STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHGIAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

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IN TH	E MATTER OF:				
		Docket	No. 2012-42931 PA Case No.	2931 PA	
	Appellant	_/		Case No.	
		DECISION	AND ORD	DER	
		•		Law Judge pursuant s request for a hearir	
	due notice, a hea epresented by	aring wa s held		The Appellant was	pr esent.
ISSU	<u> </u>				
		nent properly deny t per and lower dentu		nt's request for prior	authorization
<u>FINDI</u>	NGS OF FACT				
		w Judge, based on t e record, finds as ma		npetent, material, and	l substantial
1.	The Appellant is	s a Medicaid benefi	ciary.		
2.	On or about request for com		•	nent re ceived a prior ures from the Appe	
3.	•			ntist <u>had bill</u> ed the D	e Department epartment for
4.		icy prohib its a dent		ubmitting a bill for der	ntures which

in a five year period.

5. Department policy prohibits providing coverage for dentures more than one time

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- 6. The Department sent the Appellant a denial Notice
- 7. On the Department received the Appellant's request for a hearing.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medic al Ass istance Program is establis hed purs uant to Tit le XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with states the statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

1.10 PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Medicaid requires prior authoriz ation (PA) to cover certain services before those services are rendered to the beneficiary. The purpose of PA is to review the medical need for certain services.

MDCH Medicaid Provider Manual, Practitioner Section, October 1, 2010, page 4.

The issue in this case is whether the Department properly applied the five-year rule for denture coverage. The MDCH Medicaid Provider Manual, Dental Section, January 1, 2011, pages 17-19 outlines coverage for dentures as follows:

6.6.A. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

* * *

Complete or partial dentures are authorized:

- If there is one or more anterior teeth missing;
- If there are less than eight posterior teeth in occlusion (fixed bridges and dentures are to be considered occluding teeth); or
- Where an existing complete or partial denture cannot be made serviceable thro ugh repair, relining, adjustment, or duplicating (rebasing) procedures.

If a partial denture c an be m ade serviceable, the dentist should provide the needed rest orations to maintain use of the existing partial, extract t eeth, add teeth to an existing partial, and remove hyperplastic tissue.

Before final impressions ar e taken and any construction begun on a complete or partial d enture, healing adequate to support a prosthesis must take place following the completion of extractions or surgical procedures. This includes the posterior ridges of any immediate dentur e. An exception is made for the six anterior teeth (cuspid to cuspid) only when an immediate denture is authorized. Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of in sertion. This includes such services

If a complete or partial denture requires an adjust ment, reline, repair, or duplication wit hin six months of insertion, but the services were not prov ided until after six months of insertion, no additional reimbur sement is allowed for these services.

Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when:

for an immediate upper denture when authorized.

- A previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.
- An adjustment, reline, repai r, or duplication will make them serviceable.
- Replacement of a complete or partial denture that has been lost or broken beyond repair is not a benefit within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.

6.6.B. COMPLETE DENTURES

Only complete dentures with noncharacterized teeth (i.e., without cosmetic enhancements, such as gold denture teeth) and acrylic resin bases are a benef it of Medicaid. To be covered by Medicaid, all of the following procedures must be used to fabricate the dentures:

- Individual positioning of the teeth;
- Waxup of the entire denture body; and
- Conventional laboratory processing.

A preformed denture wit h teeth already mo unted (i.e., teeth already set in acrylic prior to initial impressions) forming a denture module is not a cover ed benefit. Overdentures or Cusil dentures are not a covered benefit.

6.6.C. IMMEDIATE COMPLETE DENTURE

An immediate complete dentur e is a benefit only when the immediate extractions involv e only the anterior teeth, whether maxillary or mandibular. When requesting PA, the dentist must state on the request that the denture will be an immediate denture, which teeth will be extracted at the denture insertion visit, and the reason the immediate denture is needed.

For reasons of dentur e stability and retention, an immediate denture is not a benefit:

- For the posterior segment s of the maxillary or mandibular arch.
- Where cast metal base saddle areas are to be provided.

6.6.D. PARTIAL DENTURE

Partial dentures are a cover ed benefit for all beneficiaries over age 16 with the following limitations:

- A one-piece cast metal partial denture is not a benefit.
- Elaborate appliance items, such as semi-precision or precision attachments, stress breakers, hinge saddle areas, or Kennedy (lingual) blankets are not benefits.

All clasps are included in the fee for the partial denture.

To ensure that eruption of the teeth is c ompleted before a permanent appliance is placed, partial dentures are not a covered benefit for beneficiaries under age 16. To replace a lost anterior tooth on a patient under age 16, PA must be submitted for an interim partial denture.

6.6.E. INTERIM COMPLETE & PARTIAL DENTURES

Interim complete dentures are authorized only in very unusual situations. For benefic iaries under the age of 16, interim partial dentures (someti mes called a "stayplate") to replace anterior teeth are autho rized. The provider must submit justification and ex planation of proposed future treatment with the PA request.

MDCH Medicaid Provider Manual, Dental Section, January 1, 2011, pages 17-19

The Department introduced t he Appellant's Medicaid benefic iary payment history int o evidence showing that a complete upper and par tial lower dentures were billed for less

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than before the instant request was made. The Department records in evidence establish the Appellant's former dentist billed the Department for dentures he reportedly placed Al though the Department analyst testified the Appellant actually received dentures she is basing this only on the fact that a bill was submitted by the Appellant's former dentist. She did not s eek or obtain a cop y of the actual medical record that would have been generated the day the dentures were allegedly placed to corroborate her claim the Appellant actually received dentures in

The Appellant vehemently denies ever havi ng receiv ed the dentures in testified the dentist told him he owed him m oney and he could not pick up the dentures until he paid the dentist.

The Appellant's complaint is actually against his former dentist, not the Department of Community Health. He was provided prior authorization for coverage of the benefits he sought within the coverage period. If he did not receive dentures as he claims at hearing, his remedy cannot be obtained in a Medicaid fair hearing, rather, he must asserts his claim to the Department's program integrity unit. While this ALJ finds the Department has little evidence to support its claim the Appellant actually received the dentures it was billed for, this fact alone does not establish the Appellant was entitled to coverage for the same service within accoverage for dentures more than 1 time in a 5 year time period. This ALJ does not have the authority to change the Department policies, thus cannot order a remedy for this Appellant. He must seek his redress through established Department procedures using the telephone number he was provided at hearing.

DECISION AND ORDER

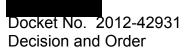
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, must find that the Department was within its rights when it denied the Appellant's request for prior authorization of a complete upper and lower denture.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Jennifer Isiogu
Administrative Law Judge
for Olga Dazzo, Director
Michigan Department of Community Health

cc:



Date Mailed	

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.