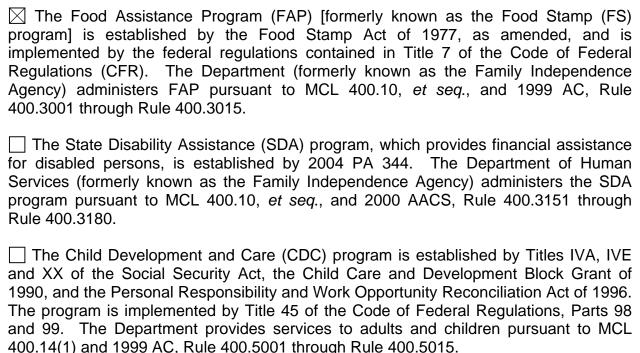
## STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MAT	TER OF:	Reg. No: Issue No.:	201241180 3055	
		Case No: Hearing Date: Ingham County	May 16, 2012 DHS	
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully				
HE	ARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL	PROGRAM VIO	LATION	
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Department of Human Services' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on Wednesday, May 16, 2012, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).				
Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).				
<u>ISSUES</u>				
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuan Program (FIP), ⊠ Food Assistance F Assistance (SDA), ☐ Child Developm the Department is entitled to recoup?	Program (FAP), [	State Disability	
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional	Program Violatio	ı (IPV)?	
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified Independence Program (FIP), State Disability Assistance (SDA), (CDC)?		Program (FAP),	
FINDINGS OF FACT				
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:				

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on Febuary 28, 2012 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.		
2.	The OIG $\boxtimes$ has $\square$ has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.		
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\square$ FIP $\boxtimes$ FAP $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC benefits during the period of August 1, 2010, through February 28, 2011.		
4.	Respondent $\boxtimes$ was $\square$ was not aware of the responsibility to report that he was absent from his address of record, and to report that he had been incarcerated.		
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.		
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is August 1, 2010, through February 28, 2011.		
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued in ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC benefits from the State of Michigan.		
8.	Respondent was entitled to $\hfill \square$ in $\hfill \square$ FIP $\hfill \square$ FAP $\hfill \square$ SDA $\hfill \square$ CDC during this time period.		
9.	Respondent $\boxtimes$ did $\square$ did not receive an OI in the amount of the $\square$ FIP $\boxtimes$ FAP $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC program.		
10.	The Department $\boxtimes$ has $\square$ has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.		
11.	This was Respondent's $\boxtimes$ first $\square$ second $\square$ third IPV.		
12.	A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and $\hfill \square$ was $\boxtimes$ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.		
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW		
•	policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the bility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).		
☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence			

Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.



When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is suspected when there is clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than , and
  - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
  - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
  - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance,
  - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, the Department established that the Claimant was incarcerated in the Ingham County Jail by means of collateral contact with an employee of the Ingham County Jail. The records of this collateral contact were admitted in to the record as a record of regularly conducted activity. MRE 803.

## **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

Pospondont Midd I did not commit an IDV

1. Respondent M and M and not commit an if v.	
2. Respondent  did  did not receive an OI of programum amount of  from the following program(s)  FIF	

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The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.
☑ It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from ☐ FIP ☑ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC for a period of ☑ 12 months. ☐ 24 months. ☐ lifetime.
/s/ Kevin Scully Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services
Date Signed: May 24, 2012
Date Mailed: May 24, 2012
<b>NOTICE</b> : The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.
KS/tb
cc: