STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

N THE MATTER OF:	
	Reg. No.: Issue No.:
	Case No.:
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Suzanne	Morris
HEARING	DECISION
<u>ISS</u>	<u>UE</u>
· · ·	fication requirements, did the Department close Claimant's case ☐ reduce Claimant's
Family Independence Program (FIP)? Food Assistance Program (FAP)? Medical Assistance (MA)?	
FINDINGS	OF FACT
The Administrative Law Judge, based upo evidence on the whole record, including test	n the competent, material, and substantial imony of witnesses, finds as material fact:
 Claimant	: □FIP □FAP □MA □SDA □CDC.
 Claimant ⋈ was ☐ was not provided w a Medical Determination Verification Che 	rith a Verification Checklist (DHS-3503) and ocklist (DHS-3503-MRT).
3. Claimant was required to submit requeste	ed verification by
the Department ☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ closed Claimant's case ☐ reduced Claimant's benefits for failure to submit verification in a timely	y manner.

the Department sent notice of the denial of Claimant's application. closure of Claimant's case. reduction of Claimant's benefits.
6. On Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ⊠ denial. ☐ closure. ☐ reduction.
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 chrough Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.
The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.
\boxtimes The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq.</i> , and MCL 400.105.
\square The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program which provides financial assistance for disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 2000 AACS, R 400.3151 through Rule 400.3180.
The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and 1999 AC, R 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

The claimant testified that she submitted a copy of the Verification Checklist (VCL) that had a written statement on it that she had no income, and no home insurance and verification of her property taxes. The claimant testified that she doesn't remember exactly what date she submitted the material, but the department did have the documents she claimed she submitted. The department faxed the information to this Administrative Law Judge to review. The VCL the client submitted has a handwritten

note from the client that states "was in the hospital on with the client's initials by it. This information was submitted to the department on but was returned to the client because it needed additional information for an SER application. It was returned to the department on However, even if this Administrative Law Judge gives the claimant the first date submitted, this is past the due date of this is past the due date. The claimant provided no evidence to show she was "incapacitated", such as a statement from a physician, from August 1 through the due date and was completely incapable of completing and turning in verifications. Further, the claimant admits that she did not turn in any of the required medical verifications that were also required for both the SDA and MA programs.	
Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department ☑ properly ☐ improperly	
☐ closed Claimant's case. ☐ denied Claimant's application. ☐ reduced Claimant's benefits.	
DECISION AND ORDER	
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department ☑ did act properly. ☐ did not act properly.	
Accordingly, the Department's decision is \boxtimes AFFIRMED \square REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.	
/s/	
Suzanne L. Morris Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director	
Administrative Law Judge	

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the receipt date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SLM/jk

CC:

