#### STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

### IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:

2013-31075 1005,1038,3029

March 27, 2013 Wayne (41)

## ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Zainab Baydoun

## **HEARING DECISION**

This matter is before the undersigned Admini strative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was conducte d from Detroit, Michigan on Wednesday, March 27, 2013. The Claimant appeared and testified. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services ("Department") included , PATH Worker; Family Independenc e Manager; , Eligibilit y Spec ialist; and

PATH Career Coach (Michigan Works).

## <u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department proper ly close Claimant's cash a ssistance (FIP) case and reduc e her food assistance (FAP) benefits due to a fa ilure to participate in employ ment and/or self sufficiency-related activities?

## FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- Claimant was an ongoing recipient of FIP and FAP benefits.
- 2. On December 17, 2012, the Departm ent sent Claimant a Noncompliance Warning Notice due to her lack of att endance in the SERCO Job. Education and Training Program. (Exhibit 2).

- 3. The Nonc ompliance Warning Notice instructed Claimant to appear at a reengagement meeting scheduled for December 26, 2012. (Exhibit 2).
- 4. Claimant did not attend the reengagement meeting.
- 5. On January 4, 2013, the Department sent Claimant a Notice of Noncompliance instructing her to attend a triage appo intment on January 10, 2013 to disc uss whether good cause existed for the noncompliance. (Exhibit 1. pp.4-5).
- 6. Claimant did not attend the triage meeting.
- On January 4, 2013, the Department s ent Claimant a Notice of Case Action informing her that the Department int ended to terminate her FIP benefits and reduce her FAP benefits effective February 1, 2013 for failure to participat e in employment and/or self sufficiency-related activities. (Exhibit 4).
- Claimant's FIP case closed effective F ebruary 1, 2013 for failure to participate in employment and/or s elf sufficiency-related activities a nd a three month sanction was imposed.
- 9. Claimant's FAP benefits were reduced effective February 1, 2013 for failure to participate in employment and/or self sufficiency-related activities.
- 10. On February 15, 2013, the Department received the Claimant's request for a hearing disputing the closur e of her FIP case and the reduction of her FAP benefits.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, *et seq*. The Department (formerly k nown as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 t hrough R 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Feder al Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Fam ily Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq* ., and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 through R 400.3015.

### FIP

As a condition of FIP eligibie lity, all Work Eligible Indi viduals ("WEI") must engage in employment and/or s elf-sufficiency related activities. BEM 233A (November 1, 2012), p. 1. The WEI can be consid ered noncompliant for several reasons including: failing or refusing to appear and participate with t he work participation program or other employment service provider, failing or refusing to appear for a scheduled appointment or meeting related to assigne d activities, and failing or refusing to participate in employment and/or self sufficiency related activities. BEM 233A, pp 1, 2. Good caus e is a valid reason for noncomple iance with employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities t hat are based on fac tors that are beyond the control of the noncompliant person. BEM 233A, pp. 3, 4. Good cause includes any of the following: employment for 40 hours/ week, physically or mentally unfit, illness or injury, reasonable accommodation, no child care, no transportati on, illeg al activ ities, discrimination, unplanned event or factor, long commute or eligibility for an extended FIP period. BEM 233A, p. 4. A WEI, and non-WEIs who fails, without good cause, to participate in employment or self-sufficiency-related activities, must be penalized. BEM 233A, p.1.

In processing a FIP c losure, the Department is required to send the client a notice of noncompliance, which must in clude the date(s) of the noncompliance; the r eason the client was determined to be noncompliant; and the penalty duration. BEM 233A. p.8-9. Pursuant to BAM 220, a Notice of Case Ac tion must also be sent which provides the reason(s) for the action. BAM 220 (Nov ember 1, 2012), p. 9. Work participation program participants will not be terminated from a work participation program without first scheduling a triage meeting with the c lient to jointly disc uss noncompliance and good cause. BEM 233A, p. 7. Clients must comply with triage requirements and provide good cause verification within the negative action period. BEM 233A, p. 7. Good cause is based on the best information available dur ing the triage and prior to the negative action date. BEM 233A, p. 8. The firs t occurrence of non-co mpliance without good cause results in FIP closure for not less than three calendar months; the second occurrence results in closure for not less than six months; and a third occurrence results in a FIP lifetime sanction. BEM 233A, p. 6.

