### STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

### IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County: 2012-66041 2009; 4031

October 17, 2012 Muskegon County

#### ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Vicki L. Armstrong

# **HEARING DECISION**

This matter is before the undersigned Admini strative Law Judge upon the Claimant's request for a hearing made pursuant to Mi chigan Compiled Laws 400.9 and 400.37, which gov ern the administrative hearing a nd appeal process. After due notice, a telephone hearing was commenced on October 17, 2012, from Lansing, Michigan. Claimant personally appeared and testified. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included Assistant Payment Supervisor

#### **ISSUE**

Did the Department of Hum an Services (the department) properly determine that Claimant was no long er disabled and denie d his review application for State Disab ility Assistance (SDA) based upon medical improvement?

# FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- (1) Claimant was a State Disability Assistance (SDA) benefit recipient and his SDA case was scheduled for review in December, 2011.
- (2) On February 13, 2012, Claimant filed a Redet ermination for SDA benefits alleging continued disability.
- (3) On July 6, 2012, the Medical Re view Team denied Claimant's applic ation indicating that Claimant was denied for continuing eligibility. (Department Exhibit A, pp 1-2).
- (4) On July 11, 2012, the department case worker sent Claimant notice that his SDA case would be closed based upon medical improvement.

- (5) On July 18, 2012, Claimant filed a request for a hearing to contest the department's negative action.
- (6) On September 10, 2012, the St ate Hearing Review Tea m denie d Claimant's Redeter mination indicati ng that signific ant medical improvement has been evidenced and t he nature and sev erity of Claimant's impairments woul d not preclude work li ght exertional work activity for 90 days.
- (7) Claimant alleges his disabling impairments are back injuries and depression.
  - (8) Claimant is a 50-year-old man whose bir th date is Claimant is 5'10" tall and weighs 155 pounds. Claimant has a high school equivalent education. Clai mant is able to r ead and write and do es have basic math skills.
  - (9) Claimant last worked in 2005 cable installer.

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The State Disability A ssistance (SDA) program which provides financial assistance for disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human Service s (DHS or department) admin isters the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and Mich Admin Code, Rules 400.3151-400.3180. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), th *e* Bridges Eligibilit y Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

Current legislative amendments to the Act delineate eligibility criteria as implemented by department policy set forth in program manual s. 2004 PA 344, Se c. 604, es tablishes the State Disability Assistance program. It reads in part:

Sec. 604 (1). The department sha II operate a state di sability assistance program. Except as provided in subsection (3), persons eligible for this program shall includ e needy citizens of the United States or aliens exempt from the Supplemental Security Income citizenship re quirement who are at least 18 years of age or emanc ipated minors meeting one or more of the following requirements:

(b) A per son with a physical or mental impairment whic h meets federal SSI disab ility standards, exce pt that the minimum duration of the dis ability shall be 90 days. Substance abuse alone is not defined as a basis for eligibility.

Specifically, this Act provides minimal cash assistance to individuals with some type of severe, temporary disability which prevents him or her from engaging in substantial gainful work activity for at least ninety (90) days.

Pursuant to the federal regulations at eligible for disability benefits, the eligib periodically. Before determining that a client is no long er eligible for disability benefits, the agency must establish that there has impairment that is related to the client's ability to work. 20 CFR 416.994(b)(5).

> To assure that disability reviews are carried out in a uniform manner, that a decision of continuing disability can be made in the most expeditious and administratively efficient way, and that a ny decisions to stop disability benefits are made objectively, neutrally, and are fully documented, we will follow specific steps in reviewing the question of whether your disability continues. Our review may cease an d benefits may be continued at any point if we determine there is sufficient evidence to find that you are still unable to engage in substantial gainful activity. 20 CFR 416.994(b)(5).

The first question asks:

 Are you engaging in subst antial gainful activity? If you are (and any applic able t rial work period has been completed), we will find disability to have ended (see paragraph (b)(3)(v) of this section).

Claimant is not disqualified from this step because he has not engaged in substantia I gainful activity at any time relevant to this matter. Furthermore, the evidence on the record fails to establish that Claimant has a severe impairment which meets or equals a listed impairment found at 20 CFR 404, Subpart P, Appendix 1. Therefore, the analysis continues. 20 CF 416.994(b)(5)(ii).

The next step asks the question if there has been medical improvement.

Medical improvement is any decrease in the medical severity of your impairment(s) which was present at the time of the most recent favorable medical decision that you wer e disabled or continued to be di sabled. A determination that there has been a decrease in m edical severity must be based on changes (improvement) in the symptoms, signs and/or laboratory findings associated with your impairment(s). 20 CFR 416.994(b)(1)(i).

If there is a decrease in medical severity as shown by the symptoms, signs and laborator y findings, we then must determine if it is related to your ability to do work. In paragraph (b)(1)(iv) of this section, we explain the relationship between medical severity and limitation on functional capacity to do basic work activities (or residual functional capacity) and how ch anges in medical severity can affect your residual functi onal capacity. In determining whether medical improvement that has occurred is related to your ability to do work, we will assess your residual functional capacity (in accordan ce with paragraph (b)(1)(iv) of this section) based on the current severity of the impairment(s) which was presen t at your last favorable medical decision. 20 CFR 416.994(b)(2)(ii).

The State Hearing Review Team upheld the denial of SDA benefit s on the basis that Claimant retained the capacity to perform light exertional tasks, instead of the basis that Claimant's medical condition has improved and that the improv ement was related to his ability to work. Claimant was approved for SDA benefits by the M edical Review Team on September 13, 2011. Pursu ant to the federal regulations, at medical review, the agency has the burden of not only proving Claimant's medical condition has improved, but that the improvement relate s to the client's ability to do basic work activities. The agency has the burden of establis hing that Claimant is currently capable of doing basic work activities based on objective medical evidence from qualified medical sources. 20 CFR 416.994(b)(5).

In this case, the agency has not met its burden of proof. While the agency y provided some evidence that indicates Claimant's condition improved, the agency failed to s ow how that improvement may be related to his ability to do bas ic work act ivities. The agency provided no objective medical evidence from qualified medical s ources that show Claimant is currently capable of doing basic work activities. Accordingly, the agency's SDA eligibility determination cannot be upheld at this time.

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he above findings of fact and conclusion s of law, decides that t he department erred in propos ing to close Claimant's SDA cas e based upon a finding of improvement at review.

Accordingly, the department's action is **REVERSED**, and this c ase is returned to the local office for benefit continuation as long as all other eligibility criteria are met.

It is SO ORDERED.

/s/

Vicki L. Armstrong Administrative Law Judge for Maura D. Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: January 2, 2013

Date Mailed: January 2, 2013

**NOTICE:** Administrative Hearings may or der a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at t he request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hear ings will not orde r a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
  - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
  - typographical errors, mathematical erro r, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
  - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request

P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

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