STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:

2013-5672 1052, 3055

June 25, 2013 Oakland-03 County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on June 25, 2013 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was he ld in Respondent's a bsence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).

ISSUES

1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of

Family Independence Program (FIP) State Disability Assistance (SDA)

Food Assistance Program (FAP) Child Development and Care (CDC)

Medical Assistance

benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?

- 2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- Should Respondent be disgualified from receiving



Family Independence Program (FIP) State Disability Assistance (SDA)

Food Assistance Program (FAP) Child Development and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

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- 1. The Department's OIG fil ed a hearing request on October 15, 2012 to est ablish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG 🖂 has 🗌 has not requested that Resp ondent be dis qualified fr om receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FIP FAP SDA CDC MA benefits during the period of September 1, 2011 through April 30, 2012.
- 4. Respondent was a rec ipient of FIP K FAP SDA CDC MA benefits during the period of September 1, 2011 through April 30, 2012.
- 5. Respondent was a rec ipient of FIP FAP SDA CDC MA benefits during the period of September 1, 2011 through April 30, 2012.
- 6. Respondent 🖾 was 🗌 was not aware of the responsib ility to report all changes within 10 days.
- 7. Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 8. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is September 1, 2011 through April 30, 2012 for FAP, FIP and MA.
- 9. During the alleged fraud period, Res pondent was issued \$ in FIP benefits, in FAP benefits and \$ in MA benefits.
- 10. Respondent was entitled to \$0 in \boxtimes FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \boxtimes MA benefits during the fraud period.
- 11. Respondent 🖂 did 🗌 did not receive an OI in t he amount of \$ under the FIP program, \$ under the FAP program and an OI in the amount of \$ under the MA program.
- 12. The Department \boxtimes has \square has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.
- 13. This was Respondent's \boxtimes first \square second \square third IPV.
- 14. A notice of disqualificat ion hearing was mailed to Res pondent at the last known address and □ was ⊠ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT). The FAP [formerly known as the Food Stamp (F S) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is impl emented by the federal regulations contained in T itle 7 of t he Code of Federal Regulations (CF R). The Department (formerly known as the Fa mily Independence Agenc y) admin isters FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

The MA program is established by the Titl e XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105.

The FIP was established pursuant to the Per sonal Res ponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. Department policies are found in the BAM, BEM and the BRM.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidenc e that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for t he purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduc tion of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Here the OIG provided unequivocal evidence that Respondent became a resident of Tennessee as early as August 15, 2011 when the Respondent began using her EBT card exclusively in Tennessee. On that dat e, the Respondent was no longer eligible to receive FIP, FAP or MA benefits. BEM 220, p 1.

Based on the credible testimony and other evidence presented, I have concluded the OIG established, under the clear and convincing st andard, that Respondent committed an IPV in this matter. As at no time did the Respondent inform the Department of her move to the State of Tennessee as she k new she was required to do in order to receive additional benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

I have concluded, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

- 1. Respondent 🛛 did 🗌 did not commit an IPV
- 2. Respondent 🔯 did 🗋 did not receive an ov erissuance of program benefits in the amount of \$ for the FIP program, \$ for the FAP program and \$ for the MA program.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of finance with Department policy.

It is FURT HER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FIP and FAP for a period of 12 months.

, C.C.t

Corey A. Arendt Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: <u>June 26, 2013</u> Date Mailed: <u>June 26, 2013</u>

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

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