STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:

2012 37883 3052

May 16, 2012 Saginaw County DHS (00)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Lynn M. Ferris

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Human Servic es' (Department) request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on May 16, 2012 from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by for the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Participants on behalf of Respondent included:

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was he ld in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3187(5).

ISSUES

- Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of
 Family Independence Program (FIP)
 Food Assistance Program (FAP)
 benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving

Family Independence Program (FIP) Food Assistance Program (FAP)

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing r equest on February 17, 2012 to establish an OI of benefits received by Res pondent as a result of Respondent having received concurrent program benefits and, as such, allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG 🖂 has 🗌 has not requested that Resp ondent be dis qualified fr om receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FAP FIP benefits during the period of alleged period of OI.
- 4. On the Assistance Application si gned by Respondent on January 18, 2011, Respondent reported that he intended to stay in Michigan.
- 5. Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report changes in his residence to the Department.
- 6. Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 7. Respondent began us ing 🖂 FAP 🗌 FIP benefit s outside of the State of Michigan beginning in May of 2011.
- 8. The Office of Inspecto r General indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011.
- 9. During the alleged fr aud period, Respondent was issued \$1,200 in 🖂 FAP 🗌 FIP benefits from the State of Michigan.
- 10. The Department in has in has not established that Respondent received benefits at a time in which he no longer resided in Michigan.
- 11. This was Respondent's \boxtimes first \square second \square third IPV.
- 12. A notice of disqualificat ion hearing was mailed to Res pondent at the last known address and \Box was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established purs uant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, *et seq*. The Department (formerly k nown as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

The Food Assistanc e Program (FAP) [for merly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, DHS must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidenc e that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for t he purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduc tion of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuance are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or

- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previ ous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance,
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV di squalifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient r emains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible gr oup members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients that commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualifi ed for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, the OIG agent te stified regarding the Respondent 's intent to commit an Intentional Program Vi olation. Specifically, the OIG te stified that the Respondent was advised of his duty to notify the Department of any change in residence. The Department policy states that in order to be eligible for program benefits a person must be a M ichigan resident. BEM 220. A per son is considered a r esident while liv ing in Michigan for any purpose other than a vacation, ev en if there is no intent to remain in the state permanently or indefinitely. BEM 220 see also BEM 212 (temporary absence)...

The evidence in this case established t hat the Respondent moved to Lousiana in May 2011. This is evidenced by the fact that the Res pondent began using the Michigan benefits in Louis iana on May 13, 2011, and never again used the Michigan benefits in Michigan. (See Ex. 5. pgs. 43-47).

The OIG agent presented credible evidence that the Respondent received \$1,200 in program benefits during the period in which Respondent was not a Michigan resident. (Exhibit 4 pgs 40-42). Based on the foregoing, the evidence established that the Respondent was issued an OI in the amount of \$1,200 and committed an IPV.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

- 1. Respondent \square did \square did not commit an IPV.
- 2. Respondent ⊠ did □ did not receive an OI of prog ram benefits in the amount of \$1,200 from the following program(s) ⊠ FAP □ FIP.

The Department is ORDERED to delete the OI and cease any recoupment action.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$1,200 in accordance with Department policy.

The Department is ORDERED to reduce the OI to \$ for the period , and initiate recoupment procedures in accordance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from

C Lynn M. Ferris Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 22, 2012

Date Mailed: May 22, 2012

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

LMF/hw

CC: