STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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Reg. No.: 2013-20492 Issue No.: 1052, 3055

Case No.: Hearing Date:

March 13, 2013

County: Jackson County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on March 13, 2013 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).

ISSUES

1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of				
		☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)☐ Child Development and Care (CDC)			
	benefits that the Department is entitled to r	recoup?			
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Pro	gram Violation (IPV)?			
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from re	eceiving			
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)	☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)☐ Child Development and Care (CDC)?			

FINDINGS OF FACT

I find as material fact, based on the compet ent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on December 27, 2012 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG $oxed{oxed}$ has $oxed{oxed}$ has not requested that Resp $oxed{oxed}$ ondent be dis qualified fr om receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of FIP benefits during the period of September 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010 and a recipien t of FAP b enefits during the period of September 1, 2010 through January 31, 2011.
4.	Respondent 🖂 was 🗌 was not aware of the responsib ility to report all changes within 10 days.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period for FIP is September 1, 2010 through December 31 , 2010 and September 1, 2010 through January 31, 2011 for FAP.
7.	During the alleged fraud per iod of September 1, 2010 th rough December 31, 2010, the Respondent was issued in FIP benefits. During the alleged fraud period of September 1, 2010 through January 31, 2011, the Respondent was issued \$ in FAP benefits.
8.	During the time period in question, the Respondent was entitled to \$0 in FIP benefits and \$ in FAP benefits.
9. I	Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not receive an OI in t he amount of \$\\$\\$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
10.	The Department \boxtimes has $\ \ \Box$ has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.
11.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third IPV.
12.	A notice of disqualificat ion hearing was mailed to Res pondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Bri dges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The FAP [formerly known as the Food Stamp (F S) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in T itle 7 of t he Code of Federal Regulations (CF R). The Department

(formerly known as the Fa mily Independence Agenc y) admin isters FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

The FIP was established pursuant to the Per sonal Res ponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, et seq. The Department administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. Department policies are found in the BAM, BEM and the BRM.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700. Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit over issuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total over issuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total over issuance amount is less than \$1000

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Based on the credible testimony and other evidence presented, I have concluded the OIG established, under the clear and convincing standard, that Respondent committed an IPV in this matter. The Respondent did not properly notify the Department of her daughters RSDI income as she knew she was supposed to in order to receive additional benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

I find, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:
1. Respondent ☑ did □ did not commit an IPV
2. Respondent ☐ did ☐ did not receive an overissuance of program benefits in the amount of \$ from the following program(s) ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC.
The Depar tment is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.
It is FURT HER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FIP and FAP for a period of 12 months.
<u>/s/</u> Corey A. Arendt
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Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director
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Department of Human Services

Date Signed: March 14, 2013

Date Mailed: March 14, 2013

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

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