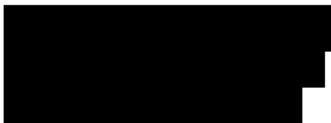


STATE OF MICHIGAN  
MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM  
ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE  
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

**IN THE MATTER OF:**



Reg. No: 201259535  
Issue No: 3055  
Case No: [REDACTED]  
Hearing Date: August 15, 2012  
Jackson County DHS

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:** Christopher S. Saunders

**HEARING DECISION**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Department of Human Services (department) request for a disqualification hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on August 15, 2012, at which Respondent did not appear. This matter having been initiated by the department and due notice having been provided to Respondent, the hearing was held in Respondent's absence in accordance with Bridges Administrative Manual, Item 725.

**ISSUE**

Whether Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) of the Food Assistance Program (FAP)?

**FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the clear and convincing evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The department's Office of Inspector General (OIG) filed a hearing request to establish an overissuance of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV); the OIG also requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
2. Respondent completed an application for public assistance on February 28, 2011 (DHS 1171), acknowledging her responsibility to report any changes in his income, resources, or living arrangements to the department within ten days of the change. (Department Exhibits 6-23).
3. From March 23, 2011 through November 14, 2011, the Respondent used his EBT card to make purchases exclusively outside the state of Michigan. The Respondent made all of his purchases in the states of Georgia,

Florida, South Carolina, Tennessee, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, and Alabama. (Department Exhibits 24-25).

4. The Respondent was also allotted a total of \$ [REDACTED] for the months of December 2011 and January 2012, the total of which remains on the claimant's EBT card. (Department exhibit 28).
5. The Respondent did not inform the department that he had left the state of Michigan for a period of greater than 30 consecutive days.
6. As a result of the Respondent's failure to report that he had left the state of Michigan, he received an overissuance of FAP benefits for the period of May 1, 2011 through November 30, 2011 in the amount of \$ [REDACTED] (Department Exhibits 26-29).
7. Respondent also received an overissuance of FAP benefits in the amount of \$ [REDACTED] for the period of December 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012. (Department Exhibit 28).
8. Respondent was clearly instructed and fully aware of the responsibility to report true and accurate information to the department.
9. Respondent has no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill the income reporting responsibilities.
10. Respondent had not committed any previous intentional program violations.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) (formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program) is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

In this case, the department has requested a disqualification hearing to establish an overissuance of benefits as a result of an IPV and the department has asked that the respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits. The department's manuals provide the following relevant policy statements and instructions for department caseworkers.

When a customer client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. BAM 700. A suspected intentional program violation means an overissuance where:

- the client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- the client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- the client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

The department suspects an intentional program violation when the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing, or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. There must be clear and convincing evidence that the client acted intentionally for this purpose. BAM 720.

The department's Office of Inspector General processes intentional program hearings for overissuances referred to them for investigation. The Office of Inspector General represents the department during the hearing process. The Office of Inspector General requests intentional program hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
  - the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
  - the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
    - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
    - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
    - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance,
    - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an intentional program violation disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients that commit an intentional program violation are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV,

lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720. This is the respondent's first intentional program violation.

In this case, Respondent failed to notify the department that he had left the state of Michigan. Because the Respondent would no longer have been eligible for FAP benefits in the state of Michigan as a result of no longer being a resident, the Respondent did receive an overissuance of FAP benefits. As a result of his failure to report the change in his residency, the Respondent committed an intentional program violation of the FAP program. At the hearing, the OIG agent stated that the Respondent had been issued FAP benefits for the months of December 2011 and January 2012, but that those benefits had not been utilized. Because the Administrative Law Judge has found that the Respondent committed an intentional program violation of the FAP program, the Administrative Law Judge also finds that the Respondent received an overissuance of FAP benefits for the months of December 2011 and January 2012. Therefore, as a result of his intentional program violation, the Respondent received an overissuance of FAP benefits in the amount of \$ [REDACTED] for the period of May 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012. Because this is the Respondent's first IPV, the one year disqualification period for the FAP program is appropriate.

### **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation of the FAP program by failing to notify the department of the his change in his residency.

Therefore, it is HEREBY ORDERED that:

1. The Respondent shall reimburse the department for FAP benefits ineligibly received as a result of his intentional program violation in the amount of \$ [REDACTED]
2. The Respondent is personally ineligible to participate in the FAP program for the period of one year. The disqualification period shall be applied immediately.

/s/\_\_\_\_\_

Christopher S. Saunders  
Administrative Law Judge  
for Maura D. Corrigan, Director  
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: September 7, 2012

Date Mailed: September 7, 2012

201259535/CSS

**NOTICE**: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

CSS/cr

cc:

