STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

Rea No:

IN THE MATTER OF:

in question.

5.

	Issue No: 2009
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Aaron McClintic	
DECISION AND ORDER	
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, an inperson hearing was held on the Claimant's Authorized Hearings Representative, person hearing was also represented by the control of the Claimant's Authorized Hearings and testified. The Department was also represented by the control of the Claimant's Authorized Hearings and testified.	
<u>ISSUE</u>	
Did the Department properly deny Claimant's Medical Assistance (MA-P) program application?	
FINDINGS OF FACT	
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:	
1.	Claimant applied for MA-P on the retroactive coverage back to the second
2.	Claimant's application was denied on Claimant was found not disabled by the Medical Review Team.
3.	Claimant requested hearing on, contesting the denial of MA-P.
4.	Claimant failed to appear at hearing. No evidence was presented at hearing regarding whether Claimant was working during the period of time

The State Hearing Review Team denied Claimant's appeal on

the Claimant's condition was of a severe nature at onset, but that this

, because the medical evidence of record indicates that

severity would not meet durational requirements for social security administration listing requirements. The evidence further indicates that the Claimant would reasonably be limited to performing light exertional tasks of a simple and repetitive nature.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

In order to receive MA benefits based upon disability or blindness, claimant must be disabled or blind as defined in Title XVI of the Social Security Act (20 R 416.901). The Department, being authorized to make such disability determinations, utilizes the SSI definition of disability when making medical decisions on MA applications. MA-P (disability), also is known as Medicaid, which is a program designated to help public assistance claimants pay their medical expenses.

The law defines disability as the inability to do substantial gainful activity (SGA) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. (20 CFR 416.905).

Because disability must be determined on the basis of medical evidence, Federal regulations have delineated a set order entailing a step sequential process for evaluating physical or mental impairments. When claimant is found either disabled or not disabled at any point in the process, the claimant is not considered further.

Addressing the following steps:

The first sequential step to be consider is whether the Claimant can perform Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA) defined in 20 CFR 416.920(b). In this case, the Claimant failed to appear at hearing and failed to present any evidence regarding whether she was working during the period in question. Therefore, the Claimant failed to present adequate proof that she was not engaging in SGA during the period in question.

It is the finding of the undersigned, based upon the evidence presented that the Claimant is not "disabled" at the first step.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Claimant is not medically disabled for the purposes of the MA-P program, pending a review of all non-medical eligibility factors.



Accordingly, the Department's decision in the above stated matter is, hereby, **AFFIRMED**.

Aaron McClintic
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: <u>02/07/2013</u> Date Mailed: <u>02/07/2013</u>

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision.
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant,
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

AM/kl

CC:

