STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



201267594 Reg. No: Issue No: 2009 Case No: Hearing Date: County DHS: Kent

November 21, 2012

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: William A. Sundquist

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Claimant 's request for a hearing. After due notice, а telephone hearing was held on November 21, 2012. Claim ant appeared along with his authorized representative and provided testimony on his behalf. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Servic es (Department) included and

The hearing record was extended 90 days for a second SHRT review of medical reports submitted at hearing. (Claimant Exhibits 1 & 2).

ISSUE

Was disability, as defined below, medically established?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant's MA-P applic ation on January 23, 2012 was denied on July 19, 2012, per BEM 260, with a hearing request on July 25, 2012.
- 2. Claimant was age 54, with a high sch ool or more education, and wor k experience as a semi-skilled/skilled design lay-out of landscaping projects, bar owner, usher for Van Andel area and restaurant cook.
- 3. Claimant's last employment ended June 2007 due to incarceration.
- alleges disability due to medically diagnosed dis orders of 4. Claimant degenerative disc disease and depression.

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- 5. Medical reports of exams state the Claimant on:
 - a. November 1, 2011, Claimant has no peripheral edema of the musculoskeletal/extremities; that he is we II de veloped, well nourished, and in no apparent distress. (DHS Exhibit A, Page 170).
 - b. December 22, 2011, Cla imant is in no app arent distress; that he moves easily s itting crossed-I egged on exam table exc ept for getting back on exam table from standing position; that he is oriented to person, place, and time ; that memory is intact; that affect and mood are normal ; that fluent conversation was appropriate with eye contact; that sensation is grossly intact to lig ht touch, equal bilaterally; that reflexes are 2/4 bilaterally; that gait is normal; that strength is 5/5 bilaterally. (DHS Exhibit A, Page 178).
 - February 24, 2012, Claimant is m oderately limited in ability to C. understand and remember 1 or 2- in structions, carry out simple, detailed instructions, perform one of 2-step instructions, carryout activities within a schedule, maintain regular attendance, and be punctual within customary toler ances, sustain an ordinary routine without supervision, work in coordination with proximity to others without being distracted by them , make simple work-related decisions, ask simple questions or request assistance, be aware of normal hazards and take appropria te precautions, set realis tic goals or make plans independently of others; that he is not significantly limited in ability to interact appropriate with the general public, and travel in u nfamiliar places or us e public transportation. (DHS Exhibit A, Pages 90 & 91).
 - d. June 17, 2012, Claim ant has a GA F score of 53. (DHS Exhibit A, Page 17).
 - e. February 3, 2012, Claimant has phys ical impairments plus emotional impairments that would constantly interfere with attention and concentration needed to perform simpl e work tasks; that he is incapable of even "low stress" jobs; that he is limited to walking 3 blocks before needing a rest; that he is able to sit at on e time for 5 minutes before needing to get up; that he can stand for 5 minutes before needing to sit down; walk around; that he can sit and stand/walk for a total of less t han 2 hours in an 8 hour work day; that he needs 10-15 minutes for r walking ar ound during an 8 hour work day; that he can walk each time 8-10 minutes; that he needs a job that permits shifting pos itions at will from sitting, standing or walking; that he will s ometimes need to take unsche duled breaks during an 8 hour work day; that th is will happen ev ery 15 minutes; that he will need 10-20 minutes befor e returning to work; that with

prolonged sitting his legs should be elevated; that he does not need a cane for standing/walking; that he can rarely lift/carry less than 10 pounds; that he can occasionally look down in a s ustained fluxion of neck, turn head right or left, I ook up, and hold head in static position; that he can rarely clim b stairs, occasionally twist, and never stoop, crouc h/squat, and cl imb ladders; that he has significant limitations with reaching, handling or finger ing; and that he is likely to be abs ent from work as a result of the impairments more than 4 days per month. (DHS Exhibit A, Pages 48-50).

6. SHRT report dated September 13, 2012, states the Claimants disorder does not meet/equal a social security listing. (DHS Exhibit A, Page 298).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is estab lished by Title XIX of the Social Sec urity Act and is implemented by T itle 42 of the C ode of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

Facts above are undisputed.

"Disability" is:

...the inability to do any substant ial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.... 20 CFR 416.905.

...We follow a set order to determine whether y ou are disabled. We review any current work activity, the severity of your impairment(s), your resi dual functional capacity, your past work, and your age, educati on and work experience. If we can find that you are disabled or not disabled at any point in the review, we do not review your claim further.... 20 CFR 416.920.

When determining disability, the federal regulations require that several considerations be analyzed in sequential order. If disability can be ruled out at any step, analysis of the next step is <u>not</u> required. These steps are:

- 1. Does the client perf orm S ubstantial Gainful Activity (SGA)? If yes, the client is ineligible for MA. If no, the analysis continues to Step 2. 20 CFR 416.920(b).
- 2. Does the client have a severe impairment that has lasted or is expected to last 12 months or more or result in death? If no, the cli ent is ineligible for MA. If yes, the analysis c ontinues to Step 3. 20 CF R 416.920(c).
- 3. Does the impairment appear on a spec ial listing of impairments or are the client's s ymptoms, signs, and laboratory findings at least eq uivalent in s everity to the set of medical findings specified for the listed impairment? If no, the analys is continues to Step 4. If yes, MA is approved. 20 CFR 416.290(d).
- 4. Can the client do the former work that he/she performed within the last 15 years? If yes, the client is ineligible for MA. If no, the analysis continues to Step 5. 20 CFR 416.920(e).
- Does the client have the Residual Functional Capacity (RFC) to perform other work according to the guidelines set forth at 20 CFR 404, Subpart P, Appendix 2, Sections 200. 00-204.00? If yes, the analysis ends and the client is ineligible for MA. If no, MA is approved. 20 CFR 416.920(f).

Step 1 disability is not denied. The evidence of record established the Claimant has not engaged in substantial gainful activity since June 2007.

Step 2 disability is not denied. The medic al evidence of record, on date of application, establishes the Claim ant's sign ificant functional ment al/physical incapacity, based on the de minimus standard, to do basic work activities for the required 1 year continuous duration, as defined below.

...If you do not have any impairment or combination of impairments which significantly limits your physical or mental ability to do basic work activities, we will find that you do not have a severe impairment and are, therefore, not di sabled. We will not consider your age, education, and work experience. 20 CFR 416.920(c).

Non-severe impairment(s). An impairment or combination of impairments is not severe if it does not signific antly limit

your physical or mental ability to do bas ic work activities. 20 CFR 416.921(a).

Basic w ork activities. When we talk about basic work activities, we mean the abilities and aptitudes neces sary to do most jobs. Examples of these include --

- (1) Physical functions such as walking, standing, sitting, lifting, pushing, pulling, reaching, carrying, or handling;
- (2) Capacities for seeing, hearing, and speaking;
- (3) Understanding, carrying out, and remembering simple instructions;
- (4) Use of judgment;
- (5) Responding appropriately to supervision, co-workers and usual work situations; and
- (6) Dealing with changes in a routine work setting. 20 CFR 416.921(b).

SEVERE IMPAIRMENT

To qualify for MA-P, claimant must first satisfy both the gai nful work and the duration criteria (20 CFR 416. 920(a)) before further review under severity criteria. If claimant does not have any impairment or combination of impairments which significantly limits physical or mental ability to do basic work activities, an ultimate ly favorable disability determination cannot result. (20 CFR 416.920(c)).

The Claimant has the burden of proof to establish dis ability, as defined above, by the preponderance of the medical evidence of record...20 CFR 416.912(a).

Claimant testified that he cannot do any work due to lack of concentration, poor memory, short-term memory loss, but that medications sometimes help; that physic ally he has no hand grip s trength; that he has c hronic hand/back pain; that he cannot bend over without pain; and that he cannot lift/carry any weight.

...Statements about your pain or other symptoms will not alone establish that you are disabled; there must be medical signs and laboratory findings which s how that you have a medical impairment.... 20 CFR 416.929(a). The medical evidence of record establishes Claimants GAF score of 53 in June, 2012. This score is considered a non-severe ment al impair ment with occupational-function. DSM-IV (4 th edition, revised). The mental restablishes the Claimants ability to understand, remember and carry out simple instructions.

Therefore, the Claimant has sustained his burden of proof to establish a severe physical (not mental) impairment, instead of a non-severe impairment, for the required duration. Therefore, the sequential evaluation is required to continue to the next step.

Step 3 dis ability is denied. The medical evidenc e of record, for the required duration, does not establish the Claima nt's impair ment meet/equal a Social Sec urity listed impairment.

Therefore, the sequential evaluation continues to the next step.

Step 4 dis ability is denied. The objective medical evi dence of record, on date of application, does not establis h the Claimants functional physi cal incapacity, despite his impairments, to perform any of his task wor k. (Findings of Fact 2) for the required 1 year continuous duration.

Therefore, medical disability has not been established at Steps 3 & 4 by the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he above findings of fact and conclusion s of law, decides that disability was not medically established.

Accordingly, SDA denial is UPHELD.

William A Sundquist

William A. Sundquist Administrative Law Judge For Maura D. Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: February 8, 2013

Date Mailed: February 8, 2013

<u>NOTICE</u>: Administrative Hearings may or der a re hearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at t he request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hear ings will not orde r a rehearing or

reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical e rror, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant,
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

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