

**STATE OF MICHIGAN  
MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM  
ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE  
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES**

IN THE MATTER OF:

[REDACTED]

Reg. No: [REDACTED]  
Issue No: 1022, 2015  
Case No: [REDACTED]  
Hearing Date:  
December 1, 2011  
Monroe County DHS

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:** [REDACTED]

**HEARING DECISION**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon Claimant's request for a hearing received on September 28, 2011. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on December 1, 2011. Claimant appeared and provided testimony.

**ISSUE**

Whether the department properly closed Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits and Medical Assistance (MA) benefits?

**FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Claimant was a recipient of FIP and MA benefits at all times relevant to this hearing.
2. In September 2011, the department received information from the state of Tennessee that Claimant's child was living with the child's father and therefore no longer member of Claimant's FIP and MA group. (Department Exhibit 1)
3. On September 19, 2011, the department mailed Claimant a Notice of Case Action (DHS 1605) advising her that she was no longer eligible for FIP benefits for the reason that no member of her group is an eligible child. The Notice further advised Claimant that she was no longer eligible for the Low Income Families MA benefits for the reason that she is not under 21,

pregnant, or a caretaker of a minor child in her home, and she is not over 65, blind, or disabled. (Department Exhibit 2)

4. On September 28, 2011, Claimant requested a hearing protesting the department's closure of her FIP and MA benefits. (Request for a Hearing)

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

Clients have the right to contest a department decision affective eligibility for benefit levels whenever it is believed that the decision is incorrect. BAM 600. The department will provide an administrative hearing to review the decision and determine the appropriateness of that decision. BAM 600. The regulations governing the hearing and appeal process for applicants and recipients of public assistance in Michigan are found in the Michigan Administrative Code, MAC R 400.901-400.951. An opportunity for a hearing shall be granted to an applicant who requests a hearing because her claim for assistance is denied. MAC R 400.903(1)

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3101-3131. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program was established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The department administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

The Medicaid program is comprised of several sub-programs or categories. One category is FIP recipients. Another category is SSI recipients. There are several other categories for persons not receiving FIP or SSI. However, the eligibility factors for these categories are based on (related to) the eligibility factors in either the FIP or SSI program. Therefore, these categories are referred to as either FIP-related or SSI-related.

To receive Medicaid under an SSI-related category, the person must be aged (65 or older), blind, disabled, entitled to Medicare or formerly blind or disabled. Families with dependent children, caretaker relatives of dependent children, persons under age 21 and pregnant, or recently pregnant women, receive Medicaid under FIP-related categories.

Clients may qualify under more than one Medicaid category. Federal law gives them the right to the most beneficial category. The most beneficial category is the one that results in eligibility or the least amount of excess income. BEM 105.

The State of Michigan has set guidelines for income, which determine if a Medicaid group is eligible. Income eligibility exists for the calendar month tested when there is no excess income, or allowable medical expenses equal or exceed the excess income (under the Deductible Guidelines). BEM 545.

In this case, Claimant acknowledged at the hearing that her daughter is no longer living with her and has been living with her father since September 2011. Claimant further acknowledged that she is not blind, pregnant, a parent or caretaker relative of a dependent child, over 65 years old or under 21 years old. While Claimant did indicate that she is disabled, she testified she did not make this information known to the department prior to the department's closure of her MA benefits. Accordingly, the Administrative Law Judge finds that, based on the material and substantial evidence presented during the hearing, the department acted in accordance with policy in closing Claimant's FIP and MA benefits.

**DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the department acted in accordance with policy in closing Claimant's FIP and MA benefits.

The department's actions are AFFIRMED. It is SO ORDERED.

/s/ \_\_\_\_\_  
Administrative Law Judge  
for Maura D. Corrigan, Director  
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 12/02/11

Date Mailed: 12/02/11

**NOTICE:** Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order.

MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

SDS/sc

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