STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

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	ATTER OF: pellant/	Docket No. 2012-59880 ED Case No.	W
	DECISION AN	<u>D ORDER</u>	
	r is before the undersigned Adminis appellant's request for a hearing.	trative Law Judge pursuant to	MCL 400.9
After due n	notice, a hearing was held on appeared and testified on h	er own behalf.	Appellant
appeared a	LBSW, Waiver Servic es Ma and testified on behalf of the Depart	nager, Region II Area Agency ment's Waiver Agency.	on Aging,
<u>ISSUE</u>			
Did mea	the Waiver Agency properly terminat	e the Appelant's home delivere	ed
FINDINGS	OF FACT		
	nistrative Law Judge, based upon the on the whole record, finds as materia	-	estantial
	Appellant is a enrolled in the MI Choice Waiver pro	Medicaid benef ogram. (Exhibits A, B and test	•
	Appellant was receiving Community meals. (Exhibits A, B and testimony	O 11 \ , ,	me delivered
<i>/</i> r	the Waiver Agenthome delivered meals would be term Appellant had CLS hours that includ meals was a duplication of services. terminated due to a 12 week limitation.	e meal preparation and the hor The notice advised that cou	because me delivered nseling was

4. On MAHS received the Appellant's request for an Administrative Hearing regarding the termination of her home delivered meals. (Exhibit 1).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program isestablished pursuant to TitleXIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the C ode of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

This Appellant is claiming services through the Department's Home and Community Based Services for Elderly and Disabled (HCBS/ED). The waiver is called MIChoice in Michigan. The program is funded through the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (formerly HCFA) to the Michigan Department of Community Health (Department). Regional agencies function as the Department's administrative agency.

Waivers are intended to provide the flexibility needed to enable States to try new or different approaches to the efficient and cost-effective delivery of health care services, or to adapt their programs to the special needs of particular areas or groups of recipients. Waivers allow exceptions to State plan requirements and permit a Stat e to implement innovative programs or activities on a ti me-limited basis, and subject to specific safeguards for the protection of recipients and the program. Detailed rules for waivers are set forth in subpart B of part 431, subpart A of part 440 and subpart G of part 441 of this chapter. 42 CFR 430.25(b)

A waiver under section 1915(c) of the [Social Security] Act allows a State to include as "medical assistance" under its plan, home and community based services furnished to recipients who would otherwise need inpatient care that is furnished in a hospital, SNF [Skilled Nursing Facility], ICF [Intermediate Care Facility], or ICF/MR [Intermediate Care Facility/Mentally Retarded], and isreimbursable under the State Plan. 42 CFR 430.25(c)(2)

Home and community based services means services not otherwise furnished under the State's Medicaid plan, that are furnished under a waiver granted under the provisions of part 441, subpart G of this subchapter. 42 CFR 440.180(a).

Home or community-based serv ices may include the following services, as they are defined by the agency and approved by CMS:

- Case management services.
- Homemaker services.
- Home health aide services.

- Personal care services.
- Adult day health services
- Habilitation services.
- Respite care services.
- Day treatment or other parti al hospitalization services, psychosocial rehabilitation services and clinic services (whether or not furnished in a facility) for individuals with chronic mental illness, subject to the conditions specified in paragraph (d) of this section.

Other services requested by the agency and approved by CMS as cost effective and necessary to avoid institutionalization. 42 CFR 440.180(b).

The Medicaid Provider Manual, MI Choice Waiver, October 1, 2012, provides in part:

SECTION 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

MI Choice is a waiver program oper ated by the Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) to deliver home and community-based services to elderly persons and persons with physical disabilities who meet the Michigan nursing facility level of carecriteria that supports required long-term care (as opposed to rehabilitative or limited term stay) provided in a nursing facility. The waiver is approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Service (CMS) under section 1915(c) of the Social Security Act. MDCH carries out its waiver obligations though a network of enrolled providers that operate as organized health care delivery systems (OHCDS). These entities are commonly referred to as waiveragencies. MDCH and its waiver agencies must abide by the terms and conditions set forth in the waiver.

MI Choice services are available toqualified participants throughout the state and all provisions of the program are available to each qualified participant unless otherwise noted in this policy and approved by CMS. [p. 1].

* * *

4.1 COVERED WAIVER SERVICES

In addition to regular State Plan cove rage, MI Choice participants may receive services outlined in the following subsections.

* * *

4.1.I. COMMUNITY LIVING SUPPORTS

Community Living Supports (CLS) se rvices facilitate a participant's independence and promote reasonable participation in the community.

Services can be provided in the parti cipant's residence or in a community setting to meet support and service needs.

CLS may include assisting, reminding, cueng, observing, guiding, or training with meal preparation, laundry, household care and maintenance, shopping for food and other necessities, and activities of daily living such as bathing, eating, dressing, or personal hygiene. It may provide assistance with such activities as money management, nonmedi cal care (not requiring nurse or physician intervention), social parti cipation, relationship maintenance and building community connections to r educe personal isolation, non-medical transportation from the participant's residence to community activities, participation in regular community activities incidental to meeting the participant's community living preferences, attendance at medical appointments, and acquiring or procuring goods and services necessary for home and community living.

CLS staff may provide other assistance neessary to preserve the health and safety of the participant so they may reside and be supported in the most integrated and independent community setting.

CLS services cannot be authorized in dicumstances where there would be a duplication of services available el sewhere or under the State Plan. CLS services cannot be authorized in lieu o f, as a duplication of, or as a supplement to similar authorized waiver services. The distinction must be apparent by unique hours and units in the individual plan of services. Tasks that address personal care needs differ in scope, nature, supervision arrangements or provider type (including povider training and qualifications) from personal care service in the St ate Plan. The differences between the waiver coverage and the State Plan are that the provider qualifications and training requirements are more stringent for CLS tasks as provided under the waiver than the requirements for these types of services under the State Plan.

When transportation incidental to the provision of CLS is included, it must not also be authorized as a separate waiver service. Transportation to medical appointments is covered by Medicaid through the State Plan.

Community Living Supports do not include the cost associated with room and board. [pp. 12-13].

* * *

4.1.L. HOME DELIVERED MEALS

Home Delivered Meals (HDM) is the provision of one to two nutritionally sound meals per day to a participant who is unable to care for their own nutritional needs. The unit of service is meal delivered to the participant's

home or to the participant's selected c ongregate meal site that provides a minimum of one-third of the current recommended dietary allowance (RDA) for the age group as established by the Food and Nutritional Board of the National Research Counsel of the National Academy of Sciences. Allowances shall be made in HDMs for specialized or therapeutic diets as indicated in the participant's plan of service. A Home Delivered Meal cannot constitute a full nutritional regimen. [p. 14].

The issue appealed in this case is whether the Waiver Agency properly terminated the Appellant's home delivered m eals. Appellant appealed the termination of her home delivered meals.

The Waiver Agency's witness reviewing their cases for possible duplication of services. Stated Appellant was receiving 48 CLS hours over a seven day periodof time. Stated according to the definition of CLS services, the Appellant's caregiver should be preparing meals for the Appellant and there was sufficient time authorized for the caregiver to prepare her meals. Accordingly, the home delivered meals the Appellant was receiving was a duplication of services.

referenced Exhibit E, Attachment H to the waiver's agen cy's contract with the Department to provide MI Choice Waiver services. (Attachment H is consistent with the policy contained in the Medicaid Provider Manual). stated the waiver agency could not authorize both the CLS hours and the homedelivered meals as this constituted a duplication of services.

The Appellant stated she has continued to receive her home delivered meals pending the appeal. Appellant stated she receives 1 meal per day 5 days per week. Appellant stated she doesn't understand how she is supposed to get food from t he food bank, and she doesn't know if the food bank would have the foods she needs for her low salt diet.

Appellant further stated her helpers don't have enough time to prepare meals and put them in the refrigerator for her. The helpers comethree times per day for about 7 hours per day. In the morning the worker washes her up, dreses her, gets her out of bed, takes her to the kitchen, makes her breakfast, and then allows hertime to eat breakfast. The worker helps her brush her teeth, helps her put water in the coffee pot to make coffee, and does some laundry. The next worker comes and helps hergo to the bathroom, and has to use the lift to get her up. The worker will wash dishesand make her lunch. The other worker comes at night to help her get ready for bed and may take her to the bathroom. This worker may also fix her a snack. Appellant stated the helpers are pretty busy the entire time.

The Waiver Agency provided sufficient evidence that its termination of the Appellant's home delivered meals was proper. A review of Attachment H and the corresponding policy contained in the Medicaid Provider Manual doesndicate that CLS hoursare to be used for such services as assisting the beneficiary with meal preparation. Appellant's own testimony demonstrated that t he workers were preparing her breakfasts, lunches and sometimes snacks. Appellant was only getting 5 home delivered meals per week.

Obviously, someone was preparing the remainder of her meals. Despite the Appellant's assertions to the contrary, established by a preponderance of the evidence that there was adequate time authorized for the Appellant's caregivers to prepare her meals, therefore, the home delivered meals constitute a duplication of services.

The policy in the Medicaid Provider Manual does not allow a duplication of services. The policy clearly provides that CLS hours cannotbe authorized in circumstances where there would be a duplication of services. The converse would be true, that home delivered meals could not be authorized where there are adequate CLS hours authorized to allow the caregiver to prepare meals for the beneficiary. Since the evidence shows there were adequate CLS hours authorized for food preparation, the waiver agency acted properly in terminating the Appellant's home delivered meals.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above indings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Waiver Agency properly terminated the Appellant's home delivered meals.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

William D. Bond
Administrative Law Judge
for James K. Haveman, Director

Michigan Department of Community Health

William D Bond

cc:

Date Mailed:

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Deision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing

Benedict, Kathleen Docket No. 2012-59880 EDW Hearing Decision & Order

System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision