STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 2012-26686

Issue No.: 2006

Case No.:

Hearing Date: May 16, 2012 County: Wayne (15)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Michael J. Bennane

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on May 16, 2012, from Detroit, Mich igan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included claimant. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included

<u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department properly close the claimant's MA?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- On January 1 2012, the Department clos ed the claimant's MA after receiving notice from the Office of Child Suppor t (OCS) that the claimant was not in compliance with its attempts to locate the claimant's child's father.
- 2. On December 17, 2011, the Department sent the clai mant a notice that her MA would close for failure to cooperate with OCS.
- 3. On December 28, 2011, the claimant requested a hear ing protesting the closure of her MA.
- 4. The Department closed the c laimant's MA even though the claimant had requested a hearing before the Department closed the claimant's MA.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly k nown as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 t hrough R 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.
☐ The Food Assistanc e Program (FAP) [form erly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is establis hed by the Food St amp Act of 1977, as amend ed, and is implemented by the federal r egulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independenc e Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 through R 400.3015.
∑ The Medical Ass istance (MA) program is es tablished by the Title XIX of the Soc ial Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independ ence Agency) administers the MA pr ogram pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MC L 400.105.
☐ The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is administered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq</i> .
☐ The State Disabilit y Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance for disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The D epartment of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 2000 AACS, R 400.3 151 through R 400.3180.
☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and Mich Admin Code, R 400.5001 through R 400.5015.

Additionally, a finding of noncooperation can be found against,

DEPARTMENT POLICY

FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP

The custodial parent or alternative caretake r of children must comply with all request s for action or information needed to establis h paternity and/or obtain child support on behalf of c hildren for whom they receive as sistance, unless a claim of good cause for not cooperating has been granted or is pending. (BEM 255, p.1).

There is no qualifying of an alternative caretaker as someone who might reasonably have such information.

However, the department failed to follow BEM 255.

SUPPORT DISQUALIFICATION

FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP

Bridges applies the support disqualification when a begin date of non-cooperation is entered and there is no pendin g or approved good c ause. The disqualification is not imposed if any of the following occur on or before the time ly hearing request date; see BAM 600, Hearings:

OCS records the comply date.

The case closes for another reason.

The non-cooperative client leaves the group.

Support/paternity action is no lo nger a factor in the child 's eligibility (for example, the child leaves the group).

Client cooperates with the requirement to return a ssigned support payments to DHS and the support is certified.

Client requests administrative hearing. (BEM 255, p.9).

Here, the Department did not follow the e above restriction and "not impose the disqualification" after the, "Client requests administrative hearing."

Furthermore, the records shows that the OCS failed to attend the hearing.

This issue has been adjudicated by Michigan's appellate court:

In *Black v Dept of Social Servic es,* 195 Mich App 27 (1992), the Court of Appeals address ed the issue of burden of proof in a non-cooperation finding. Specifically, the court in *Black* ruled that to support a finding of non-cooperation, the agency has the burden of proof to establish that the mother (1) failed to provide the requested verification and that (2) the mother knew the requested information. The *Black* court also emphasized the fact that the mother testified under oath that she had no further information and the agency failed to

offer any evidence that the mother knew m ore than she was disclosing. *Black* at 32-34.

In the instant case:

- 1. The claimant filed for a hearing in a timely manner; which should have caused the Department to remove the support disqualification. (BEM 255, p. 9).
- 2. The claimant testified that she had provided the Department with all the information she had, and ther e was no evidenc e presented to the contrary. (*Black v Dept of Social Ser vices*, 195 Mich App 27 (1992).

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Confile Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department ☐ did act properly when ☐ ☐ did not act properly when it closed the claimant's MA.	nclusions
Accordingly, the Department's \square AMP \square FIP \square FAP \boxtimes MA \square SDA \square CDO \square AFFIRMED \boxtimes REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.	C decision
THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:	DAYS OF

1. Reinstate the claimant's MA bac k to its closure on J anuary 1, 2 012, and replace any lost benefits if applicable.

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: May 29, 2012

Date Mailed: May 29, 2012

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order. MAHS will not or der a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration MAY be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings

Re consideration/Rehearing Request

P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

MJB/cl

