STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 201264833

Issue No.: 2006

Case No.:

Hearing Date: September 19, 2012 County: Wayne DHS (35)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Christian Gardocki

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on September 19, 2012 from Detroit, Michigan. Participants included the above named claimant. Participants on behalf of Department of Human Services (DHS) included Supervisor, and Supervisor, and Supervisor.

<u>ISSUE</u>

The issue is whether DHS properly terminated Claimant's Medical Assistance (MA) eligibility effective 7/2012 due to a failure to submit a Redetermination.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant was an ongoing MA benefit recipient.
- 2. Claimant's MA benefit period was scheduled for redetermination beginning 7/2012.
- 3. On 5/31/12, DHS mailed Claimant a Redetermination.
- Claimant failed to return the Redetermination to DHS.
- On 6/18/12, DHS mailed Claimant a Notice of Case Action informing Claimant of a MA benefit termination to be effective 7/2012, due to a failure to return a Redetermination.

6. On 7/16/12, Claimant requested a hearing to dispute the MA benefit termination.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) and the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM).

DHS must periodically redetermine an individual's eligibility for benefit programs. BAM 210 (5/2012), p. 1. The redetermination process includes thorough review of all eligibility factors. *Id.* A complete redetermination is required at least every 12 months. *Id.*

The redetermination process begins with DHS mailing a redetermination packet in the month prior to the end of the benefit period. *Id.*, p. 5. The packet consists of forms and requests for verification that are necessary for DHS to process the redetermination. The forms needed for redetermination may vary, though a Redetermination (DHS-1010) is an acceptable review form for all programs. For MA benefit eligibility, verifications and the Redetermination are due the date the packet is due. *Id.*, p. 11. For MA benefits, the benefits stop at the end of the benefit period unless a redetermination is completed and a new benefit period is certified. *Id.*, p. 2.

In the present case, it was not disputed that Claimant failed to return the Redetermination to DHS. Claimant did not deny receiving the Redetermination. Claimant testified that he was out of the state for a couple weeks and his son failed to inform him that the Redetermination had arrived. Claimant's excuse does not negate the basis for closure. DHS met their procedural requirements for redetermining Claimant's MA benefit eligibility and Claimant did not. It is found that DHS properly terminated Claimant's MA benefit eligibility due to a failure to return a Redetermination. As discussed during the hearing, Claimant may reapply for MA benefits, including retroactive MA benefits for any prior months, if there is a need for ongoing MA benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that DHS properly terminated Claimant's MA benefit eligibility due to a failure to return a Redetermination. The actions taken by DHS are AFFIRMED.

Christian Gardocki
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: September 24, 2012

Date Mailed: September 24, 2012

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome
 of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CG/hw

cc: