STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

P.O. Box 30763, Lansing, MI 48909 (877) 833-0870; Fax: (517) 334-9505

IN THE MATTER OF:

13).

2.

	Cas	е	Dock	No. 2012-39356 HHS	
Appellant.					
DECISION AND ORDER					
		dersigned Admini y., and upon Appe		udge pursuant to MCL 400.9 for a hearing.	
beginning of testified on a testified as v Department	witnesses. of Community I	fro al f. Appellant an A Healt h.	om Michigan V ad Appeals Reviev Adu k er (ASW), fro	At Appellant's request at the Velfare Rights appeared an dependent of the Nervices Provider, also wolfficer, repression sented the Services Supervisor, and the Wayne County DHS-t.	
ISSUE					
	he Department nents?	properly reduce	Appellant's Ho	me Help Services (HHS)	
FINDINGS (OF FACT				
		lge, based upon rd, finds as mater	•	ent, material and substantial	
1.	Appellant is a by a physiciar	year-old Med with cervical my		ary who has been diagnosed mbar myelopathy, buritis, a	

3. On conducted a home v isit with Appellant and Appellant's chore provider. (Exhibit 1, page 12).

mastectomy, chronic pain, and a lum bar disc. Appellant als o reports suffering from keloids, arthritis, and a torn rotator cuff. (Exhibit 1, page

Appellant had been receiving 96 hours and 46 minutes of HHS per month,

4. Based on her assessment and info rmation provided by Appellant and

with a care cost of \$774.00 per month. (Exhibit 1, page 16).

5.

6.

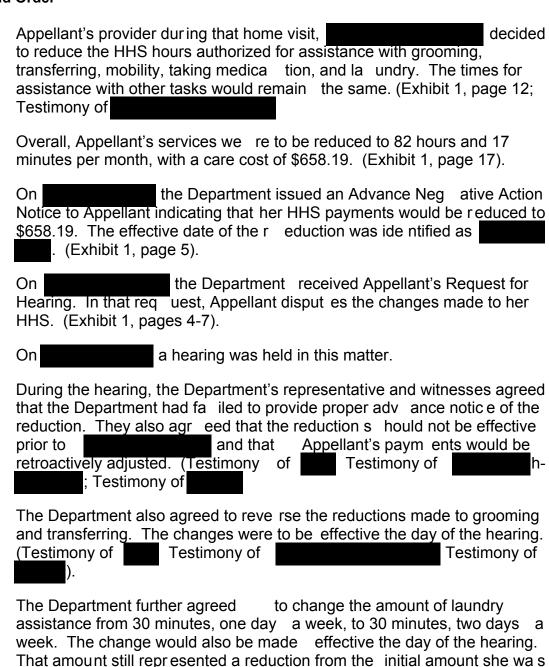
7.

8.

9.

10.

11.



CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Testimony of

The Medic al Ass istance Program is established purs uant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with statestate statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

receiving: 1 hour and 30 minutes, one day a week. (Testimony of

Testimony of

Home Help Services (HHS) are provided to enable functionally limited individuals to live independently and receive car e in the least restrictive, preferred settings. These activities must be certified by a physic ian and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies.

Adult Services Manual 101 (11- 1-2011) (hereinafter "ASM 101") addresses the issue of what services are included in Home Help Services:

Payment Services for Home Help

Home help services are non-specialized personal care service activities provi ded under the independent living services program to persons who meet eligibility requirements.

Home help services are provid ed to enable individuals with functional limitation(s), resulti ng from a medical or physical disability or cognitive impairment to live indepen dently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings.

Home help services are defined as those tasks which the department is paying for through Title XIX (Medicaid) funds. These services are furnished to individuals who are not currently residing in a hospital, nursing facility, licensed foster care home/home for the aged, intermediate care facility (ICF) for persons with developmental disabilities or institution for mental illness.

These activities must be certified by a Medicaid enrolled medical professional and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies. The medical professional does not prescribe or authorize pers onal care services. Needed services are determined by the comprehensive asses sment conducted by the adult services specialist.

Personal care services which are eligible for Title XIX funding are limited to:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating.
- Toileting.
- Bathing.
- Grooming.
- Dressing.
- Transferring.
- Mobility.

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking medication.
- Meal preparation/cleanup.
- Shopping for food and other necessities of daily living.
- Laundry.
- Light Housecleaning.

An individual must be assesse d with at least one activity of daily living (ADL) in order to be eligible to receive home help services.

Note: If the assessm ent determines a need for an ADL at a level 3 or greater but these se rvices are not paid for by the department, the individual would be eligible to receive IADL services.

Example: Ms. Smith is assessed at a level 4 for bathing however she refuses to receive assistance. Ms. Smith would be e ligible to rec eive assistance with IADL 's if the assessment determines a need at a level 3 or greater. [ASM 101, pages 1-2 of 4.]

Regarding the assessment discussed above, Adult Services Manual 120 (11-1-2011) (hereinafter "ASM 120") states:

Functional Assessment

The **Functional Assessment** module of the **ASCAP** comprehensive assessment is the basis for service planning and for the HHS payment.

Conduct a functional assessment to determine the c lient's ability to perform the following activities:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating
- Toileting
- Bathing
- Grooming
- Dressing
- Transferring
- Mobility

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking Medication
- Meal Preparation and Cleanup
- Shopping
- Laundry
- Light Housework

Functional Scale ADL's and IADL 's are assessed according to the following five-point scale:

1. Independent

Performs the activity safely with no human assistance.

2. Verbal Assistance

Performs the activity with verbal assistance such as reminding, guiding or encouraging.

3. Some Human Assistance

Performs the activity with some direct physical assistance and/or assistive technology.

4. Much Human Assistance

Performs the activity with a great deal of human assistance and/or assistive technology.

5. Dependent

Does not perform the activity even with human assistance and/or assistive technology.

HHS payments may only be authorized for needs ass essed at the 3 level or greater.

An individual must be assesse d with at least one activity of daily living in order to be eligible to receive home help services.

Note: If the assessm ent determines a need for an ADL at a level 3 or greater but these se rvices are not paid for by the department, the individual would be eligible to receive IADL services.

Example: Ms. Smith is assessed at a level 4 for bathing however she refuses to receive assistance. Ms. Smith would be e ligible to rec eive assis tance with IADL 's if the assessment determines a need at a level 3 or greater.

See ASM 121, Functional A ssessment Definitions and Ranks for a description of the rank ings for activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living.

* * *

Time and Task

The worker will alloc ate time for each task assessed a rank of 3 or higher, based on interviews with the client and provider, observation of the client's abilities and use of the reasonable time schedule (RTS) as a **guide**. The RTS can be found in ASCAP under the Payment module, Time and Task screen. When hours exceed the RTS, rationale **must** be provided. [ASM 120, pages 2-4 of 6.]

Moreover, ASM 101 also specifically states:

Services not Covered by Home Help Services

Home help services must **not** be approved for the following:

- Supervising, monitoring, reminding, guiding or encouraging (functional assessment rank 2).
- Services provided for the benefit of others.
- Services for which a responsible relative is able and available to provide.
- Services provided by another resource at the same time (for example, hospitalization, MI-Choice Waiver).
- Transportation See Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 825 for medical transportation policy and procedures.
- Money management such as power of attorney or representative payee.

- Home delivered meals.
- Adult or child day care.
- Recreational activities. (For example, accompanying and/or transporting to the movies, sporting events etc.)

Note: The above list is not all inclusive. [ASM 101, pages 3-4 of 4.]

As discuss ed above, the only is sues still in di spute in this matter are the reduction s made to the assistance authoriz ed for taking medication, mobility, and laundry. The specific dis puted activities will be address ed in turn an d, for the reasons discussed below, this Administrative Law Judge finds that the Department's decisions must be affirmed.

