STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 201344944

Issue No.: 1005

Case No.: Hearing Date: June 4, 2013

County: Wayne-15 County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administ rative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on June 4, 2013, from Lansing, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included and behalf of Department of Human Services (Department) included a nd

ISSUE

Did the Department properly close the Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) case?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. On March 15, 2013, the De partment sent the Claimant a PATH participation notice. The notice indicated the Claimant had to a ttend and participate in PATH with a first appointment of March 25, 2013.
- 2. On March 25, 2013, the Claimant attended and completed the first part of the PATH orientation.
- 3. On March 26, 2013, the Claimant failed to participate in the second part of the orientation.
- 4. On April 22, 2013, the D epartment sent the Claimant a notice of case action and notice of noncompliance. The notice of case action indicated the Claimant 's FIP benefits were closing effective June 1, 2013. The notice of noncompliance indicated the Claimant had a triage on April 30, 2013.

- 5. On April 30, 2013, the Claimant participa ted in a toriage. During the triage, the Claimant did not provide to the Department with a good cause reason as to why she failed to complete the orientation process.
- 6. On April 30, 2013, the Claimant requested a hearing to dispute the FIP closure.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The FIP was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, *et seq*. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

DHS requires clients to participate in employ ment and self-sufficiency-related activities and to accept employ ment when offered. Our focus is to assist clients in removing barriers so they can participate in activities which lead to self-sufficiency. However, there are consequences for a client who refuses to participate, without good cause.

The goal of the FIP penalty po licy is to obtain client compliance with appropriate wor k and/or self-sufficiency-related assignment s and to ensure t hat barriers to such compliance have been identified and removed. The goal is to bring the client into compliance.

A Work Eligible Indiv idual (WEI), see <u>BEM 228</u>, w ho fails, wit hout good cause, to participate in employment or self-sufficiency-related activities, must be penalized.

The only issue in this case is whether or not the Claimant comp lied with the P ATH orientation as required and requested by the Department.

Testimony and other evidence must be we ighed and considered according to its reasonableness. Moreover, the weight and credibi lity of this evidence is generally for the fact-finder to determine. In evaluating the credibility and weight to be given the testimony of a witness, the fact-finder may consider the demeanor of the witness, the reasonableness of the witness is testimony, and the interest, if any, the witness may have in the outcome of the matter.

I have carefully considered and weighed the testimony and other evidence in the record and find the Department's witnesses to be mo re credible than the Claimant as the Department witnesses had a cleare r grasp of the dates, time s and events in question

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¹ Gardiner v Courtright, 165 Mich 54, 62; 130 NW 322 (1911); Dep't of Community Health v Risch, 274 Mich App 365, 372; 733 NW2d 403 (2007).

² Dep't of Community Health, 274 Mich App at 372; People v Terry, 224 Mich App 447, 452; 569 NW2d 641 (1997).

³ People v Wade, 303 Mich 303 (1942), cert den, 318 US 783 (1943).

and because the Department h ad documentation to corroborate their claims (PATH orientation notice). Furthermore, I found the Claimant's argument and recollection of facts unpersuasive in the abs ence of any s upporting documentation, including but not limited to documentation to explain the PATH orientation was not required.

Based upon the abov e Findings of Fact and Conclus ions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, I find the Department properly closed the Claimant's FIP case.

DECISION AND ORDER

I find based upon the above F indings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Department did act properly.

Accordingly, the Department's FIP decision is **AFFIRMED**.

Corey A. Arendt Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: June 5, 2013

Date Mailed: June 5, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order. MAHS will not or der a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing **MAY** be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address ot her relevant iss ues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings

Recons ideration/Rehearing Request

P. O. Box 30639

Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CAA/las

CC:

