STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



 Reg. No.:
 2012-78954

 Issue No.:
 3052

 Case No.:
 Image: County in the second second

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Jan Leventer

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on Dec ember 13, 2012, from Detroit, Michigan, before Administrative Law Judge Michael Bennane. The Department was represented by Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

On March 5, 2013, the case was reassigned to Administrative Law Judge J an Leventer for writing a decision and order.

Participants on behalf of Respondent included:

Respondent did not appear at the heari ng and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).

ISSUES

1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of

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Family Independence Program (FIP) State Disability Assistance (SDA) Food Assistance Program (FAP)

Medical Assistance (MA)

benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?

2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?

3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving

Family Independence Program (FIP) State Disability Assistance (SDA)

Food Assistance Program (FAP)
Child Development and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on November 13, 2012 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG 🖂 has 🗌 has not requested that Resp ondent be dis qualified fr om receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FIP K FAP SDA CDC MA benefits during the period of February, 2009, through September, 2011.
- 4. Respondent 🖾 was 🗌 was not aware of the responsibility to use FAP benefits for the purchase of eligible food items only.
- 5. Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit her understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is February 15, 2009-September 12, 2011.
- 8. Respondent was entitled to \$5,531.70 in FIP K FAP SDA CDC MA during this time period.
- 9. Respondent ☐ did ⊠ did not receive an OI in the amount of \$5,531.70 under the ☐ FIP ⊠ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA program.
- 10. The Department \Box has \boxtimes has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.
- 11. This was Respondent's \square first \boxtimes second \square third alleged IPV.
- 12. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and was is was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, *et seq*. The Department (formerly k nown as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

The Food Assistanc e Program (FAP) [form erly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is establis hed by the Food St amp Act of 1977, as amend ed, and is implemented by the federal r egulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independenc e Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance for disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The D epartment of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and 20 00 AACS, Rule 400.3151 through Rule 400.3180.

☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is establis hed by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Soc ial Security Act, the Ch ild Care and Developm ent Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Fede ral Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Depart ment provides servic es to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and 1999 AC, Rule 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

The Medical Ass istance (MA) program is es tablished by the Title XIX of the Soc ial Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independ ence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and MC L 400.105.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

• The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and

- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidenc e that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for t he purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduc tion of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuanc es are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previ ous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance, or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving certain program benefits. A disqualified reci pient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different per iod, or except when the OI rel ates to MA. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of cu rrent or future MA if the c lient is otherwise eligible. BAM 710. Clients are dis qualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, Bridges Administrative M anual (BAM) 700, "Benefit Overi ssuances," defines F AP trafficking as "the buying or selling of FAP benefits for cash or consideration other than elig ible food." Department of Human Service s Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 70 0 (2013), p. 1. In this case the Department did not

present clear and convincing evidence that Respondent bought or sold FAP benefits for cash or consideration other than eligible fo od. The Department's evidenc e consists of compilations of sales figures from photos of the store and shelf contents, an admission by another person, , that she traffi cked in FAP benefits, and Respondent's FAP purchase history by dollar am ount. Dept. Exh. 1, pp. 6-60, 63-66. There is nothing that shows a transaction or transactions by Respondent for non-food items. It is found and determined that it is impossible to infer from the limited evidence that this specific Respondent engaged in the specific act of trafficking.

It is found and determined that the Departm ent fai led to est ablish by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent engaged in FAP benefits trafficking in this case.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

1. Respondent did 🖂 did not commit an IPV.

2. Respondent did 🖂 did not receive an OI of prog ram benefits in the amount of 5,531.70 from the following program(s) \Box FIP \boxtimes FAP \Box SDA \Box CDC \Box MA.

The Department is ORDERED to delete the OI and cease any recoupment action.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$ in accordance with Department policy.

The Department is ORDERED to reduce the OI to for the period in accordance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disgualified from

FIP FAP SDA CDC for a period of 12 months. 24 months. I lifetime.

Jan

Jan Leventer Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: March 20, 2013

Date Mailed: March 20, 2013

NOTICE: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

JL/cl

