STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 2012-38468

Issue No.: 3055

Case No.: Hearing Date:

Hearing Date: May 9, 2012 County: Oakland (63-04)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Jan Leventer

HEARING DECISION FOR CONCURRENT BENEFITS INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, MCL 400.37 and the Department of Human Services' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on May 9, 2012, from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by Participants on behalf of Respondent included: Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5). ISSUES 1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Family Independence Program (FIP) Medical Assistance Program (MA) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup? 2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)? Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving

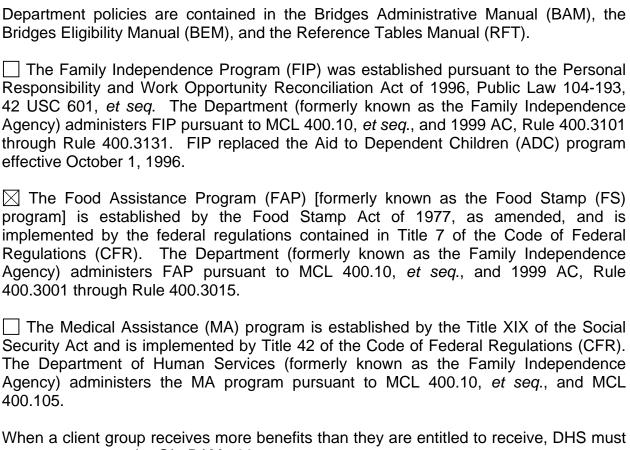
Family Independence Program (FIP) Solution Food Assistance Program (FAP)

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on March 26, 2012, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having received concurrent program benefits and, as such, allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of \boxtimes FAP \square FIP \square MA benefits during the period of January 5, 2010-November 19, 2011.
4.	On the Assistance Application signed by Respondent on December 10, 2009, Respondent reported he intended to stay in Michigan.
5.	Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report changes in residence to the Department.
6.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit his understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
7.	Respondent began using \boxtimes FAP \square FIP \square MA benefits outside of the State of Michigan beginning May 11, 2010.
8.	The OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is May 1, 2010-July 31, 2011.
9.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$3,127 in \boxtimes FAP \square FIP \square MA benefits from the State of Michigan.
10	. During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$N/A in \Box FAP \Box FIP \Box MA benefits from the State of
11	.The Department \square has \boxtimes has not established that Respondent failed to report a change of address and thus committed an IPV.
12	.This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third IPV.
13	. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW



attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is suspected when there is clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

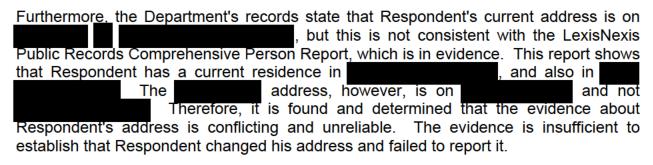
The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuance are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance.
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the overissuance relates to MA. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, the Department failed to submit sufficient evidence to establish that Respondent failed to report a change of address within ten days. The Department submitted FAP expenditure records which establish that Respondent used his FAP benefits in the benefit in the benefits in the benefit in th



For all of these reasons, the Department in this case failed to attain the burden of proof of clear and convincing evidence that IPV or OI occurred in this case.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

1.	Respondent ☐ did ☑ did not commit an IPV.	
2.	Respondent \square did \boxtimes did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$3,127 from the following program(s) \boxtimes FAP \square FIP \square MA.	
\times	The Department is ORDERED to delete the OI and cease any recoupment action.	
\$	The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount or in accordance with Department policy.	
	The Department is ORDERED to reduce the OI to \$ for the period , and tiate recoupment procedures in accordance with Department policy.	
☐ It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be personally disqualified fro participation in the FAP program for years. This disqualification period shall beginnediately as of the date of this Order.		
	Jan Goenly	
	Jan Leventer Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services	
Da	ate Signed: <u>May 15, 2012</u>	
Da	ate Mailed: May 15, 2012	
Or	OTICE : The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she es.	
JL	/pf	
СС		