STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

2013-4422 2006, 3008

January 14, 2013

Wayne (82-76)

IN THE MATTER OF:

reduced Claimant's benefits .

	Reg. No.: Issue Nos.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Robert J. Chavez	
<u>HEARI</u>	NG DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 14, 2013, from Detroit, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included . Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included .

ISSUE

<u>1000L</u>		
pro	be to a failure to comply with the verification requirements, did the Department operly \prod deny Claimant's application \boxtimes close Claimant's case \prod reduce Claimant's nefits for:	
\boxtimes	Family Independence Program (FIP)? Food Assistance Program (FAP)? Medical Assistance (MA)? State Disability Assistance (SDA)? Child Development and Care (CDC)?	
FINDINGS OF FACT		
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, including testimony of witnesses, finds as material fact:		
1.	Claimant ☐ applied for ☒ was receiving: ☐FIP ☒FAP ☒MA ☐SDA ☐CDC.	
2.	Claimant was required to submit requested verification paperwork by September 27, 2012.	
3.	On October 3, 2012, the Department denied Claimant's application. closed Claimant's case.	

4.	On October 3, 2012, the Department sent notice of the ☐ denial of Claimant's application. ☐ closure of Claimant's case. ☐ reduction of Claimant's benefits.
5.	On October 12, 2012, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of Claimant's application. ☐ closure of Claimant's case. ☐ reduction of Claimant's benefits.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	epartment policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges gibility Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Re 42 Ag 31	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal esponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence lency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1997 AACS R 400.3101-31. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective stober 1, 1996.
pro im Re Ag	The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) ogram] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is plemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal egulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence lency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1997 AACS R 0.3001-3015
Se Th	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social curity Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). e Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the A program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 400.105.
for as	The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program which provides financial assistance disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department (formerly known the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 0.10, et seq., and 1998-2000 AACS R 400.3151-400.3180.
an 19 Th an	The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE d XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 90, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. e program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 d 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 0.14(1) and 1997 AACS R 400.5001-5015.

Additionally, the evidence shows that Claimant failed to submit proper requested verification paperwork.

did act properly

Claimant testified that the paperwork requesting verification was received. Furthermore, the verifications requested were such needed to determine asset eligibility, as both the FAP and MA programs have asset limits. BEM 400.

While the undersigned is sympathetic to Claimant's argument that she withdrew her member add request that triggered the verification requirements, the fact remains that, once the Department was aware of changed circumstances that would normally trigger a verification requirement, verification must be submitted. BAM 130. At the moment Claimant reported a change in her circumstances, Claimant's asset eligibility was in doubt (and, therefore, needed verification); simply removing her original request does not change the fact that Claimant's asset eligibility was in doubt. Therefore, the Department still had the impetus to request verification, and Claimant was required to provide such verification.

Claimant also testified that she had returned this verification many months before; however, the Department could not find evidence of this fact in the file, nor could Claimant support her testimony with evidence. Claimant was unsure as to when this documentation was returned and could not provide any information to lend credibility to her testimony. Regardless, if Claimant believed a particular verification to have been turned in prior to a verification request, Claimant, when receiving this request, should have, at the very least, contacted the Department to confirm the need for a verification. If Claimant fails to ask questions as to what is actually needed, despite a specific request from the Department, Claimant cannot be surprised when assistance is terminated for failing to return the requested document.

Therefore, as there is no evidence that Claimant failed to receive the documentation request, and as Claimant admits that the documentation request was sent and received, and given that there is no evidence that the documentation requested was returned timely, and given that the Department had an actual need for the requested documents to determine eligibility for the programs in question, the undersigned holds that the case was properly closed. As such, the Department was correct when it closed the benefit case in question.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department \boxtimes properly \square improperly		
☐ closed Claimant's case.☐ denied Claimant's application.☐ reduced Claimant's benefits.		
DECISION AND ORDER		

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions

of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department

did not act properly.

Accordingly, the Department's decision is AFFIRMED REVERSED for the

reasons stated on the record.

Robert J. Chavez
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: February 5, 2013

Date Mailed: February 5, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome
 of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

RJC/pf

