STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Reg. No: 201267897
Issue No: 1038
Case No: Hearing Date: October 3, 2012
Ingham County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on Oct ober 3, 2012, from Lansing, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included Participants on behalf of Department of Human Services (Department) included

<u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department properly terminat e and sanction the Claimant's F amily Independence Program (FIP) benefits for nonc ompliance with W ork F irst/Jobs, Education and Training (WF/JET) requirements?

FINDINGS OF FACT

I find as material fact, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record:

- As of July 3, 2012, the Claimant was enrolled in WF/JET.
- 2. On July 3, 2012, the Claimant was assigned to participate in WF/JET beginning at 8:00 am. At approximately 10:15 am, Claimant after the Claimant failed to show at the scheduled start time. The Claimant told she had overslept.
- On July 10, 2012, the Departm ent sent the Claimant a notice of noncompliance. T he notice indi cated t he Claimant had failed to participate in a required em ployment and/or self-sufficiency activ ity. The notice indicated a triage was to take place on July 18, 2012.
- 4. On July 18, 2012, the Claimant parti cipated in a phone triage. D uring the triage, the Claimant told she missed her assigned activities

due to a health c ondition. T he Clai mant told she would provide medical documentation to corroborate her good cause reason.

- 5. On July 19, 2012, the Claimant turned into the Department a medical note excusing her attendance from July 9, 2012 through July 23, 2012.
- 6. On July 19, 2012, the Department determined the Claimant did not have good cause to excuse her attendance from WF /JET as the medical not edid not cover the date in which the Claimant had missed.
- 7. On July 19, 2012, the Department sent the Claimant a notice of case action. The notice indic ated the Claimant's F IP benefits were being closed and sanctioned due to her noncompliance with WF/JET.
- 8. On July 26, 2012, the Claimant requested a hearing to dispute the F IP closure.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The F IP was established pursuant to the Personal Res ponsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department administers the F IP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

DHS requires clients to participate in employ ment and self-sufficiency-related activities and to accept employ ment when offered. Our focus is to assist clients in removing barriers so they can participate in activities which lead to self-sufficiency. However, there are consequences for a client who refuses to participate, without good cause.

The goal of the F IP penalty polic y is to obta in client compliance with appropriate wor k and/or self-sufficiency-related assignment s and to ensure t hat barriers to such compliance have been identified and removed. The goal is to bring the client into compliance.

Noncompliance may be an indicator of possi ble disabilities. Consider further exploration of any barriers.

A W ork E ligible Indiv idual (W EI), see BEM 228 , w ho fails, without good cause, to participate in employment or self-sufficiency-related activities, must be penalized.

See <u>BEM 233B</u> for the F ood Assistance Program (F AP) policy when the F IP penalty is closure. F or the Refugee Assis tance Program (RAP) penalty policy, see <u>BEM 233C</u>. BEM 233A, p. 1.

201267897/CAA

As a condition of eligibility, all WEIs and non-WEIs must work or engage in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities. Noncompliance of applicants, recipients, or member adds means failing to appear and participate with the Jobs, Education and Training (JET) Program or other employment service provider.

Good cause is a v alid reas on for noncom pliance with employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities that are based on factors that are beyond the control of the noncompliant person. A cl aim of good cause must be v erified and docu mented for member adds and recipients. Document t he good cause determination in Bridges and the FSSP under the "Participation and Compliance" tab.

The penalty for noncomplianc e without good cause is F IP closure. Effective April 1, 2007, the following minimum penalties apply:

- . For the first occurrence on the 3 calendar months unless the c noncompliance as noted in "F lient is excused from the irst Case Noncompliance e Without Loss of Benefits" below.
- . For the second occur rence on the FIP case, close the FIP for 3 calendar months.
- . For the third and subsequent oc currence on the F IP case, close the FIP for 12 calendar months.
- . The penalty counter also begins April 1, 2007 regardless of the previous number of noncompliance penalties.

JET participants will not be te rminated from a JET program without first scheduling a "triage" meeting with the client to join tly discuss noncomplian ce and good cause. Locally coordinate a process to notify the MW A case manager of triage meetings including scheduling guidelines.

Clients can either attend a m eeting or participate in a c onference call if attendance at the triage meeting is not possi ble. If a client calls to reschedule an already scheduled triage meeting, offer a phone conference at that time. Clients must comply with triage requirement within the negative action period.

When a phone triage is conducted for a first — noncompliance and the client agrees to comply, complete the DHS-754, First Noncompliance Letter, as you would complete in a triage meeting. Note in the client signature box "Client Agreed by Phone". Immediately send a c opy of the DHS-754 to the client and phone the JET case manager if the compliance activity is to attend JET.

Determine good cause based on the best information av ailable during the triage and prior to the negative action date. Good cause may be verified by information already on file with DHS or MWA.

201267897/CAA

If the F IS, JET case manager, or MRS couns elor do not agree as to whether "good cause" exists for a noncompliance, the case must be forwarded to the immediate supervisors of each party involved to reach an agreement.

DHS must be inv olved with all triage a ppointment/phone calls due to program requirements, documentation and tracking.

If the client establishes good cause within the negative action period, do **NOT** impose a penalty. See "<u>Good Cause for Noncompliance</u>" earlier in this item. Send the client back to JET, if applicable, after resolving transportation, CDC, or other factors which may have contributed to the good cause. Do not enter a new referral on ASSIST. Enter the good cause reason on the DHS-71 and on the FSSP under the "Participation and Compliance" tab.

If the client does NOT provide a good cause reason within the negative action period, determine good cause based on the best information available. If no good cause exists, allow the case to close. If good cause is determined to exist, delete the negative action. (BEM 233A, pp. 10-11).

Noncompliance is defined by Department policy as failing or refusing to do a number of activities, such as attending and partici pating with WF/JET, completing the FAST survey, completing job applicat ions, participating in employm ent or self-sufficiency-related activities, providing legitimate doc umentation of work par ticipation, etc. (BEM 233A).

Based on the testimony and the ev idence submitted, I do not find the Claimant had good cause for the noncompliance. Although the Claimant alleged to have been sick during the time period in question, the Claimant was unable eto provide any medical documentation to cover the entire time period in question.

Therefore, based on material, competen t and substantial ev idence, I find the Department properly closed and sanctioned the Claimant's FIP case as the Claimant did not provide a good cause reason as to why she failed to participate in her assigned activities.

DECISION AND ORDER

I find, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, that:

 The Department properly terminated and sanctioned the Claimant's FIP benefits for noncompliance with WF/JET requirements.

Accordingly, the Department's actions are **AFFIRMED**.

Corey A. Arendt
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura D. Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: October 3, 2012

Date Mailed: October 4, 2012

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may or der a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrati ve Hearings will not orde rarehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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