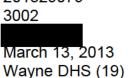
STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 201329079 Issue No.: 3002 Case No.: Hearing Date: County:



ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Christian Gardocki

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on March 13, 2013, from Detroit, Michigan. Participants included the above-named claimant. t testified and appeared as Claimant's authorized hearing representative (AHR) Participants on behalf of Department of Human Services (DHS) included , Specialist, and , Supervisor.

ISSUE

The issue is whether DHS properly redetermined Claimant's Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefit eligibility.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant was an ongoing FAP benefit recipient.
- Claimant was the only member of a FAP benefit group.
- 3. Claimant's benefit period was scheduled to expire at the end of 2/2013.
- 4. Claimant had a monthly unearned income of \$961/month.
- 5. Claimant had a \$398/month shelter expense.

- 6. On an unspecified date prior to 2/4/13, Claimant completed and returned a Redetermination to DHS which reported a \$398/month shelter expense.
- 7. On 2/4/13, DHS determined Claimant to be eligible for \$38/month in FAP benefits, effective 3/2013, in part, based on a rent obligation of \$0.
- 8. On 2/11/13, Claimant requested a hearing to dispute the FAP benefit determination.
- 9. On 2/14/13, Claimant submitted documentation to DHS verifying a \$398/month obligation.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Food Assistance Program (formerly known as the Food Stamp Program) is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). DHS administers the FAP pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws 400.10, *et seq.*, and Michigan Administrative Code R 400.3001-3015. DHS regulations are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The present case concerns a FAP benefit eligibility redetermination effective 3/2013. Specifically, Claimant requested a hearing disputing the DHS redetermination made on 2/4/13. Claimant requested a hearing because the redetermined benefit amount reduced Claimant's FAP benefit eligibility from \$200 to \$38. BEM 556 outlines the proper procedures for calculating FAP benefit eligibility.

It was not disputed that Claimant received \$961/month in Retirement, Survivors, Disability Insurance (RSDI). Claimant had no other income.

DHS uses certain expenses to determine net income for FAP eligibility and benefit levels. BEM 554 (11/2012), p. 1. For groups without a senior (over 60 years old), disabled or disabled veteran (SDV) member, DHS considers the following expenses: child care, excess shelter (housing and utilities) up to a capped amount and court-ordered child support and arrearages paid to non-household members. For groups containing SDV members, DHS also considers the medical expenses for the SDV group member(s) and an uncapped excess shelter expense. It was not disputed that Claimant was a disabled individual.

Verified medical expenses for SDV groups, child support and day care expenses are subtracted from a client's monthly countable income. DHS applies a \$35/month copayment to monthly medical expenses. DHS gave Claimant a \$105/month credit for medical expenses. After applying the \$35 copayment, Claimant's running income total is \$891.

Claimant's FAP benefit group receives a standard deduction of \$148. RFT 255 (10/2012), p. 1. The standard deduction is given to all FAP benefit groups, though the amount varies based on the benefit group size. The standard deduction is also subtracted from the countable monthly income to calculate the group's adjusted gross income. The adjusted gross income amount is found to be \$743.

It was not disputed that Claimant reported a \$398/month rent obligation. It was not disputed that Claimant verified the obligation on 2/12/13. As of the date that DHS processed Claimant's redetermination (2/4/13), Claimant had not yet verified the expense. DHS is to verify shelter expenses at application and when a change is reported. BEM 554 (10/2012), p. 11.

Claimant verified the rent obligation in time to affect 3/2013 FAP benefit eligibility. That fact is irrelevant to the present hearing decision. Looking at the FAP benefit redetermination of 2/4/13, the action date attached to Claimant's hearing request, DHS properly did not credit Claimant with a rent credit because Claimant had not yet verified the credit.

DHS gives a flat utility standard to all clients. BEM 554 (1/2011), pp. 11-12. The utility standard of \$575 (see RFT 255 (10/2012, p. 1) encompasses all utilities (water, gas, electric, telephone) and is unchanged even if a client's monthly utility expenses exceed the \$575 amount. The total shelter obligation is calculated by adding Claimant's housing expenses to the utility credit; this amount is found to be \$575.

DHS only credits FAP benefit groups with what DHS calls an "excess shelter" expense. This expense is calculated by taking Claimant's total shelter obligation and subtracting half of Claimant's adjusted gross income. Claimant's excess shelter amount is found to be \$204 (rounding up).

The FAP benefit group's net income is determined by taking the group's adjusted gross income and subtracting the allowable excess shelter expense. The FAP benefit group's net income is found to be \$539. A chart listed in RFT 260 is used to determine the proper FAP benefit issuance. Based on Claimant's group size and net income, Claimant's proper FAP benefit issuance is found to be \$38, the same amount calculated by DHS.

DHS testified that Claimant received \$200 in FAP benefits for 3/2013 because Claimant's hearing request prevented the reduction from occurring until the hearing outcome. Claimant is eligible for an updated FAP benefit redetermination for 3/2013, but only because the shelter amount verification eventually was ly submitted, not because DHS improperly processed Claimant's eligibility. As also noted during the hearing, the yet to be made FAP benefit redetermination should exclude the Medicare premium which is now paid by DHS.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that DHS properly determined Claimant's eligibility for FAP benefits, effective 3/2013 and as of 2/4/13, as \$38. The actions taken by DHS are AFFIRMED.

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Christian Gardocki Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 3/21/2013

Date Mailed: 3/21/2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome
 of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CG/hw

