STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

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IN THE MATTER OF:

Docket No. 2012-34205 HHS Case No.

appeared as

and

Appellant

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administ rative Law Judge (ALJ) pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held representative for the Appell ant. was present and testified.

represented the Department. appeared as witnesses for the Department.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly terminate the Appellant's Home Help Services (HHS)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Appellant is a Medicaid beneficiary who has participated in the program.
- 2. The Appellant is diagnosed with High blood pressure, Diabetes Melitis and Anxiety.
- 3. The Appellant is marri ed. She was a former participant in the same program.
- 4. The Appellant and were b ath terminated from the HHS program following a c omprehensive a ssessment completed due to a policy change.

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- 5. At the comprehensive assessment t he worker determined the Appellant's needs had remained the same as the last assessment and were only for Instrumental Activities of Daily Living.
- 6. The ASW was not as ked to add any time to the authorization for Activities of Daily Living at the comprehensive assessment.
- 7. The were present were present
- 8. The ASW sent an Advance Negativ e Action Not ice to the Appellant informing him the HHS services would be terminated effective
- 9. On a second the Michigan Administrative Hearing System received the Appellant's request for hearing.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medic al Ass istance Program is establis hed purs uant to Tit le XIX of t he Soc ial Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with stat e statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Titl e XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Home Help Services (HHS) are provided to enable functionally limited individuals to live independently and receive car e in the least restrictive, preferred settings. These activities must be certified by a physician and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies.

Adult Services Manual (ASM 120, 11-1- 2011), pages 2-5 of 6 addresses the adult services comprehensive assessment:

INTRODUCTION

The DHS-324, Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment is the primary tool for determining need for services. The comprehensive assessment must be completed on **all open independent living services cases** . ASCAP, the automated workload managem ent system, provides the format for the comprehensive asses sment and all information will be entered on the computer program.

Requirements

Requirements for the compr ehensive assessment include, but are not limited to:

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- A comprehensive ass essment will be completed on all new cases.
- A face-to-face contact is required with t he client in his/her place of residence.
- The assessment may also include an interview with the individual who will be providing home help services.
- A new face-to-face assessment is required if there is a request for an increase in services before payment is authorized.
- A face-to-face assessment is required on all transfer-in cases before a payment is authorized.
- The assessment must be updated as often as necessary, but minim ally at the six-month r eview and annual redetermination.
- A releas e of information must be obtained when requesting document ation from confidential sources and/or sharing information from the department record.
 - Use the DHS-26, Aut horization to Releas e Information, when reques ting client information from another agency.
 - Use the DHS-1555, Authorization to Releas e Protected Health Info rmation, if requesting additional medical documentation; see RFF 1555. The form is primarily used for APS cases.
- Follow rules of confident iality when home help cas es have companion APS c ases, see SRM 131 Confidentiality.

Functional Assessment

The **Functional Assessment** module of the **ASCAP** comprehensive assessment is the basis for service planning and for the HHS payment.

Conduct a functional assessment to determine the c lient's ability to perform the following activities:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating.
- Toileting.
- Bathing.
- Grooming.
- Dressing.
- Transferring.

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• Mobility.

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking Medication.
- Meal Preparation and Cleanup.
- Shopping.
- Laundry.
- Light Housework.

Functional Scale

ADLs and IADLs ar e assessed according to the following five-point scale:

1. Independent

Performs the activity safely with no human assistance.

- Verbal Assistance Performs the activity with verbal assistance such as reminding, guiding or encouraging.
- 3. Some Human Assistance Performs the activity with some direct physical assistance and/or assistive technology.
- 4. Much Human Assistance Performs the activity with a great deal of human assistance and/or assistive technology.
- 5. Dependent

Does not perform the ac tivity even with human assistance and/or assistive technology.

HHS payments may only be authorized for needs ass essed at the 3 level or greater.

An individual must be assesse d with at least one activity of daily living in order to be eligible to receive home help services.

Note: If the assessm ent determines a need for an ADL at a level 3 or greater but these se rvices are not paid for by the department, the individual would be eligible to receive IADL services.

Example: Ms. Smith is assessed at a level 4 for bathing however she refuses to rece ive assistance. Ms. Smith

would be eligible to receive as sistance with IADLs if the assessment determined a need at a level 3 or greater.

See ASM 121, Functional A ssessment Definitions and Ranks for a description of the rankings for Activities of Daily Living and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living.

Time and Task

The specialist will allocate time for each task assessed a rank of 3 or higher, based on in terviews with the client and provider, observation of the clie nt's abilities and use of the reasonable time schedule (RT S) as a **guide**. The RT S can be found in ASCAP under the Payment module, Time and Task screen. When hours exc eed the RT S rationale **must** be provided.

An assessment of need, at a ranking of 3 or higher, does not automatically guarantee the maximum allotted time allowed by the reasonable time schedule (RTS). The specialist must assess each task according to the actual time required for its completion.

Example: A client needs assis tance with cutting up food. The specialist would only pay for the time required to c ut the food and not the full amount of time allotted under the RT S for eating.

IADL Maximum Allowable Hours

There are monthly maximum hour limits on all IADLs except medication. The limits are as follows:

- Five hours/month for shopping
- Six hours/month for light housework
- Seven hours/month for laundry
- 25 hours/month for meal preparation

Proration of IADLs

If the client does not require the maximum allowable hours for IADLs, authorize only the amount of time needed for each task. Assessed hour for IADLs (exc ept medications) must be prorated by **one half** in shared living arrangements where other adults reside in the home, as home help services are **only** for the benefit of the client. **Note:** This does not include situations where others live in adjoined apartments/flats or in a separate home on s hared property and there is no shared, common living area.

In shared living arrangements , where it can be **clearly** documented that IADLs for the e ligible client are completed separately from others in the home, hours for IADLs do not need to be prorated.

Example: Client has special dietary needs and meals are prepared s eparately; client is incontinent of bowel and/or bladder and laundry is completed separately ted separately; client 's shopping is completed separately due to special dietary needs and food is purchased from specialty stores; etc.

Responsible Relatives

Activities of daily living may be a pproved when the responsible relative is u **navailable** or **unable** to pr ovide these services.

Note: Unavailable means abs ence from the home f or an extended period due to employment, school or other legitimate reasons. The responsible relative must provide a work or sc hool schedule to ve rify they are unavailable to provide care. **Unable** means the responsible person has disabilities of their own whic h prevent them from providin g care. These disabilities must be documented/verified by a medical professional on the DHS-54A, Medical Needs form.

Do **not** approve shopping, laundry, or light housecleaning, when a responsible relative of the client resides in the home, **unless** they are unavailable or unable to provide these services. Document findings in the general narrative i n ASCAP.

Example: Mrs. Smith is in need of home help services. Her spouse is employed and is out of the home Monday thru Friday from 7a.m. to 7p.m. The specialist would not approve hours for shopping, la undry or house cleaning as Mr. Smith is responsible for these tasks.

Example: Mrs. Jones is in need of home help services. Her spouse's employment takes hi m out of town Monday thru Saturday. The specialist may approve hours for shopping, laundry or house cleaning.

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The ASW completed a home call determined the Appellant is married and resides with his spouse. His needs had not changed from the previous assessment. His needs are for Instrumental Activities of Daily Living only. She went through each of the Activities of Daily Living and asked about each one at the assessment. She was not asked to add time to the authorization for an activity of daily living. She s poke with the Appellant's for the authorization, who translated for her and the Appellant. The ASW thereafter determined the appellant was no longer eligible to participate in the program because he did not have a need for physical assistance with an activity of daily living, rather only the instrumental activities of daily living.

At hearing the Appellant's

testified she does all the things for her

memory, poor hearing, has a pace maker and she must do his shopping, laundry, cleani ng and take him t o doctors. She said they had been in the county for _____.

This ALJ considered the evidence of record. The ASW did complete an adequat e comprehensive assessment prior to terminati ng the participation in the HHS program. She accurately identified the Appellant does not have a need for physical assistance with any of the Activities of Daily Living as defined in policy. His who is als o his provider testified s he cleans, drives him to doctor's appoint ment and does laundry and shopping. These tasks are not covered for any longer unless the participant is also in need of physical assistance with personal care, otherwise k nown as an Activity of Daily Living. She correctly determined the appellant does not meet eligibility criteria any longer.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that the D epartment has properly terminated t he Appellant's Home Help Services program benefits.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Jennifer Isiogu Administrative Law Judge for Olga Dazzo, Director Michigan Department of Community Health

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cc: Date Mailed:

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.