# STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

### IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 201238316

Issue No.:

1023

Case No.: Hearing Date:

April 17, 2012

County: Washtenaw County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Arendt

## **HEARING DECISION**

# <u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department properly deny Claimant's application for Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits?

# **FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. On January 31, 2012 the Claimant applied for FIP benefits.
- 2. Between January 31, 2012 and February 24, 2012, the Department sent the Claimant a WF/JET orientation appointment notice.
- 3. Between January 31, 2012 and February 24, 2012, the Claimant told the Department she was unable to participate in WF/JET because she had to stay home and care for her incapacitated father whom she was granted legal guardianship.
- 4. On February 24, 2012, the Department denied the Claimant's FIP application.
- 5. On March 6, 2012, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the February 24, 2012 FIP application denial.

# **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The FIP was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, R 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

Federal and state laws require each work eligible individual (WEI) in the FIP and RAPC group to participate in the work participation program or other employment-related activity unless temporarily deferred or engaged in activities that meet participation requirements. These clients must participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities to increase their employability and obtain employment.

As a condition of eligibility, all WEIs and non-WEIs must work or engage in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities.

Good cause is a valid reason for noncompliance with employment and/or selfsufficiency related activities that are based on factors that are beyond the control of the noncompliant person. A claim of good cause must be verified and documented for member adds and recipients.

Good cause includes debilitating illnesses or injuries, or a spouse or child's illness or injury requiring in-home care by the client.

In this case, the Claimant refused to attend the WF/JET orientation because the Claimant insisted she needed to stay home to care for her incapacitated father. Although this may be a good reason, it is not a good cause reason as outlined in the applicable laws and policies.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, I find the Department properly denied the Claimant's application for FIP benefits.

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

I find, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Department properly denied the Claimant's FIP application.

Accordingly, the Department's FIP decision is **AFFIRMED**.

<u>/s/</u>

Corey A. Arendt Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: April 19, 2012
Date Mailed: April 20, 2012

**NOTICE**: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
- · misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

### CAA/cr

CC:

