STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2012-74171 2001 January 23, 2013 Macomb-20 county DHS				
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt						
HEARING DECISION						
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim—ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 23, 2013, from Lansing, Michigan. Participant s on behalf of Claimant included Participants on behalf of Department of Human Services (Department) included						
<u>ISSUE</u>						
Did the Departm ent properly ⊠ deny Claiman t's application ☐ close Claimant's case for:						
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)? ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)? ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)? ☐	State Disability A	Adult Medical Assistance (AMP)? State Disability Assistance (SDA)? Child Development and Care (CDC)?				
FINDINGS OF FACT						
The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:						
1. Cla imant ⊠ applied for benefits ☐ received benefits for:						
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP). ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP). ☐ Medical Assistance (MA).		ssistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA). ent and Care (CDC).				

- 2. At the time of application, the Claimant was not blind or disabled.
- On August 21, 2012, the Department den benefits as the Claim ant was not blind application for AMP benefits as the pr enrollments.

ied the Claimant's applic ation for MA or disabled; and denied the Claimant's ogram was currently closed to new

- 4. On August 21, 2012, the Department sent the Claim ant a notice of case action indicating the MA and AMP denials.
- 5. On August 30, 2012, the Claimant requested hearing to dispute the denials.
- 6. At the time of applic ation, the Claimant had joint custody of his two children. The Children stayed approximately 15 days a month with the Claimant.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The MA program is established by the Titl e XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 400.105.

The AMP is establis hed by 42 USC 1315 , and is administer ed by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*.

The goal of the Medicaid program is to ensure that essentia I health care s ervices are made available to those who otherwise could not afford them. Medicaid is also known as Medical Assistance (MA). BEM 105 (2012), p. 1.

The Medic aid program is comprised of se veral sub-programs or categories. One category is FIP recipients. A nother category is SSI recipien ts. There are several other categories for persons not receiving FIP or SSI. However, the eligibility factors for these categories are based on (relat ed to) the eligibility factors in eit her the FIP or SSI program. Therefore, these categories are referred to as either FIP-related or SSI related. BEM 105 (2012), p. 1.

To receive MA under an SSI-related category, the person must be aged (65 or older), blind, disabled, entitled to Medicare or formerly blind or disabled. BEM 105 (2012), p. 1.

Families with dependent children, caretake r relatives of depend ent children, persons under age 21 and pregnant, or rec ently pregnant, women receive MA under FIP-related categories. BEM 105 (2012), p. 1.

For all Group 2 FIP-r elated MA and Healthy Kids categories, when a c hild lives with both parents who do not live with each other (for example, child lives with his mother two weeks each month and his father the other two weeks), only one parent, the primary caretaker, is in the fiscal group. You must determine a primary caretaker. BE M 211.

The primary caretaker is the parent who is primarily responsible for the child's day-to-day care and supervision in the home where the child sleeps more than half the days in a month, when averaged over a twelve month period. The twelve month period begins

at the time the determination is being made. Vacations and visitation wit h the absent parent do not interrupt primary caretaker status. BEM 211.

Joint physical custody occurs when parents alternate taking responsibility for the child's day-to-day care and supervision. It may be included in a court order or may be an informal arrangement between parents. A child is considered to be living with only one parent in a joint custody arrangement. This parent is the primary caretaker. BEM 211.

Verification requirements for Group 2 FIP-Related MA and Healthy Kids requires the department to verify the primary caretaker when questioned or disputed. BEM 211.

Although there was t estimony regarding the possibility the children were on a separate case with their mother, there was no ev idence that the Department determined the primary caretaker for the Claimant's family. Because policy requires this when the issue is raised; and there is no evidence that this was done, I have no choice but to reverse the Department in this matter and order the Department to redetermine the Claimant's eligibility for MA benefits beginning with the date of application.

DECISION AND ORDER

I find the Department did not act properly, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record.

Accordingly, the Department's AMP and MA decision is **REVERSED**.

THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

 Initiate a redetermination as to the Cla imant's eligibility for MA and AMP benefits beginning August 16, 2012 and issue retroactive benefits if otherwise eligible and qualified.

/s/

Corey A. Arendt Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: January 24, 2013

Date Mailed: January 24, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order. MAHS will not or der a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration MAY be granted for any of the following reasons:
- · misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, math ematical error, or other obvious errors in the he aring decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings

Re consideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

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