suspicious. The Department considers pu rchases resulting in ev en dollar amounts to be suspicious. The Department found it suspicio us that the Claimant made purchases at Sam's Club without a membership to be suspicious.

Based on the evidence and test imony available during the hearing, this Administrative Law Judge finds that the Department has faile does to establish by clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent engaged in trafficking of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits. Having numerous benefit cards lost or stolen may be suspicious, but is not proof of benefit trafficking. Department policy does not prohibit making numerous purchases in a short period of time. While some of the Respondent's purchases were for even dollar amounts, the majority were not. Purchases at Sam's Club where the

Claimant did not maintain a mem bership is not proof someone ot her than the Claimant made these purchases.

## **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the re-cord, concludes that the Department failed to establish by clear and convincing evidence that the CI aimant engaged trafficking of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits.

The Department is **ORDERED** to delete the OI and cease any recoupment action.

<u>/s/</u>

**Kevin Scully** 

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: June 26, 2013

Date Mailed: June 26, 2013

**NOTICE**: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

KS/kl

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