STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN	IHE	MAI	IEK	OF:

Reg. No.: 2013-4997

Issue No.: 3055

Case No.: Hearing Date:

County:

February 12, 2013 Saginaw County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on February 12, 2013 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was he ld in Respondent's a bsence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).

ISSUES

	1550	<u> </u>			
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance	d Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of			
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)	☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)☐ Child Development and Care (CDC)			
	benefits that the Department is entitled to	recoup?			
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Pro	ogram Violation (IPV)?			
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving				
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ Medical Assistance (MA) ☐ Child Development and Care (CDC)?	☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)			

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG fil ed a hearing request on October 18, 2012 to est ablish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.			
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Resp ondent be dis qualified fr or receiving program benefits.			
3.	Respondent was a recipient of FAP benef its during the period of January 1, 1999 through July 31, 1999.			
4.	Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibelility to report all changes within 10 days.			
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.			
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is January 1, 1999 through July 31, 1999.			
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Re spondent was issued \$ in FAP benefits from the State of Michigan.			
8.	Respondent was entitled to \$0 in FAP benefits during this time period.			
9.	Respondent			
10	. The Department $oxtimes$ has $oxtimes$ has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.			
11	.This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third IPV.			
12	.A notice of disqualificat ion hearing was mailed to Res pondent at the last known address and ⊠ was □ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.			
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW				
De	epartment policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the			

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The FAP [formerly known as the Food Stamp (F S) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in T itle 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

A Family I ndependence Program (FIP) issue was raised during the hearing. However, the notice of case action and hearing pack et were returned as undeliverable so I lack the necessary authority and jurisdiction to hear this specific issue. Therefore, I will be

dismissing this issue as to allow the Depa rtment an opportunity to locate a current address.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuanc es are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualifi ed for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years fo r the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

In this cas e, the OIG provided unequivocal evidence that Respo ndent reported to the Department that her childr en were living with her thr oughout the time period she received FAP benefits when in r eality the children were living with their grandmother in California.

Based on the credible testimony and other evidence presented, I have concluded the OIG established, under the clear and convincing standard, that Respondent committed an IPV in this matter. The Respondent continued to falsely report her children as livin g with her in order to receive benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

I have concluded, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

- 1. Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not commit an IPV
- 2. Respondent did did not receive an overissuance of program benefits in the amount of from the FAP program.

It is ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FAP for a period of 12 months.

The Family Independence Program (FIP) issue raised by the Department is dismissed without prejudice.

<u>/s/</u>

Corey A. Arendt Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: February 13, 2013

Date Mailed: February 13, 2013

NOTICE: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

CAA/las

CC:

