STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:				
	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2013-20627 2026 May 9, 2013 Wayne (76)		
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susan C. Burke				
HEARING DECISION				
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request to telephone hearing was held on May 9, 2013, from behalf of Claimant included Claimant. Participal Human Services (Department) included	for a hearing. m Detroit, Michig	After due notice, a gan. Participants on		
<u>ISSUE</u>				
Did the Department properly ☐ deny Claimant's ☐ calculate Claimant's Medical Assistance (MA) d	· · · —	ose Claimant's case		
FINDINGS OF FACT				
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the cevidence on the whole record, finds as material face	•	rial, and substantial		
 Claimant ☐ applied for benefits ☒ received be 	enefits for:			

Adult Medical Assistance (AMP).

State Disability Assistance (SDA). Child Development and Care (CDC).

Family Independence Program (FIP).

Food Assistance Program (FAP).

Medical Assistance (MA).

	On December 14, 2012, the Department denied Claimant's application closed Claimant's case aimant's deductible.	calculated
3.	On December 14, 2012, the Department sent Claimant Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the denial. closure. calculation.	
4.	On December 21, 2012, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ closure of the case. ☒ calculation.	

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105.

In addition, BEM 530, p. 3 instructs with regard to estimating income:

Prospecting income means arriving at a best estimate of the person's income. Prospect income when you are estimating income to be received in a processing or future month. Your best estimate may not be the exact amount of income received.

Some of the reasons income fluctuates is because:

- The number of hours worked in a month may fluctuate.
- The amount of tips may vary from payday to payday. Use the following guidelines for prospecting income:
- For fluctuating earned income, use the expected hourly wage and hours to be worked, as well as the payday schedule, to estimate earnings.
- Paystubs showing year-to-date earnings and frequency of pay are usually as good as multiple paystubs to verify income.
- A certain number of paystubs is not required to verify income. If even one paystub reflects the hours and wages indicated on the application, that is sufficient information.
- If a person reports a pay rate change and/or an increase or

decrease in the number of hours they usually work, use the new amount even if the change is not reflected on any aystubs.

• If you have an opportunity to talk with the client, that may help establish the best estimate of future income.

In the present case, the Department alleged in its hearing summary that Claimant had earned income of about \$225.99 per month. However, although the Department included two pay stubs in its exhibits, it did not clarify how the \$225.99 figure was reached. In addition, although the Department included Exhibit 2A to show net income, the Department did not show which figures were input into the budget to arrive at the net income of \$449.00. It therefore cannot be concluded that the Department was correct in arriving at the MA deductible of \$74.00 per month.

correct in arriving at the MA deductible of \$74.00 per month.
Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department
 □ properly denied Claimant's application □ properly closed Claimant's case □ properly calculated Claimant's benefits □ improperly closed Claimant's case □ properly calculated Claimant's benefits □ improperly calculated Claimant's MA deductible.
DECISION AND ORDER
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department ☐ did act properly. ☐ did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's \square AMP \square FIP \square FAP \boxtimes MA \square SDA \square CDC decision is \square AFFIRMED \boxtimes REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED SHALL BEGIN TO INITIATE THE FOLLOWING STEPS WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE MAILING OF THIS ORDER:
 Re-calculate Claimant's MA deductible, December 1, 2012 and ongoing. Notify Claimant in writing of the MA deductible, if any.

Susan C. Burke

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 28, 2013

Date Mailed: May 29, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SCB/tm