In this cas e, Claimant was an ongoing recipi ent of FIP benefits. As a c ondition of receiving FIP benefits, Claimant was required to submit documentation of her education logs and job search logs and report to the Department once a week. The Department testified that due to Claimant's noncompliance with providing complete logs in a timely manner and not meet ing her weekly hourly requirements, on December 17, 2012, the Department sent Claimant a Noncompliance Warning Notice due to he r lack of attendance in the SERCO Job. Education and Training Program. (Exhibit 2). A Reengagement Meeting was held on December 26. 2012 at 10:00 am, which Claimant failed to attend. (Exhibit 2, p.2). On Decem ber 26, 20 12 at around 5:00 pm, Claimant appeared at the local Department office to submit education and job search logs. Claimant did not provide the Department with any reas on why she failed to attend the reengagement meeting earlier that day. At the hearing Cla imant testified that although she received the Noncompliance Warning Notice, she did not attend the reengagement

meeting because she did not know she was required to and thought that she only needed to submit her logs.

The Department evidence established that Claimant's documentation of her education and job search logs were incomplete, and she failed to attend the reengagement meeting on January 4, 2013. The Department sent Claimant a Notice of Noncompliance instructing her to attend a triage appoint ment on January 10, 2013 to discuss whether good cause existed for the noncomplianc e. (Exhibit 1, p. 4). On January 4, 2013, the Department also sent Claimant a Notice of Case Action informing her that the Department intended to terminate her FIP benefits effective February 1, 2013 for failure and/or self sufficiency-relat to participate in employment ed activities (Exhibit 4). Claimant did not attend the tr iage meeting held on J anuary 10, 2013. At the hearing, Claimant testified that she did not receive the Notice of Noncompliance until January 10. 2013, the same day the triage meeting was scheduled to be held. Claimant stated that it was a school day for her and that when she returned from school, she found the Notice after the triage meeting was over. Claimant testified that she tried to get in contact with the Department to reschedule her triage m eeting but could not r each her c ase worker. Claimant timely received all other notices and communications ma iled to her by the Department without issue.

The Department determined that Claimant did not have good c ause for her failure t o attend the triage meeting and her noncom pliance with work-related activities and the Department closed Claimant's F IP case e ffective February 1, 2013. A three month penalty was imposed. (Exhibit 3). At the he aring, Claimant did not provide any good cause rea sons for her inab ility to comply with t he require ment that she sub mit documentation of her education logs and job searches in person on a weekly basis as required under BEM 233A. As such, the D epartment properly te rminated F IP benefits and impos ed a three month penalty based on Claimant's noncompliance wit h employment and/or self-sufficiency-related required activities without good cause. Accordingly, the Department's actions are AFFIRMED.

# FAP

Additionally, Claimant requested a hearing to address the decrease in her FAP benefits. Noncompliance without good c ause with employment require ments for FIP may affect FAP if both programs were active on the e date of FIP noncomp liance. BEM 233B (November 1, 2012), p. 1. An individual is dis qualified from a FAP group for noncompliance when the client had active FIP and FAP benefits on the date of the FIP noncompliance; the client di d not comply with the FIP em ployment requirements; the client is subject to penalty on the FIP program; the client is not deferred from FAP wor k requirements; and the client did not have good cause for r the noncompliance e. BEM 233B, p. 2. The Department will, however, defer a person who personally provides care for a child under age six who is in the FAP group. BEM 233B, p.3.

In this case, the Department sent Claimant a Notice of Case Action on January 4, 2013, informing her that the Department intended to disqualify her as a FAP group member and reduc e her FAP benefits to \$200.00 effect ive February 1, 2013 for failure to

participate in employ ment and/or self-sufficiency-relat ed activities. At the hearing, the Department testified that because Claimant is a caretaker for a child under six years old who is in the FAP group, Claimant is not subject to disqualification for failure to comply with the FIP employment requirements. A s a result, the Department presented an eligibility summary verifying that on March 18, 2013, the Department issued supplemental FAP benefits to Claimant in the amount of \$167.00 to cover the months of February and March 2013. (Exhibit 5). Claim ant was satisfied with this action and no longer wished to have this issue addressed at the hearing.

### DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the re cord, finds that the Department acted in accordance with Department policy when it terminated Claimant 's FIP benefits due t o noncompliance without good cause and impos ed the three month penalty for non-participation.

Accordingly, it is ORDERED:

1. The Department's termination of FIP benefits and imposition of a three month sanction is AFFIRMED.

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Zainab Baydoun Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: April 3, 2013

Date Mailed: April 3, 2013

**NOTICE:** Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order . MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
  - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
  - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
  - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings

Re consideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

#### ZB/cl

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