STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MAT	TER OF:					
		Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	201274147 3055 February 7, 2013 Genesee #2			
ADMINISTR	ATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully					
HE	ARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONA	AL PROGRAM V	IOLATION			
and MCL 40 hearing. Aft	s before the undersigned Administrative 0.37 upon the Department of Human ter due notice, a telephone hearing vehigan. The Department was represented (OIG).	Services' (Depar was held <u>on Feb</u>	tment) request for a			
☐ Participa	nts on behalf of Respondent included:					
	ent did not appear at the hearing and 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R					
<u>ISSUES</u>						
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Family Independent Program (FIP), Food Assistance Program (FAP), State Disability Assistance (SDA), Child Development and Care (CDC), benefits the Department is entitled to recoup?					
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?					
3.	Should Respondent be disqualindependence Program (FIP), State Disability Assistance (SDA)	Food Assistance	ce Program (FAP),			

(CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on September 4, 2012, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC benefits during the period of July 13, 2009, through August 29, 2012.
4.	Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibility to accurately report his residency to the Department and notify the Department of any changes of residency.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is July 13, 2009, through August 29, 2012.
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ in ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC benefits from the State of Michigan.
8.	Respondent was entitled to \$\ in \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC during this time period.
9.	Respondent 🗵 did 🗌 did not receive an OI in the amount of \$ the 🗌 FIP 🗵 FAP 🔲 SDA 🔲 CDC program.
10.	The Department \boxtimes has \square has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.
11.	This was Respondent's \boxtimes first \square second \square third IPV.
12.	A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is suspected when there is clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$ or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$ and
 - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance.
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

2. Respondent ⋈ did ☐ did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$ from the following program(s) ☐ FIP ⋈ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC.	1.	Respondent ⊠ did ⊡ did not commit an IPV.
	2.	amount of \$ from the following program(s) FIP FAP SDA

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.

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			D	enartment i	of Humar	Service	20

Date Signed: February 13, 2013

Date Mailed: February 13, 2013

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

KS/tb

CC:

