STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:		Reg. No: Issue No:	2013-5569 3055
		Case No:	February 12, 2013
ADMINIST	RATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A.	Arendt	
<u>H</u>	EARING DECISION FOR INTEN	ITIONAL PROGRAM VI	OLATION
and MCL 40 hearing. Af Lansing, Mi	is before the undersigned Admir 00.37 upon the Departm ent of H ter due notice, at elephone hea chigan. The Department was re eneral (OIG).	luman Servic es' (Depart aring was held <u>on Febr</u>	tment) request for a
	dent did not appear at the hearin 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin ().		
ISSUES			
1.	Did Respondent receive an over Program (FIP), ⊠ Food Assistance (SDA), ☐ Child Dothe Department is entitled to receive an over the Department is entitled to the Depart	stance Program (FAP), evelopm ent and Care (State Dis ability
2.	Did Respondent commit an Int	entional Program Violati	on (IPV)?
3.	Should Respondent be di Independence Program (FIP), State Dis ability Assistance (CDC)?		e Program (FAP),
	<u>FINDINGS</u>	OF FACT	
The Admini	strative Law Judge, based on t	he competent materia	al, and substantial

The Depar tment's OIG filed a hearing re establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.

evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

2.		The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not reques ted that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.	
	3.	Respondent was a recipient of FAP benefits during the period of February 1, 2011 through July 31, 2011.	
	4.	From December 1, 2010 through July 31, 2011, the Claimant failed to report his employment and income from	
5.		Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the res ponsibility to report all changes within 10 days.	
	6.	Respondent had no appar ent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.	
	7.	The Department's OIG indicates t hat the time period they are considering the fraud period is February 1, 2011 through July 31, 2011.	
	8.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was is sued \$ in F AP benefits.	
	9.	During the alleged fraud period, Re spondent was entitled to \$ in FAP benefits.	
10.		The Department \boxtimes has $\ \ \Box$ has not establish ed that Respondent committed an IPV.	
	11.	A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \boxtimes was \square was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.	

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Food Assistanc e Program (FAP) (formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program) is establis hed by the Food St amp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or Department) administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

In this case, the Department has requested a disqualification hearing to establish an overissuance of benefits as a result of an IPV and the Department has asked that the respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits. The Department's manuals provide the following relevant policy statements and instructions for Department caseworkers.

When a customer client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. BAM 700. A suspected intentional program violation means an overissuance where:

- the client intentionally fa iled to report information on or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- the client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- the client has no apparent ph ysical or mental impairment that limits his or her understand ing or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

The Department suspects an intentional program violation when the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing, or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. There must be clear and convincing evidence that the client acted intentionally for this purpose. BAM 720.

The Department's Office of Inspector Gene ral processes intentio nal program hearings for overissuances referred to the em for invest igation. The Office of Inspector General represents the Department during the hearing process. The Office of Inspector General requests intentional program hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total overissuanc e amount is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud in receipt of assistance.
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

Date Signed: February 13, 2013

Date Mailed: February 13, 2013

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an intentional program violation disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients that commit an intentional program violation are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different per iod. Clients are disqualified for periods of one y ear for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime dis qualification for t he third IPV, and ten y ears fo r a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720. This is the respondent's first intentional program violation.

Based on the credible testimony and other evidence presented, I have conc luded the OIG established, under the cl ear and convincing st andard, that Respondent committed an IPV in t his matter. As at no time did the Respondent inform the Department of his employment and income as he knew he was required to do in order to receive additional benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

I find, based	upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:		
1.	Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not commit an IPV		
2.	Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not rec eive an overissuanc e of program benefits in the amount of \$ from the following program(s) \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC.		
	ment is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of cordance with Department policy.		
It is FURT HER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FAP for a period of 12 months.			
	/s/		
	Corey A. Arendt		
	Administrative Law Judge		
	for Maura D. Corrigan, Director		
	Department of Human Services		

NOTICE: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

CAA/las

CC:

