STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN	IHE	MAI	IER	OF:

	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2012-43872 3008 May 3, 2012 Wayne (82-18)		
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Robe	rt J. Chavez			
HEARIN	IG DECISION			
This matter is before the undersigned Ad and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's telephone hearing was held on May 3, behalf of Claimant included Human Services (Department) included	request for a hearing.	After due notice, a gan. Participants on		
<u>ISSUE</u>				
Due to a failure to comply with the verification requirements, did the Department properly \square deny Claimant's application \boxtimes close Claimant's case \square reduce Claimant's benefits for:				
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)? ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)? ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?		assistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?		
FINDINGS OF FACT				
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, including testimony of witnesses, finds as material fact:				
 Claimant ☐ applied for ☒ was received 	ring: FIP FAP MA	□SDA □CDC.		
There is no evidence Claimant was sent a verification checklist.				

 3. On May 1, 2012, the Department ☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ closed Claimant's case ☐ reduced Claimant's benefits.
 4. On March 28, 2012, the Department sent notice of the ☐ denial of Claimant's application. ☐ closure of Claimant's case. ☐ reduction of Claimant's benefits.
 On April 5, 2012, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial. ☐ closure. ☐ reduction of Claimant's FAP benefits.
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Persona Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1997 AACS R 400.3101 3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.
∑ The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federa Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1997 AACS F400.3001-3015
☐ The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 400.105.
☐ The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program which provides financial assistance for disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1998-2000 AACS R 400.3151-400.3180.
☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant o 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996

The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and 1997 AACS R 400.5001-5015.

While the Department alleged that Claimant's case was closed because of a failure to submit verifications in response to a verification checklist, the Department failed to submit evidence showing that such a verification checklist ever existed. The verification request was never submitted into evidence or placed into the evidence packet. Therefore, the Administrative Law Judge cannot conclude that such a checklist was sent and must hold that the Department failed to send the checklist and, therefore, improperly closed Claimant's case.

However, even if the Department properly sent the checklist, the Administrative Law Judge would note that Claimant had requested assistance in securing the verifications the Department had requested; per BAM 130, the Department is required to assist in securing these verifications if asked, and the Department admitted that such a request had been made. Therefore, by closing the case before rendering such assistance, the Department did not fulfill its obligations under policy and must be reversed.

Finally, the undersigned is skeptical of the need for verifications in the first place, as a weekly average income could be determined from the pay stubs submitted by Claimant by using the year-to-date figures included on these pay stubs. The Administrative Law Judge does not find credible the testimony that the Department was unable to make an eligibility determination based upon the supplied pay stubs.

Regardless, there is no submitted evidence showing that Claimant was sent a verification checklist and, therefore, the Department erred in closing Claimant's case for failing to comply with a verification checklist.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that the Department properly improperly
DECISION AND ORDER
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department \square did act properly \square did not act properly.
Accordingly, the Department's decision is \square AFFIRMED \boxtimes REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.

THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

- 1. Initiate reprocessing of Claimant's semi-annual contact report, using the information already on file and rendering any assistance as necessary, per policy in BAM 130;
- 2. Reopen Claimant's case retroactive to the date of the negative action and remove all negative actions placed upon Claimant's case as a result of the question addressed above.

Robert J. Chavez
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 7, 2012

Date Mailed: May 7, 2012

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome
 of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

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Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

RJC/pf