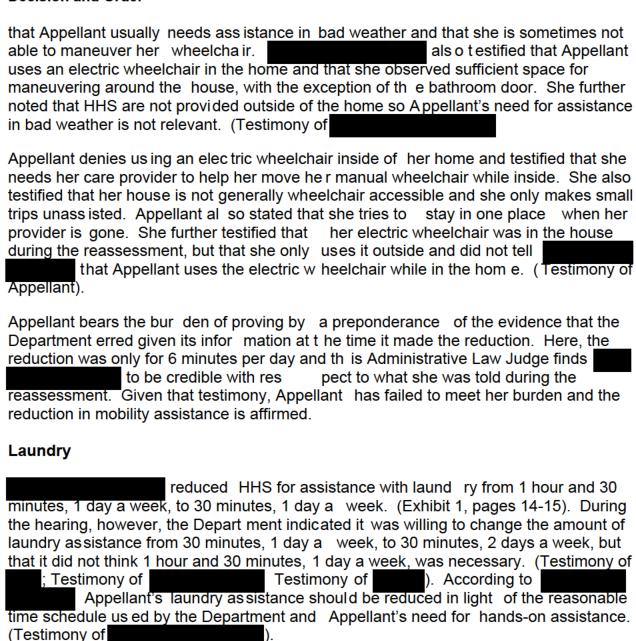
Taking Medication

reduced HHS for assistance with taking medication from 10 minutes a day, 7 days a week, to 4 minutes a day, 7 days a week. (Exhibit 1, pages 14-15). According to she made that reduction after learning that the provider only sets up the medications and adjusting for the reasonable time schedule. (Testimony of her provider needs more time. According to Appellant, her doctor told her not to mix pills and, consequently, her provider must set up her pills from separate bottles. Appellant also needs her provider to give injections periodically and to apply a cream on her feet and legs. However, Appellant also testified that she can physically take her own medication. (Testimony of Appellant).

Appellant bears the bur den of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the Department erred. She fail ed to meet that burden with re spect to the taking of medication. Appellant can undisputedly take her own medications and HHS is only required to assist in the preparation for taking those medications. Moreover, this Administrative Law Judge is limited to reviewing the reduction in light of the information available to the Depart ment at the time it made its decision. Here, Appellant was not using any creams at the time the reduction was made and she did not report her injections during the assessment. Therefore, based on the information available at the time of the decision, the Department's reduction in assistance with for taking medication is sustained as it is reflective of Appellant's need for assistance.

Mobility

reduced HHS for assistance with mobility from 16 minutes a day, 7 days a week, to 10 minutes a day, 7 days a week. (Exh ibit 1, pages 14-15).). According to



As stated in the Functional Assessment Definitions and Ranks of Instrumental Activities of Daily Living, "Laundry" includes "Gaining Access to machines, so rting, manipulating soap cont ainers, reaching into machines , handling wet laundry, operating machine controls, hanging laundry to dry, folding, and storing. Adult Services Manual 121 (11-1-2011) (hereinafter "ASM 121"), page 4 of 4. Gi ven that definition, HHS for assistance with laundry does not include the times when the machines are running unattended and Appellant's HHS should instead be limited to actual physical assistance.

With respect to that assistance, the D epartment utilized its reasonable time schedule and there appears to be no reason to dev iate from that tool. AS Supervisor testified that the Department will increase assistance beyond the reasonable time tool when there are circumstances justifying an increase. For example, bed-boun

incontinent beneficiaries may re quire greater assistance with laundry. (Testimony of b. Here, while Appellant was ranked a "5" for continence by a previous worker, she reported and testified that she has a bedside commode and that her provider will help her to the toilet when necessary. She does not wear diapers and, while she testified that she has accidents sometimes, she did not report any continence problems during the reassessment. The Department's reduction of HHS for assistance with laundry is therefore affirmed as reflective of Appellant's need for physical assistance based on the information available at the time.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that the Department properly reduced Appell ant's HHS payments based on the available information.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Steven Kibit
Administrative Law Judge
for Olga Dazzo, Director
Michigan Department of Community Health

CC:	

Date Mailed: 8/28/2012

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.