# STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Reg. No:

201270118

			Issue No: Case No: Hearing Date: Washtenaw Co	3055 October 10, 2012 unty DHS			
ADMII	NISTR	ATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt					
	HE	ARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL	. PROGRAM VIC	DLATION			
This matter is before the undersigned Admini strative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on October 10, 2012, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Inspector General (OIG).							
Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was he ld in Respondent's a bsence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).							
<u>ISSUES</u>							
1.		Did Respondent receive an overissuan Program (FIP)  Food Assistance Program (SDA)  Child Development Department is entitled to recoup?	ogràm (FAP)	State Disa bility			
	2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional	Program Violatio	n (IPV)?			
	3.	Should Respondent be di squalifie Independence Program (FIP), State Dis ability Assistance (SDA), (CDC)?	ood Assistance	Program (FAP),			
FINDINGS OF FACT							
The A	dminist	trative Law Judge based on the com	npetent material	and substantial			

1. The Depar tment's OIG filed a hearing request on August 14, 2012 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.

evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

2.		The OIG $\boxtimes$ has $\square$ has not reques ted that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
	3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \ $
4.		Respondent $\boxtimes$ was $\square$ was not aware of the res $\square$ ponsibility to report all changes within 10 days.
	5.	Respondent had no appar ent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
	6.	The Department's OIG indicates t hat the time period they are considering the fraud period is September 1, 2010 through September 30, 2011.
	7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ ☐ in ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC benefits from the State of Michigan.
	8.	Respondent was entitled to \$0.00 in $\ \ \Box$ FIP $\ \ \Box$ FAP $\ \ \Box$ SDA $\ \ \Box$ CDC during this time period.
	9.	From August 1, 2010 through J une 30, 2011 the Respondent received concurrent FAP benefits from the State of Texas.
10.		Respondent $\boxtimes$ did $\square$ did not receive an OI in the amount of \$ under the $\square$ FIP $\boxtimes$ FAP $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC program.
12.		The Department $\boxtimes$ has $\  \   \Box$ has not establish ed that Respondent committed an IPV.
	13.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third IPV.
	14.	A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and $\boxtimes$ was $\square$ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

#### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The FAP [formerly known as the Food Stamp (F S) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in T itle 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidenc e that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuanc es are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1,000.00 or more, or
- the total overissuanc e amount is less than \$1,000.00, and

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualifi ed for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Concurrent receipt of benefits means ass istance received from multiple programs to cover a person's needs for the same time period. BEM 222, p 1. A per son cannot receive FAP in more than one State for any month. BEM 222, p 2. Generally, a client is responsible for reporting any change in c ircumstances that may affe ct elig ibility o r

benefit level within ten days of the change. BEM 105, p 7. For example, moving from one State to another, or informing the agency t hat benefits are also being c oncurrently received from another State.

Here the OIG provided unequive cal evidence that Respondent received concurrent benefits from both the State of Texas and Michigan.

Based on the credible testimony and other evidence presented, I have conc luded the OIG established, under the cl ear and convincing st andard, that Respondent committed an IPV in this matter as the Res pondent received concurrent benefits from the State of Texas and Michigan.

### **DECISION AND ORDER**

I hav	e conc	luded,	based	upon th	e above	Findings	of Fac	t and	Concl	usions	of	Law:
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1.	Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not commit an IPV.
2.	Respondent $\boxtimes$ did $\square$ did not rec eive an overissuanc e of program benefits in the amount of \$ from the following program(s) $\square$ FIP $\square$ FAP $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC.
	tment is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of accordance with Department policy.
It is FURT I 10 years.	HER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FAP for a period of
	/s/
	Corey A. Arendt Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services
Date Signe	ed: October 11, 2012
Date Maile	d: October 11, 2012

**NOTICE**: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

## 201270118/CAA

## CAA/las

