STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

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Reg. No.: 2013 18016

Issue No.: 3052

Case No.:

Hearing Date: April 10, 2013 County: Wayne (15)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Lynn M. Ferris

HEARING DECISION FOR CONCURRENT BENEFITS INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing dated December 18, 2012. After d ue notice, a telephone hearing was held on April 10, 2013 from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Participants on behalf of Respondent included: Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5). ISSUES 1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Family Independence Program (FIP) Medical Assistance Program (MA) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup? 2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation IPV and receiv concurrent FAP benefits? 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving Family Independence Program (FIP) Food Assistance Program (FAP)

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on December 18, 2012 to establish ar OI of FAP benefits and an Intentional Progr am Violation by Respondent as a result of Respondent having received concurrent program benefits and, as such, allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG $oxtimes$ has $oxtimes$ has not requested that Resp $$ ondent be dis qualified fr on receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of \boxtimes FAP \square FIP \square MA benefits during the period of January 1, 2012 through August 1, 2012.
4.	On the Assistance Application signed by Respondent on June 24, 2010, Respondent reported that she/he intended to stay in Michigan.
5.	Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report changes in her/his residence to the Department.
6.	Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
7.	Respondent began us ing \boxtimes FAP \square FIP \square MA benefits outside of the State of Michigan beginning in October 10, 2011. Exhibit 1 pp.25.
8.	The Respondent lived in Texas during the alleged fraud period. Exhibit 1, pp25.
9.	The OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is January 1. 2012 through August 1, 2012. Exhibit 1, pp 26
10	During the alleged fr aud period, Respondent was issued \$1600 in $\ igtimes$ FAP $\ igcap$ FIFMA benefits from the State of Michigan.
11	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was receiving concurrent FAP benefits from the State of Michigan an d was receiving FAP benefits in the State of Texas Exhibit 1, pp 25
12	. The Department \boxtimes has \square has not established that Respondent received concurrent FAP benefits form both Michigan and Texas and thus committed an IPV.
13	This was Respondent's ⊠ first □ second □ third IPV for EAP benefits

14. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and ☐ was ☐ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT). The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly k nown as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seg., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. The Food Assistance e Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS)] program] is establis hed by the Food St amp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independenc e Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seg., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015. The Medical Ass istance (MA) program is es tablished by the Title XIX of the Soc ial Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independenc e Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MC L 400.105.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, DHS must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuance are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previ ous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance.
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV di squalifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient r emains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible gr oup members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a diffe rent period, or except when the overissuance relates to MA. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwis e eligible. BAM 710. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, in this matter a thorough r eview of the evidence provided by the Department did establish conc urrent receipt of FAP benefits from Mi chigan and Texas. A review of the proofs offered to establish Claimant's Texas residence was sufficient as the letter confirmed a Texas address and was provided by the Stat e of Texas and the Department of Human Services Commission.

The corres pondence by letter provided by the State of Texas indicates the Claimant began receiving food assistance as of December 19, 2011 with an end date of October 31, 2012. Exhibit 1 pp.25.

Based on the foregoing the Department did establish by clear and convinc ing evidence that the Claimant did receive concurrent benefits from Michigan and Texas and thus did

establish an IPV. BAM 720. The Depart ment has established that it is entitled to a finding of overissuance in the amount of \$1600 and a recoupment for that amount.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

 Respondent ☐ did not commit an IPV with regard to concurrent receipt of FAP benefits.
2. Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not receive an OI of prog_ram benefits in the amount_of \$1600 (FAP) from the following program(s) ☒ FAP ☐ FIP ☐ MA.
☑ The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$1600 in accordance with Department policy.
☐ The Department is ORDERED to reduce the OI to \$ for the period , and initiate recoupment procedures in accordance with Department policy.
☑ It is FURTHER O RDERED that Respondent be person ally disqualified from participation in the F AP program for 10 y ears. This disqualification period shall begin immediately as of the date of this Order.

Lynn M. Ferris
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: April 22, 2013

Date Mailed: April 22, 2013

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

LMF/cl

CC:

